



DocAve® 6 Supplementary Tools

User Guide

Service Pack 4, Cumulative Update 1

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Before You Begin

Refer to the sections for system and farm requirements that must be in place prior to using any of the DocAve supplementary tools.

Configuration

In order to use DocAve tools, the DocAve 6 platform and applicable modules must be installed and configured properly on your farm. Some of the tools described in this guide will not function without the DocAve 6 platform and the applicable modules present on the farm.

For instructions on installing the DocAve Platform, DocAve Manager, and DocAve Agents, see the [DocAve 6 Installation Guide](#).

Submitting Documentation Feedback to AvePoint

AvePoint encourages customers to provide feedback regarding our product documentation. You can access the [Submit Your Feedback](#) form on our website.

AgentToolSP2010ConnectorCreateList & AgentToolSP2013ConnectorCreateList

The AgentToolSP2010ConnectorCreateList tool (used for SharePoint 2010 environment) and the AgentToolSP2013ConnectorCreateList tool (used for SharePoint 2013 environment) are used to create Connector lists in bulk. In addition, these tools can be used to create sites or site collections, which are needed in order to create the lists.

***Note:** If the name of a specified storage folder contains illegal characters that are forbidden by SharePoint, the corresponding list, site, or site collection is not able to be created in SharePoint.

The configuration files for this tool support English, German, French, and Japanese language environments. The corresponding configuration files are stored in three folders under ... \AvePoint\DocAve6\Agent\data\SP2010\Connector\ConnectorCreateListTool or ... \AvePoint\DocAve6\Agent\data\SP2013\Connector\ConnectorCreateListTool in *EN*, *GE*, *FR*, and *JP* folders, respectively. Configure the desired configuration files depending on the language of the environment where your Agent is installed.

Using the tools involves the following steps:

1. [Generating an Encrypted Password.](#)
2. Configuring the .csv file according to your requirements. Only one .csv file is needed to run a command; however, multiple .csv files can be configured to create the site collection, site, etc.
 - [Configuring AgentToolCreateList.csv](#) file to set up a Connector library.
 - [Configuring AgentToolCreateWeb.csv](#) file to set up a site with the specified Net Share path.
 - [Configuring AgentToolCreateSite.csv](#) file to set up a site collection with the specified Net Share path.
3. [Working with Configuration Files.](#)
4. [Running the AgentToolSP2010ConnectorCreateList](#) tool.

Before using this tool, make sure that the BLOB Provider and EBS/RBS settings are properly configured and that the Connector solutions are successfully deployed (only RBS can be enabled in SharePoint 2013.)

Generating an Encrypted Password

Prior to creating any Connector libraries using the tool, the password used to connect to the file system must be encrypted using the **AgentToolSP2013Connector** tool, **AgentToolSP2010Connector** tool, or Windows PowerShell. The encrypted password is entered into the .csv files in order to create the Connector libraries.

To generate an encrypted password using Windows PowerShell, run `Encrypt-Password`. After you enter the password, the corresponding encrypted password will generate (as shown in the screenshot below).

```

Administrator: Windows PowerShell
PS C:\Users\zjyu> Encrypt-Password

cmdlet Encrypt-Password at command pipeline position 1
Supply values for the following parameters:
Password: *****
ConfirmPassword: *****
SD9qC70MhrAlCgb03MiRpmx5xDwY9CbDyZiJQmyo lWc =
PS C:\Users\zjyu>
  
```

Figure 1: Generating an encrypted password using Windows PowerShell.

To generate an encrypted password using the **AgentToolSP2013Connector** or **AgentToolSP2010Connector** tool, refer to the [AgentToolSP2010Connector Tool & AgentToolSP2013Connector Tool](#) section of this user guide for details.

Configuring AgentToolCreateList.csv

Before creating Connector libraries using the **AgentToolSP2010ConnectorCreateList.exe** tool or the **AgentToolSP2013ConnectorCreateList.exe** tool, it is necessary to first configure **AgentToolCreateList.csv**. This file is used to configure Connector libraries (Content Libraries and Media Libraries), and libraries that have been converted to Connector Libraries (Document Libraries, Asset Libraries, Form Libraries, and Picture Libraries).

***Note:** Asset Libraries cannot be converted to Connector Libraries in SharePoint 2013.

To configure **AgentToolCreateList.csv**, complete the following steps:

1. By default, **AgentToolCreateList.csv** is located in the Agent installation path ... \AvePoint\DocAve6\Agent\data\SP2010\Connector\ConnectorCreateListTool for SharePoint 2010 or ... \AvePoint\DocAve6\Agent\data\SP2013\Connector\ConnectorCreateListTool for SharePoint 2013. Navigate to this path and select the corresponding language folder.
2. Double-click **AgentToolCreateList.csv** to open the file.
3. Three example rows are displayed; these are examples used for creating Content Libraries, Media Libraries, Document Libraries, Asset Libraries, Form Libraries, and Picture Libraries. Remove these rows after entering your own information.

	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O
1	Web Url	UNC Path	Relative Url	List Type	List Title	Load Metadata	Load Permission	Keep Name Consistent	Allow Large File	Allow Blocked File	Sync Mode	UserName	password	
2	http://hc\vip\d5\cc\fileshareUrl			0 contentLib		0	0	0	0	0	0	1 domain\ne	Encryption password	
3	http://hc\vip\d5\m\mediaUrl			1 mediaLibr		1	0	0	0	0	0	1 domain\ne	Encryption password	
4	http://hc\vip\d5\di\documentUrl			2 Document		0	0	0	0	0	0	1 domain\ne	Encryption password	
5	http://hc ftp://ip:p\assetUrl			3 AssetLibr		0	0	0	0	0	0	1 domain\ne	Encryption password	
6	http://hc ftp://ip:p\formUrl			4 FormLibra		0	0	0	0	0	0	1 domain\ne	Encryption password	
7	http://hc ftp://ip:p\pictureUrl			5 PictureLib		0	0	0	0	0	0	1 domain\ne	Encryption password	

Figure 2: Example rows in AgentToolCreateList.csv file for English Environment.

4. Refer to the following table for information that needs to be configured in this file.

Option	Description	Value
Storage Type	The storage type of the Connector library created using the AgentToolCreateList tool. *Note: If you set the storage type to FTP in this configuration file, the storage settings are automatically synchronized to the newly created Connector library in SharePoint.	Net Share or FTP
Web Url	The URL of the site where you want to create the library. *Note: The site specified here must be an existing one. If the site does not exist, create it using SharePoint or using this tool. See Configuring AgentToolCreateWeb.csv for more information.	http://ServerIP:Port/Managed Path/XX/XX
UNC Path	The physical storage path that will be connected to the newly-created library.	\\IP\c\$\FolderName
Relative Url	The relative URL of the library you want to create.	TestLibrary
List Type	The type of library you want to create. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 0 represents Content Library.• 1 represents Media Library.• 2 represents Document Library.• 3 represents Asset Library (only for SharePoint 2010).• 4 represents Form Library.• 5 represents Picture Library.	0/1/2/3/4/5
List Title	The title of the library you want to create.	TestLibrary
Load Metadata	Specify whether to load metadata from file system to Connector libraries during the first synchronization. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 0 represents False; does not load the metadata.• 1 represents True; load the metadata.	0/1

Option	Description	Value
Load Permission	<p>Specify whether to load the files'/folders' permissions from the file system to Connector libraries during the first synchronization.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 represents None; does not load permissions. • 1 only loads the root folder's permissions to replace the permissions of the Connector library. All files and sub-folders under the Connector library inherit the new permissions of the parent node. • 2 loads all of the root folders, sub-folders and files' permissions from the file system and the folders' and files' permissions will be the same as their permissions in the file system. 	0/1/2
Keep Name Consistent	<p>Specify whether to keep the filenames in the storage path consistent with those in the Connector library when the filenames are modified due to invalid characters or filename length limitation during the synchronization job.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 represents False; does not keep name consistent between Connector library and storage path. • 1 represents True; keeps name consistent between Connector library and storage path. 	0/1
Allow Blocked File	<p>Specify whether to allow files of blocked types to be connected from the storage device and synchronized between the storage device and SharePoint.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 represents False; does not allow users to upload files of the blocked types. • 1 represents True; allows users to upload files of the blocked types. 	0/1

Option	Description	Value
Allow Large File	<p>Specify whether to allow data that is larger than X MB (X means the current Web application maximum upload size) to be connected from the storage device and synchronized between the storage device and SharePoint.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 represents False; does not allow users to upload files that are larger than X MB to Connector library. • 1 represents True; allows users to upload files that are larger than X MB to Connector library. 	0/1
Sync Mode	<p>Select the Synchronization mode that will be used. There are three synchronization modes to be selected.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 represents sync changes made in SharePoint to the storage path – It is used if files are only being added, modified, or deleted through the SharePoint interface. Only the changes made in SharePoint will be synchronized to the storage path if 1 is configured. • 2 represents sync changes made in SharePoint to the storage path and load new files from the storage path – It is used if files are being added, modified, or deleted through the SharePoint interface, and files are still regularly being added to the storage location. If the value is set as 2, the changes made in SharePoint will be synchronized to the storage path, and the newly added files in the storage path will be synchronized to SharePoint. 	1/2
UserName	The account used to set up the access to the specified file system path.	DomainName\UserName
password	The encrypted password for the specified username.	r/6FHm/ jq1iAwIbaGRRtCstAs6HL

Configuring AgentToolCreateWeb.csv

AgentToolCreateWeb.csv is used to configure site information when creating sites with the specified Net Share path.

***Note:** If any Connector libraries are created while a site is being created using this configuration file, the newly-created Connector libraries inherit the following Connector settings configured on the site level:

- Load Metadata
- Load Permission
- Keep Name Consistent
- Allow Large File
- Allow Blocked File
- Sync Mode

Refer to the steps below to configure **AgentToolCreateWeb.csv**.

1. By default, **AgentToolCreateWeb.csv** is located in the Agent installation path ... \AvePoint\DocAve6\Agent\data\SP2010\Connector\ConnectorCreateListTool for SharePoint 2010 or ... \AvePoint\DocAve6\Agent\data\SP2013\Connector\ConnectorCreateListTool for SharePoint 2013. Navigate to this path and select the corresponding language folder.
2. Double-click **AgentToolCreateWeb.csv** to open the file.
3. By default, there is an example for each option. Remove the example row after entering your own information.

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N
1	Web Url	UNC Path	Relative Url	Web Template	Web Title	Load Metadata	Load Permission	Keep Name Consistent	Allow Large File	Allow Blocked File	Sync Mode	UserName	password	
2	http://hos/	\\ip\d\$\ccwebUrl	sts		webtitle	0	0	0	0	0	1	domain\ne	Encryption password	
3														
4	http://hos/	\\Profile\webUrl	sts		webtitle	0	0	0	0	0	1	domain\cif	Encryption password	

Figure 3: Example rows in AgentToolCreateWeb.csv file for English Environment.

4. Refer to the following table for information that needs to be configured in this file.

Option	Description	Value
SiteCollection Url	<p>The URL of the site collection where you want to create the site.</p> <p>*Note: The site collection specified here must be an existing one. If it does not exist, first create it using SharePoint or using this tool. Refer to Configuring AgentToolCreateSite.csv for more information.</p>	http://ServerIP:Port/Managed Path/XX

Option	Description	Value
UNC Path	The physical storage path that will be connected to the newly-created site.	\\IP\c\$\FolderName
Relative Url	The relative URL of the site being created.	TestSite
Web Template	The template of the site you want to create. *Note: Site template is the name of the site definition. Site template can be STS, MPS, BLOG, SGS, or the name of a custom type of site. Refer to Template Parameter Values for more information.	sts
Web Title	The title of the site you want to create.	TestSite
Load Metadata	Specify whether to load metadata from file system to Connector libraries during the first synchronization. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 represents False; does not load the metadata. 1 represents True; load the metadata. 	0/1
Load Permission	Specify whether to load the files'/folders' permissions from the file system to Connector libraries during the first synchronization. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 represents None; does not load permissions. 1 only loads the root folder's permissions to replace the permissions of the Connector library. All files and sub-folders under the Connector library inherit the new permissions of the parent node. 2 loads all of the root folders, sub-folders and files' permissions from the file system and the folders and files' permissions will be the same as their permissions in the file system. 	0/1/2
Keep Name Consistent	Specify whether to keep the filenames in the storage path consistent with those in the Connector library when the filenames are modified due to invalid characters or filename length limitation during the synchronization job.	0/1

Option	Description	Value
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 represents False; does not keep name consistent between Connector library and storage path. • 1 represents True; keeps name consistent between Connector library and storage path. 	
Allow Blocked File	<p>Specify whether to allow files of blocked types to be connected from the storage device and synchronized between the storage device and SharePoint.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 represents False; does not allow users to upload files of the blocked types. • 1 represents True; allows users to upload files of the blocked types. 	0/1
Allow Large File	<p>Specify whether to allow data that is larger than X MB (X means the current Web application maximum upload size) to be connected from the storage device and synchronized between the storage device and SharePoint.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 represents False; does not allow user to upload files that are larger than X MB to Connector library. • 1 represents True; allows users to upload files that are larger than X MB to Connector library. 	0/1
Sync Mode	<p>Select the Synchronization mode that will be used. There are three synchronization modes to be selected.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 represents sync changes made in SharePoint to the storage path – It is used if files are only being added, modified, or deleted through the SharePoint interface. Only the changes made in SharePoint will be synchronized to the storage path if 1 is configured. • 2 represents sync changes made in SharePoint to the storage path and load new files from the storage path – It is used if files are being added, modified, or 	1/2

Option	Description	Value
	deleted through the SharePoint interface, and files are still regularly being added to the storage location. If the value is set as 2 , the changes made in SharePoint will be synchronized to the storage path, and the newly added files in the storage path will be synchronized to SharePoint.	
UserName	The account used to set up the access to the specified file system path.	DomainName\UserName
password	The encrypted password for the specified username.	r/6FHm/ jq1iAwIbaGRRTcstAs6HL

Configuring AgentToolCreateSite.csv

AgentToolCreateSite.csv is used to configure site collection information when creating site collections with the specified Net Share path.

***Note:** If any Connector libraries are created while a site is being created using this configuration file, the newly-created Connector libraries inherit the following Connector settings configured on the site level:

- Load Metadata
- Load Permission
- Keep Name Consistent
- Allow Large File
- Allow Blocked File
- Sync Mode

Refer to the steps below to configure **AgentToolCreateSite.csv**.

1. By default, **AgentToolCreateSite.csv** is located in the Agent installation path ... \AvePoint\DocAve6\Agent\data\SP2010\Connector\ConnectorCreateListTool for SharePoint 2010 or ... \AvePoint\DocAve6\Agent\data\SP2013\Connector\ConnectorCreateListTool for SharePoint 2013. Navigate to this path and select the corresponding language folder.
2. Double-click **AgentToolCreateSite.csv** to open the file.

- By default, there is an example for each option. Remove the example row after entering your own information.

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O
1	WebApp Url	UNC Path	Relative Url	Web Template	Site Title	Load Metadata	Load Permission	Keep Name Consistent	Allow Large File	Allow Blocked File	Sync Mode	SiteAdmin	UserName	password	
2	http://hostn2\\ip\d\$\d/sites/sites1	sts			site1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	domain\site	domain\net	Encryption password
3															
4	http://hostn2\\Profile f sites/sites1	sts			site1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	domain\site	domain\cif	Encryption password

Figure 4: Example rows in AgentToolCreateSite.csv file for English Environment.

- Refer to the following table for the information that needs to be configured in this file.

Option	Description	Value
WebApp Url	The URL of the web application where you want to create the site collection. If you want to create a My Site, enter the URL of My Site Host location. *Note: The web application specified here must be an existing one. If it does not exist, you must first create it using SharePoint.	http://ServerIP:Port/
UNC Path	The physical storage path that will be connected to the newly-created site collection.	\\IP\c\$\FolderName
Relative Url	The relative URL of the site collection you want to create. *Note: The managed path must be added in front of the relative URL of the site collection.	Managed Path/TestSiteCollection
Web Template	The template of the top-level site of the site collection you want to create. *Note: Site template is the name of the site definition. Site template can be STS, MPS, BLOG, SGS, or the name of a custom type of site. Refer to Template Parameter Values for more information.	sts
Site Title	The title of the site collection.	TestSiteCollection
Load Metadata	Specify whether to load metadata from file system to Connector libraries during the first synchronization. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 represents False; does not load the metadata. 1 represents True; load the metadata. 	0/1
Load Permission	Specify whether to load the files'/folders' permissions from the file system to Connector libraries during the first synchronization.	0/1/2

Option	Description	Value
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 represents None; does not load permissions. • 1 only loads the root folder's permissions to replace the permissions of the Connector library. All files and sub-folders under the Connector library inherit the new permissions of the parent node. • 2 loads all of the root folders, sub-folders and files' permissions from the file system and the folders and files' permissions will be the same as their permissions in the file system. 	
Keep Name Consistent	<p>Specify whether to keep the filenames in the storage path consistent with those in the Connector library when the filenames are modified due to invalid characters or filename length limitation during the synchronization job.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 represents False; does not keep name consistent between Connector library and storage path. • 1 represents True; keeps name consistent between Connector library and storage path. 	0/1
Allow Blocked File	<p>Specify whether to allow files of blocked types to be connected from the storage device and synchronized between the storage device and SharePoint.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 represents False; does not allow users to upload files of the blocked types. • 1 represents True; allows users to upload files of the blocked types. 	0/1

Option	Description	Value
Allow Large File	<p>Specify whether to allow data that is larger than X MB (X means the current Web application maximum upload size) to be connected from the storage device and synchronized between the storage device and SharePoint.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 represents False; does not allow user to upload files that are larger than X MB to Connector library. • 1 represents True; allows users to upload files that are larger than X MB to Connector library. 	0/1
Sync Mode	<p>Select the Synchronization mode that will be used. There are three synchronization modes to be selected.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 represents sync changes made in SharePoint to the storage path – It is used if files are only being added, modified, or deleted through the SharePoint interface. Only the changes made in SharePoint will be synchronized to the storage path if 1 is configured. • 2 represents sync changes made in SharePoint to the storage path and load new files from the storage path – It is used if files are being added, modified, or deleted through the SharePoint interface, and files are still regularly being added to the storage location. If the value is set as 2, the changes made in SharePoint will be synchronized to the storage path, and the newly added files in the storage path will be synchronized to SharePoint. 	1/2
SiteAdmin	The account used to create and manage the site collection.	DomainName\UserName
UserName	The account used to set up the access to the specified file system path.	DomainName\UserName
password	The encrypted password for the specified username.	r/6FHm/jq1iAwlbaGRRTcs tAs6HL

Working with Configuration Files

When creating site collections or sites using the `AgentToolSP2010ConnectorCreateList` tool (for SharePoint 2010) or the `AgentToolSP2013ConnectorCreateList` tool (for SharePoint 2013), the file system path must be provided in the corresponding .csv files. If there are sub-folders under the specified file system path, by default, the sub-folders are created as Content Libraries in SharePoint. However, the sub-folder can also be converted to other types of libraries or sites by editing the two configuration files, **AgentToolConnectorList.config** and **AgentToolConnectorWeb.config**.

The two configuration files, **AgentToolConnectorList.config** and **AgentToolConnectorWeb.config**, are located in ... \AvePoint\DocAve6\Agent\data\SP2010\Connector\ConnectorCreateListTool or ... \AvePoint\DocAve6\Agent\data\SP2013\Connector\ConnectorCreateListTool. To edit these files, see the appropriate section below.

AgentToolConnectorList.config

To create a sub-folder to use as a Connector library (Content Library/Media Library), Document Library, Asset Library, Form Library, or Picture Library, modify the **AgentToolConnectorList.config** file as described below.

1. By default, **AgentToolConnectorList.config** is located in the Agent installation path ... \AvePoint\DocAve6\Agent\data\SP2010\Connector\ConnectorCreateListTool or ... \AvePoint\DocAve6\Agent\data\SP2013\Connector\ConnectorCreateListTool. Navigate to the corresponding path according to your SharePoint versions.
2. Right-click **AgentToolConnectorList.config** and choose to open the file with Notepad.

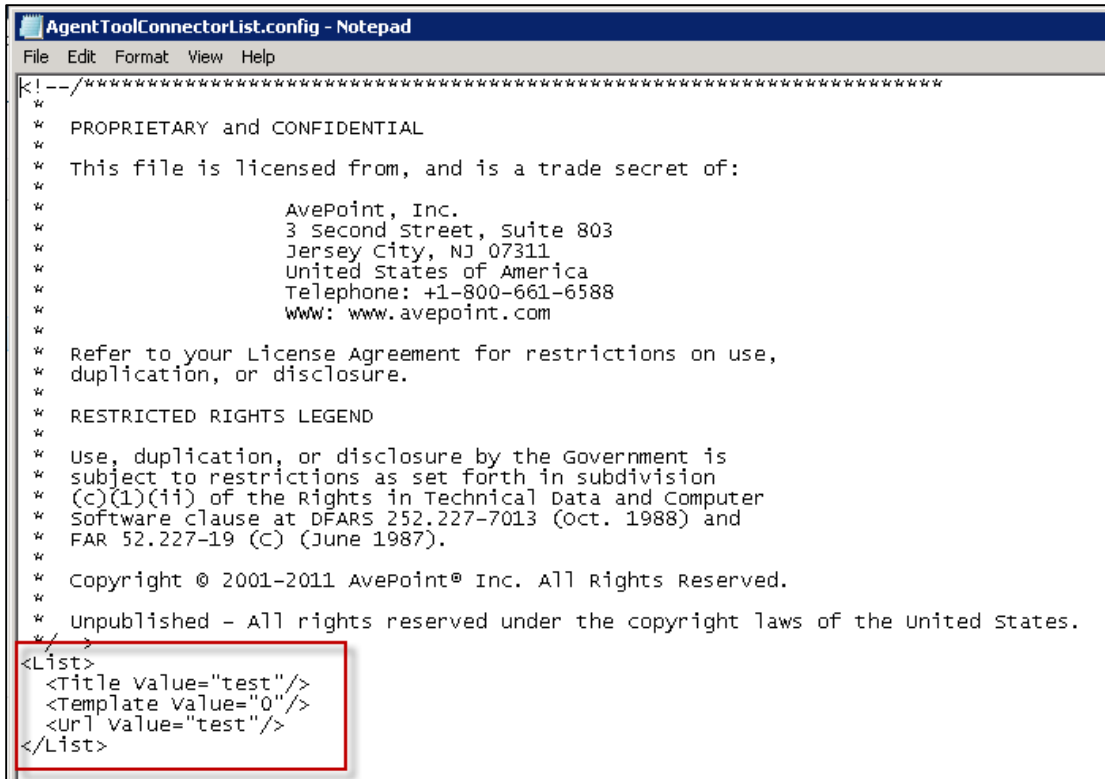


Figure 5: Values to modify in AgentToolConnectorList.config file.

3. In the `<List>` node, modify the *Title Value*, *Template Value*, and *Url Value* according to your requirements.

Property	Description	Value
Title Value	The name of the library you want to create.	test
Template Value	The template of the library you want to create. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 represents Content Library. • 1 represents Media Library. • 2 represents Document Library. • 3 represents Asset Library (only for SharePoint 2010). • 4 represents Form Library. • 5 represents Picture Library. 	0/1/2/3/4/5
Url Value	The relative URL of the library you want to create.	test

4. When finished, copy the modified **AgentToolConnectorList.config** file to the target sub-folder.

AgentToolConnectorWeb.config

To create the sub-folder as a site, modify the **AgentToolConnectorWeb.config** file as described below:

1. By default, **AgentToolConnectorWeb.config** is located in the Agent installation path ... \AvePoint\
DocAve6\Agent\data\SP2010\Connector\ConnectorCreateListTool or ... \AvePoint\
DocAve6\Agent\data\SP2013\Connector\ConnectorCreateListTool. Navigate to the corresponding path according to your SharePoint versions.
2. Right-click **AgentToolConnectorWeb.config** and choose to open the file with Notepad.

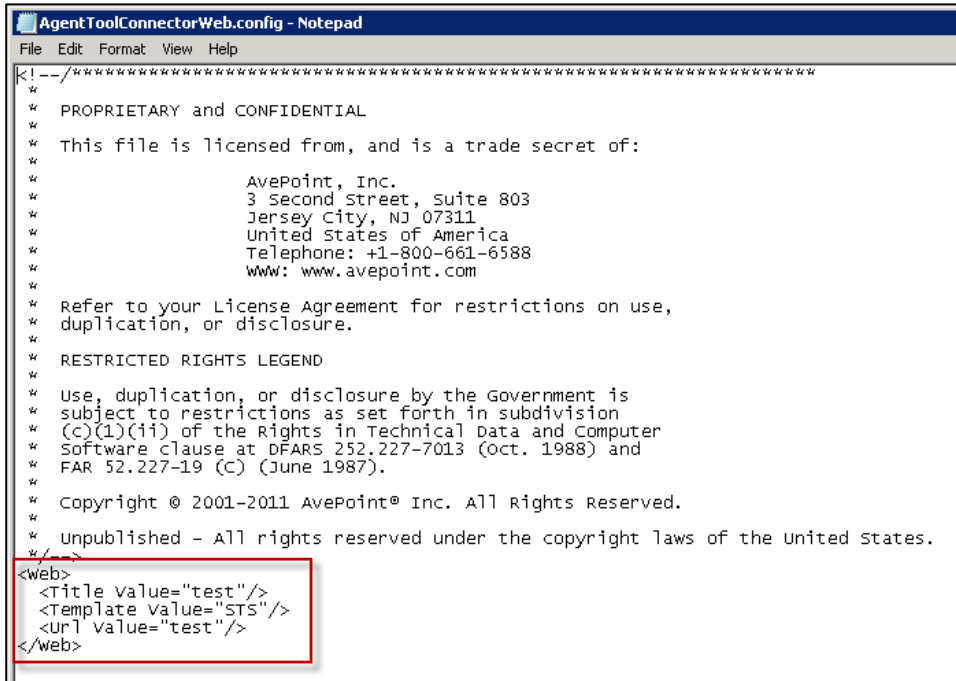


Figure 6: Values to modify in AgentToolConnectorWeb.config file.

3. In the **<Web>** node, modify the **Title Value**, **Template Value**, and **Url Value** according to your requirements.

Property	Description	Value
Title Value	The title of the site you want to create.	test
Template Value	The template of the site you want to create. *Note: Site template is the name of the site definition. Site template can be STS, MPS, BLOG, SGS, or the name of a custom type of site. Refer to Template Parameter Values for more information.	sts
Url Value	The relative URL of the site you want to create.	test

4. When finished, copy the modified **AgentToolConnectorWeb.config** file to the target sub folder.

Configuring Inheritance

Use the files **AgentToolConnectorList.config** and **AgentToolConnectorWeb.config** to configure the URL of the current folder (the folder that will house the configuration file) to inherit the folder name from file system or break the inheritance.

- If the node **<Url Value=""/>** in the configuration file is set to “null” or the name of the current folder, the URL inherits the name of the current folder from the file system.
- If the node **<Url Value=""/>** in the configuration file is set to other values instead of the name of the current folder, the URL breaks the inheritance and creates a relative URL using the URL value you provide.

Template Parameter Values

Refer to the following table for the parameter value of each top-level site template.

Template Name	Parameter Value
Team Site	STS#0
Blank Site	STS#1
Document Workspace	STS#2
Blog	BLOG#0
Group Work Site	SGS#0
Visio Process Repository	visprus#0
Basic Meeting Workspace	MPS#0
Blank Meeting Workspace	MPS#1
Decision Meeting Workspace	MPS#2
Social Meeting Workspace	MPS#3
Multipage Meeting Workspace	MPS#4
Document Center	BDR#0
Records Center	OFFILE#1
Business Intelligence Center	BICenterSite#0
Enterprise Search Center	SRHCEN#0
My Site Host	SPSMSITEHOST#0
Basic Search Center	SRHCENTERLITE#0/SRHCENTERLITE#1
FAST Search Center	SRHCENTERFAST#0
Publishing Portal	BLANKINTERNETCONT
Enterprise Wiki	ENTERWIKI#0

Refer to the following table for the parameter value of each site template.

Template Name	Parameter Value
Team Site	STS#0
Blank Site	STS#1
Document Workspace	STS#2
Blog	BLOG#0

Template Name	Parameter Value
Group Work Site	SGS#0
Visio Process Repository	visprus#0
Basic Meeting Workspace	MPS#0
Blank Meeting Workspace	MPS#1
Decision Meeting Workspace	MPS#2
Social Meeting Workspace	MPS#3
Multipage Meeting Workspace	MPS#4
Document Center	BDR#0
Records Center	OFFILE#1
Basic Search Center	SRHCENTERLITE#1
Assets Web Database	ACCSRV#1
Charitable Contributions Web Database	ACCSRV#3
Contacts Web Database	ACCSRV#4
Issues Web Database	ACCSRV#6
Personalization Site	SPSMSITE#0
Projects Web Database	ACCSRV#5

Running the AgentToolSP2010ConnectorCreateList or the AgentToolSP2013ConnectorCreateList

After completing the necessary configurations, refer to the steps below to create Connector libraries using the **AgentToolSP2010ConnectorCreateList.exe** tool or the **AgentToolSP2013ConnectorCreateList.exe** tool.

***Note:** The account used to run this tool must be the Farm administrator.

1. Navigate to the tool location; by default, this tool is located in the Agent installation path ... \AvePoint\DocAve6\Agent\bin.
2. In the Command Line Window, enter the command including the path of the tool **AgentToolSP2010ConnectorCreateList.exe** or **AgentToolSP2013ConnectorCreateList.exe**, the path of the .csv file **AgentToolCreateList.csv**, the path where you want to store the report file generated by this tool, and the thread number that specifies how many libraries you want to create concurrently. The thread number cannot be more than 5. For example,

```
"X:... \AvePoint\DocAve6\Agent\bin\AgentToolSP2010ConnectorCreateList.exe" -c
"X:... \AvePoint\DocAve6\Agent\data\SP2010\Connector\ConnectorCreateListTool\AgentToolCr
eateList.csv" -r "X:... \report" -t X
```

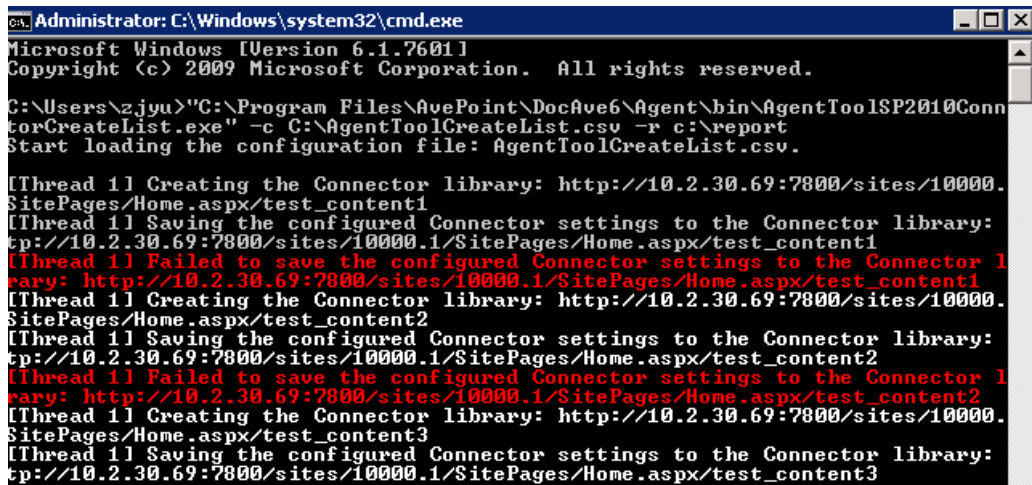


```
C:\Program Files\AvePoint\DocAve6\Agent\bin>AgentToolSP2010ConnectorCreateList.e
xe -c "c:\AgentToolCreateList.csv" -r c:\toolreport -t 5
```

Figure 7: Example of running the AgentToolSP2010ConnectorCreateList.exe.

***Note:** The generated report lists Operation, FileSystem Path, Parent Url, Relative Url, Title, Result, and Exception information. In addition, the creating and saving result statistics are also collected.

3. After you run the command, the window displays the real-time job progress. You can check whether it is creating or saving lists and whether the operation is successful.



```
Administrator: C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
Microsoft Windows [Version 6.1.7601]
Copyright (c) 2009 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\z.jyu>"C:\Program Files\AvePoint\DocAve6\Agent\bin\AgentToolSP2010ConnectorCreateList.exe" -c C:\AgentToolCreateList.csv -r c:\report
Start loading the configuration file: AgentToolCreateList.csv.

[Thread 1] Creating the Connector library: http://10.2.30.69:7800/sites/10000.1/SitePages/Home.aspx/test_content1
[Thread 1] Saving the configured Connector settings to the Connector library: http://10.2.30.69:7800/sites/10000.1/SitePages/Home.aspx/test_content1
[Thread 1] Failed to save the configured Connector settings to the Connector library: http://10.2.30.69:7800/sites/10000.1/SitePages/Home.aspx/test_content1
[Thread 1] Creating the Connector library: http://10.2.30.69:7800/sites/10000.1/SitePages/Home.aspx/test_content2
[Thread 1] Saving the configured Connector settings to the Connector library: http://10.2.30.69:7800/sites/10000.1/SitePages/Home.aspx/test_content2
[Thread 1] Failed to save the configured Connector settings to the Connector library: http://10.2.30.69:7800/sites/10000.1/SitePages/Home.aspx/test_content2
[Thread 1] Creating the Connector library: http://10.2.30.69:7800/sites/10000.1/SitePages/Home.aspx/test_content3
[Thread 1] Saving the configured Connector settings to the Connector library: http://10.2.30.69:7800/sites/10000.1/SitePages/Home.aspx/test_content3
```

Figure 8: Real-time job progress in the command line window.

The command for creating the site/site collection that is connected to the specified path is similar to the command for creating the Connector library. However, ensure that you change the .csv file to **AgentToolCreateWeb.csv** or **AgentToolCreateSite.csv** accordingly and remove the thread number, as only one site/site collection can be created concurrently.

Manager Tool Dell DX Client

Use the **ManagerToolDELLDXClient** tool to display and update the **retention time**, **compression type**, and the **date of deferred compression** of DocAve Archiver data that is saved on a Dell DX Storage server.

***Note:** Only **Finished** jobs can be loaded in the farm tree and processed by this tool. The data of **Finished with Exception** jobs or **Failed** jobs will not be loaded nor processed.

Environment Requirements

- .Net Framework 3.5 or above.
- The machine on which you run this tool must be within the same subnet as the Dell DX Storage server.

Using the Manager Tool Dell DX Client

To use the tool, complete the following steps:

1. Navigate to ...*\AvePoint\DocAve6\Manager\Shared\Tools\DELLDXClient* and locate the **ManagerToolDELLDXClient.exe** file.
2. Right-click **ManagerToolDELLDXClient.exe** and select **Run as administrator** to run the tool.
3. Enter the **hostname** or **IP address** of the DocAve Control Service in the **DocAve Control Service Host** field.
4. Enter the DocAve Control Service port into the **DocAve Control Service Port** field. By default, DocAve uses **14000** as the Control Service port.
5. Enter the username and the password that are used to log into DocAve into the **Username** and **Password** fields, respectively.
6. Select a DocAve module from the **Component** drop-down box. By default, **Archiver** is selected.
7. Click **Load** to load the jobs' information of the specified module. The information for all of the completed jobs is shown on the left side of the screen. Click **Reset** to clear or reset all of the information in the two areas to their default values.
8. Double-click one job on the tree; the **Original Retention Date**, **Original Compression Type**, and the **Original Defer Compression** date of the specified job is shown in the corresponding area on the right.
9. Select one or several jobs on the tree. You can modify the retention date, compression type, and the date that the compression is deferred to in the right area of the interface.

***Note:** You can select several jobs to run at the same time, but only the jobs that meet the conditions will be processed by this tool. Refer to the report to view the job status.

- **Month to Extend** – Enter a positive integer in the field and click **Update Retention Date** to postpone the original retention date for the specified number of months.

For example, enter **3** in the **Month to Extend** textbox. If the **Original Retention Date** displayed in the tool is **Sat, 13 Aug 2011 02:28:32 GMT**, after clicking the **Update Retention Date** button, the original retention date will be postponed for 3 months. The new retention date is **Sun, 13 Nov 2011 02:28:32 GMT**.

***Note:** If no retention time was set initially, no action will be performed by the tool.

- **New Compression Type** – Select the new compression type from the drop-down box and click **Update Compression Type**. The original compression type is replaced with the new one.
 - **No** means that the data will not be compressed.
 - **Fast** means that the compression time is shorter, but the size of the data will not be reduced too much because the compress rate is low.
 - **Best** means the size of the data will be greatly reduced; however, the compression time is longer.

***Note:** If the new compression type you selected is the same as the old one, no action will be performed by the tool.

- **Delay Compression Until** – Enter a positive integer in the field and click **Update Defer Compression**. The original date that the compression is deferred to will be postponed for the specified days.

For example, enter **3** in the **Delay Compression Until** text box.

- If the compression setting is not enabled or the file is already compressed, no action will be performed by the tool.
- If the compression setting is enabled and the file is not compressed, the compression time will be reset to three days later from the current time.

10. The progress of the update job is shown in the progress bar at the bottom of the tool.

11. After all of the update jobs finish, click **Exit** to exit the tool. You can view the logs and detailed reports of the jobs in the **logs.txt** and **reports.txt** files, accordingly. The files reside in the same folder as the **ManagerToolDELLDXClient.exe** file.

Manager Tool HCP Client

This tool is used to display and update the properties (Retention time, Hold, Shred, and Index) of DocAve Archiver data that is saved on an HDS Hitachi Content Platform server.

Environment Requirements

- .Net Framework 3.5 or above.

Using the Manager Tool HCP Client

Refer to the steps below to use the tool.

1. Navigate to ... \AvePoint\DocAve6\Manager\Shared\Tools\HCPClient on the DocAve Control server to locate the **ManagerToolHCPClient.exe** file.
2. Right-click **ManagerToolHCPClient.exe** and select **Run as administrator** to run the tool.
3. Enter the **hostname** or **IP address** of the DocAve Control server in **DocAve Control Service Host** text box.
4. Enter the DocAve Control service **port** into the **DocAve Control Service Port** text box. By default, DocAve uses **14000** as the Control service port.
5. Enter the username and the password that are used to login DocAve into the **Username** and **Password** text boxes.
6. Select a **module** in the **Component** drop-down box. By default, **Archiver** is selected.
7. Click **Load** to load the jobs' information of the specified module. The information of all the completed jobs will be shown in the left area. Click **Reset** to and all the information displayed in the tool will be cleared or reset to the default value.
8. Double-click one job on the tree; detailed information on the selected job will be shown in the corresponding area on the right.
9. Select one or several jobs on the tree. You can modify the following settings in the right area.
 - **Index** – Select whether to enable the index feature on the HDS Hitachi Content Platform server. If this value is set to **true**, the detailed metadata of archived data can be searched using the index. By default, this feature is enabled.
Select **true** to enable this feature and select **false** to disable it.
 - **Shred** – Select whether to enable the shred feature of the HDS Hitachi Content Platform server. By default, this feature is not enabled.
 - If you configure this vaue as **true** and run the update, archived data will be deleted thoroughly when the retention time is reached. The deleted data cannot not be restored.

- If you configure this value as **true** and run the update, the value cannot be configured as **false** in later jobs.

Select **true** to enable this feature and select **false** to disable it.

- **Month/Day/Hour to Extend** – Enter a positive integer in the text box and click **Update**. The original retention date will be postponed for the specified time.


If the original retention date (**Retention** column) displayed in the tool is **Thursday, 19 Jan 2012 02:28:32 GMT** and you enter 3 in the **Month to Extend** text box, after clicking the **Update** button, the original retention date will be postponed for 3 months. The new retention date is **Thursday, 19 Apr 2012 02:28:32 GMT**.

***Note:** If no retention time has been set in the past, no action will be performed by the tool.

- **Hold** – Enable the **Hold** feature to protect the data from being deleted. Once the data is held, it cannot be deleted by end-users, and any retention job will affect the held data. You cannot expand the retention date of the held data.

Select **true** to enable this feature and select **false** to disable it.

10. Click **Update** to run the update job. The status of the update job will be shown at the bottom of the tool.

After all update jobs finish, click the **Report** button to view the summary report of the job or click **Show Details** button to view details of the job in the tool. Click  to exit the tool.

Manager Tool Dropbox Client

Use the **ManagerToolDropboxClient** tool to generate the Token Access and Token Secret that are used when configuring the Dropbox type physical device.

***Note:** .Net Framework 3.5 or above is required for the environment.

Using the Manger Tool Dropbox Client

To use the Manager Tool Dropbox Client, complete the following steps:

1. Navigate to ... \AvePoint\DocAve6\Manager\Shared\Tools\StorageTool\DropboxTool on the DocAve Control server to locate the **ManagerToolDropboxClient.exe** file.
2. Right-click **ManagerToolDropboxClient.exe** and select **Run as administrator** to run the tool.
3. Enter the **App Key** and the **App Secret** into the corresponding text boxes.
4. Click **Next**. The **Dropbox Login** page appears.
5. Register to your Dropbox by entering the e-mail address and the password. Click **Sign in**.
6. Click **Allow** to grant your trust on the Dropbox Client and allow it to access your entire Dropbox.
7. Click **Generate** once you have connected.
8. The **Token Access** and the **Token Secret** are generated automatically and displayed in the **Get Token Access and Secret** page. Click the **Copy** link to copy the generated **TokenAccess** and **TokenSecret** that are used when configuring the Dropbox type physical device in DocAve Control Panel.
9. Click **Finish** to exit this wizard.

Manager Tool SkyDrive Client

Use the **ManagerToolSkyDriveClient** tool to generate the Refresh Token that is used when configuring the SkyDrive type physical device.

***Note:** .Net Framework 3.5 or above is required for the environment.

Using the Manger SkyDrive Client

To use the Manager SkyDrive, complete the following steps:

1. Navigate to ... \AvePoint\DocAve6\Manager\Shared\Tools\StorageTool\SkyDriveTool on the DocAve Control server to locate the **ManagerToolSkyDriveClient.exe** file.
2. Right-click **ManagerToolSkyDriveClient.exe** and select **Run as administrator** to run the tool.
3. In the **API Verification** page, enter the **Client ID**, **Client Secret**, and **Redirect Domain** into the corresponding text box.
4. Click **Next**, and then you will be brought to the **Login SkyDrive** page.
5. Enter the e-mail address and password to sign in. Click **Sign in**.
6. If you have successfully connected to your SkyDrive, click **Next**.
7. The **Refresh Token** is generated automatically and displayed. Click **Copy** to copy the generated **Refresh Token** that is used when configuring the SkyDrive type physical device in DocAve Control Panel.
8. Click **Finish** to exit this wizard.

Media Service Rebuild Index Tool

This tool is used to rebuild the crashed index files for the backup/archived data. The **MediaServiceRebuildIndexTool.exe** works for the data of DocAve Granular Back and Restore, Platform Backup and Restore, and Archiver.

Refer to the instructions below for more information on using **MediaServiceRebuildIndexTool.exe**:

1. Navigate to `...AvePoint\DocAve6\Manager\Media\bin` on the server where the Media service resides.
2. Double-click the **MediaServiceRebuildIndexTool.exe** file to run the tool. The **Index Rebuild Tool** interface appears.

There are two index configuration modes: **Manual** and **Automatic**:

- **Manual** mode requires the user to manually enter the Net Share directory where the backup/archived data resides and specify the destination path information where you want to store the index files. After executing the tool, the index files will be rebuilt based on the backup/archived data, and be stored to the specified Net Share index location.
- **Automatic** mode helps the users rebuild the index for the backup/archived data stored in Net Share or TSM storage type, based on the storage policy you specified. It will store the rebuilt index file to the specified logical device.

Manual mode supports to rebuild the index file for the data stored in Net Share; **Automatic** mode supports to rebuild the index file for the data stored in Net Share or TSM. Refer to the section below for more information on using the two different modes.

To rebuild the index by using **Manual** mode, complete the following steps:

1. Select the **Manual** radio button, and then click **Next** to go to the Manual mode **Index Rebuild Tool** interface.
2. Select the backup type from the **Backup Type** drop-down list. The **Manual** mode supports the following backup types: **Archiver (Data Level Rebuild)**, **Archiver (Index Level Rebuild)**, **Granular**, and **Platform**.
3. In the **Data Information** area, enter the net share directory of the backup data in the **Data Path** text box in the format: `\\admin-pc\c$\data_granular\FarmName\PlanId\CycleId\JobId`.
4. Specify the **Username** and **Password** into the corresponding text boxes to access the specified data path.
5. Click **Validation Test** to check whether the data path is available.
6. In the **Index Information** area, enter the net share directory where you want to store the index files in the format: `\\admin-pc\c$\data_granular\FarmName\PlanId\CycleId`.
7. Specify the **Username** and **Password** into the corresponding text boxes to access the specified index path.

8. Click **Validation Test** to check whether the index path is available.
9. Click **Start** to rebuild the index. Click **Back** to return to the launch window of the tool.

If you want to run this tool in **Automatic** mode, make sure that the DocAve Control service is available. To rebuild the index by using **Automatic** mode, complete the following steps:

1. Select the **Automatic** radio button, and then enter the login ID and password of the DocAve built-in account into the **Login ID** text box and the **Password** text box.
2. Click **Next** to go to the Automatic mode **Index Rebuild Tool** interface.
3. Select the backup type from the **Backup Type** drop-down list. The Automatic mode supports the following backup types: **Archiver**, **Granular**, and **Platform**.
4. In the **Data Information** area, select the storage policy from the **Storage Policy** drop-down list, where the backup data with corrupted index files resides. Expand the data tree. For Archiver backup type, select the site collection from the archived data tree. For Granular and Platform, select the Job ID from the backup data tree.

***Note:** **Automatic** mode supports to rebuild index for the data in the storage policies that are using **Net Share** or **TSM** as the **Storage Type**.

5. In the **Index Information** area, select a logical device from the drop-down list to store the index files.

***Note:** Granular and Platform backup types support the logical device using **Net Share** or **TSM** storage type. Archiver only supports the logical device using **Net Share** storage type.

6. Click **Start** to rebuild the index. Click **Back** to return to the launch window.

AgentToolHAMirroringCleanUp

This tool helps user clean up the restoring databases, certificate, endpoint, login, user, and master keys for the database mirroring relationships in the specified SQL server.

Running the AgentToolHAMirroringCleanUp Tool

1. Navigate to ...\\AvePoint\\DocAve6\\Agent\\bin, and locate the **AgentToolHAMirroringCleanUp.exe**.
2. Right-click the **AgentToolHAMirroringCleanUp.exe**, and then select **Run as administrator** to run this tool.
3. In the **DocAve High Availability Mirroring Clean Up Tool** interface, enter the SQL server instance name into the **Server name** text box.
4. Select the **Authentication** method from the drop-down list to access the specified SQL instance. If you use the **SQL Server Authentication**, you are required to specify the **Username** and **Password**.
5. Click **Connect**. The database in the mirroring session will be loaded and displayed in the pane below.
6. You can perform the following actions on the listed databases in the mirroring session:
 - **Set Partner Off** – Select your desired database in the pane, and click **Set Partner Off** to cut off their mirroring sessions.
 - **Clean Up** – If you do not select the database, clicking **Clean up** will remove all of the configurations except the database, including the **Endpoint**, **Certificate**, **Login**, and **User**. If you select your desired databases in the pane, clicking **Clean up** will remove all of the configurations and the database.
 - **Drop master key** – If you select this option and click **Clean up**, the master key of this SQL instance will be removed.
 - **Only drop restoring database** – Select the desired database that you want to remove, and then click **Clean up** with this option selected. The selected database will be deleted and the configurations will be kept.

***Note:** If you do not select any database with this option selected to clean up, no databases or configurations will be removed.
7. After performing the actions provided (such as **Clean up** and **Set Partner Off**), a message pops up to inform you the job status and the local directory of the job report.
8. Click **Cancel** to exit this tool.

SP2010StorageUpgradeStub

This tool is used to report the detailed location information of the remaining DocAve 5 stubs checked by the Importing Stubs and BLOB Data or the Importing Connector Stub feature in Data Manager. For more detailed information about these two features, refer to [DocAve 6 Control Panel Reference Guide](#).

Running the SP2010StorageUpgradeStub Tool

To run the SP2010StorageUpgradeStub tool, complete the following steps:

1. On the server where the DocAve Agent is installed, go to **Start > All Programs > Accessories > Command Prompt**.
2. Right-click **Command Prompt** and select **Run as administrator**. The **Command Prompt** interface appears.
3. Enter the command to access the Agent bin folder where the SP2010StorageUpgradeStub tool resides. It resides under ... \AvePoint\DocAve6\Agent\bin\SP2010StorageUpgradeStub.exe.

For example, enter **cd C:\Program Files\AvePoint\DocAve6\Agent\bin**.

4. Enter the following command to generate the report:

```
SP2010StorageUpgradeStub.exe -WebApplicationUrl <Web Application URL> [-ContentDatabaseName <Content Database Name>]
```

- **-WebApplicationUrl** – Enter the full URL of the Web application where the remaining DocAve 5 stubs reside.
- **-ContentDatabaseName** – This parameter is optional. Enter the content database name under the specified Web application to only report the remaining DocAve 5 stubs' location information within this content database. If this parameter is not used, DocAve will check the remaining DocAve 5 stubs in all of the content databases under the specified Web application.

For example, enter **SP2010StorageUpgradeStub.exe -WebApplicationUrl http://avepoint:1234** or enter **SP2010StorageUpgradeStub.exe -WebApplicationUrl http://avepoint:1234 -ContentDatabaseName AvePointDatabase01**.

5. After the command completes, the report will be saved under ... \AvePoint\DocAve6\Agent\jobs\D5StubCheckResult. The report shows the type of the BLOB data, the URL of its SharePoint location, and the version of the file that has multiple versions (if the version is the current version of the file, it will leave the version field blank).

AgentToolSP2010(2013)MoveStub

The AgentToolSP2010(2013)MoveStub tool can be used for the following three purposes:

- **MoveSPSite** – Move one site collection from the original content database where it resides to another content database. Then, move the stub information stored in the original stub database to the stub database configured for the destination content database.
- **MoveStub** – Move stub information stored in the original stub database to the stub database of the specified content database where the corresponding site collection resides.

Use this command after you have moved a site collection to another content database using the Windows SharePoint 2010 (2013) Management Shell cmdlet **Move-SPSite**.

- **ChangeStubDB** – Change the stub database of the specified SharePoint objects and choose whether to move all related stub information from the old stub database to the new stub database or not.

***Note:** We recommend you set the status of the source stub database's corresponding content database to read-only to avoid generating new stub information in the source stub database during the process of changing the stub database.

To change the content database's status to read-only, complete the following steps:

1. Open SQL Server Management Studio.
2. Expand the **Databases** node.
3. Double-click the source database.
4. Click **Properties** in the appeared drop-down list. The **Database Properties** window appears.
5. In the **State** field of the appeared window, select **Yes** from the drop-down list after **Database Read-Only**.
6. Click **OK** to save your changes.

After you finish using the tool, select **No** from the drop-down list after **Database Read-only** of the **State** field in SQL Server Management Studio.

Running the AgentToolSP2010(2013)MoveStub Tool

The AgentToolSP2010(2013)MoveStub tool directly accesses databases. As a result, only an account with sufficient permissions should be used to run the tool. Refer to the following for detailed information on the permissions required:

- Local System Permissions: Member of the local **Administrators** group.
- SharePoint Permissions:

- User is a member of the Farm Administrators group. Since Administrator works across farms and on all SharePoint settings and configurations, this account is needed in order to provide the best and most complete quality of service.
- Full Control to all zones of all Web applications via User Policy for Web Applications
- SQL Permissions:
 - Database Role of db_owner for all the databases related with SharePoint, including content databases, stub databases, SharePoint configuration database and Central Administration content database.
 - Database Role of dbcreator to the corresponding SQL Server, this permission is only required when you use the **ChangeStubDB** command and the entered new stub database does not exist on the specified SQL server.

Refer to the steps below to run this tool.

1. Navigate to ... \AvePoint\DocAve6\Agent\bin and locate **AgentToolSP2010MoveStub.exe** or **AgentToolSP2013MoveStub.exe**.
2. Double-click the tool to run it. A command-line interface (CLI) appears.
3. From within the CLI, enter a command applicable to you requirements:
 - **–MoveSPSite** – Enter this command to move one site collection from the original content database where it resides to another content database, and then move the stub information stored in the original stub database to the stub database configured for the destination content database. This is done so that all stubs can be accessed from SharePoint and operated in DocAve and SharePoint normally after the corresponding site collection is moved to the specified content database. Enter the **–MoveSPSite** command and press **Enter**. Then enter the following command according to the prompt message appears on the tool interface:

-MoveSPSite [Site Collection URL] [DestinationDatabaseName]
[SourceRBSPProvider]<optional> [DestinationRbsProvider]<optional>

Such as, **-MoveSPSite** http://avepoint/sites/docave DestinationStubDB, or **-MoveSPSite** http://avepoint/sites/docave DestinationStubDB **SP2010(2013)RBSPProvider**
SP2010(2013)RBSPProvider

- **Site Collection URL** – The complete URL of the site collection that you want to move to the specified content database.
- **DestinationDatabaseName** – The name of the destination database that you want to move the specified site collection to.
- **SourceRBSPProvider (Optional)** – If the original content database where the specified site collection has RBS enabled and contains the stubs, enter the RBS Provider used by the original database here for keeping the stubs after moving them to the specified database. If not keeping the stubs after moving to the specified database, there is no need to enter the RBS Provider used by the

original database. Only **SP2010(2013)RBSProvider** can be entered here, and the value is case sensitive.

- **DestinationRbsProvider (Optional)** – If the destination content database where the specified site collection will be moved to has enabled RBS, enter the RBS Provider used by the destination database here. Only **SP2010(2013)RBSProvider** can be entered here and the value is case sensitive.
- **–MoveStub** – Enter this command to move the stub information stored in the original stub database to the stub database of the specified content database where the corresponding site collection resides. This action is done so that all of the old stubs can be accessed from SharePoint and operated in DocAve and SharePoint normally after the corresponding site collection is moved to a new content database. Enter the **–MoveStub** command and press **Enter**. Then, configure the following parameters according to the prompt messages that appear on the tool interface:
 - **Site Collection URL** – Enter the complete URL of the site collection that has been moved to another content database.
 - **Original Content Database Name** – Enter the name of the original content database where this site collection resided.
- **–ChangeStubDB** – Enter this command to change the stub database of the specified SharePoint objects and move all related stub information from the old stub database to the new stub database.. All of the old stubs can be accessed from SharePoint and operated in DocAve and SharePoint normally after the stub database of the corresponding SharePoint objects is changed. Enter the **–ChangeStubDB** command and press **Enter**. Then, configure the following parameters according to the prompt messages that appear on the tool interface:

***Note:** You must make sure the Control Service is started before running the tool.

- **Change stub database mode** – Enter the mode used to change the stub database. Entering **0** changes the stub database without copying the existing data in the old stub database to the new one; entering **1** changes the stub database and then copies the existing data in the old stub database to the new one. A value of **1** is required if you wish for all of the old stubs to remain accessible and operational after changing the stub database.
- **WebApplication URLs** – Enter the complete URL of the Web application where you want to change the content database's stub database. Multiple Web application URLs can be entered here when separated by spaces. An asterisk (*) represents all of the web applications in the specified farm. If you enter *, the stub database of all of the Web applications' content databases and the stub database of the selected Web application will be changed to the specified stub database.
- **Content database names** – Enter the names of the content databases associated with the Web applications that you specified using the **Content database names** command. The stub databases of these content databases will be changed. Multiple names can be entered here when separated by spaces. An

asterisk (*) represents all of the content databases in the specified Web applications.

- **Destination SQL Server instance** – Enter the name/IP address of the SQL Server instance where the new stub database will reside.
- **SQL Server authentication mode** – Specify the authentication mode used to access the SQL Server instance. The value **0** represents **Windows Authentication** mode, and the value **1** represents **SQL Authentication** mode. If the **SQL Authentication** mode is used, you will be asked to enter the username and password used to access the SQL instance.

***Note:** If using the **Windows Authentication** mode, the user who runs the **AgentToolSP2010(2013)MoveStub** tool must have the **Database Creator** permission to log on the SQL server.

- **Stub database name** – Enter the name of the new stub database. If the specified stub database does not exist, it will be automatically created on the specified SQL Server instance when the move operation takes place.

***Note:** The database name is not case sensitive.

4. Once all of the necessary parameters have been configured, press **Enter** to run the command.
5. To exit the tool when finished, follow the instructions on the interface. You can also enter **exit** and press **Enter** to exit the tool. To continue using the tool, press any key (other than **Enter** or **Q**) to enter another command.

AgentToolSP2010eDiscoveryMapping & AgentToolSP2013eDiscoveryMapping

The AgentToolSP2010eDiscoveryMapping and AgentToolSP2013eDiscoveryMapping tools are used to map the crawl property to the managed property of a specified column, and save the property mapping to the Compliance database in order to enable the customized metadata filter rule in the advanced SharePoint search conditions.

***Note:** These tools support SharePoint 2010 and SharePoint 2013.

Permissions Requirements

To use the AgentToolSP2010eDiscoveryMapping and AgentToolSP2013eDiscoveryMapping tools properly, the user who uses these tools must have the following permissions:

- User is a member of the **Farm Administrators** group
- **Full Control** permission to the Search Service
- The **db_owner** database role in the Compliance Database

Running the AgentToolSP2010eDiscoveryMapping Tool or the AgentToolSP2013eDiscoveryMapping Tool

To run the AgentToolSP2010eDiscoveryMapping or AgentToolSP2013eDiscoveryMapping tool, complete the following steps:

1. Navigate to ...\\AvePoint\\DocAve6\\Agent\\bin and locate **AgentToolSP2010eDiscoveryMapping.exe** or **AgentToolSP2013eDiscoveryMapping.exe**.
2. Right-click on the tool and click **Run as administrator**. The AgentToolSP2010eDiscoveryMapping or AgentToolSP2013eDiscoveryMapping interface appears.
3. Configure the following settings in the AgentToolSP2010eDiscoveryMapping or AgentToolSP2013eDiscoveryMapping interface:
 - a. Select a column: Refer to the steps below to locate the column that you want to map.
 - **Web Application** – Select a web application from the web application drop-down list. All of the site collections under the specified web application will be loaded in the site collection drop-down list for selection.
 - **Site Collection** – Select a site collection from the site collection drop-down list. All of the sites under the specified site collection will be loaded in the site drop-down list for selection.

- **Site** – Select a site from the site drop-down list. All of the site columns under the specified site will be loaded in the column title drop-down list for selection.
 - **Column Title** – Select a column from the column title drop-down list.
- b. Choose to map the current version's crawl property or the history version's crawl property for the selected column by checking the corresponding checkbox at the right corner of the interface.
- c. Click **Enable** to start the mapping. The mapping status is displayed in the Column Mapping field.
 - **Yes** indicates that the corresponding crawl property of the specified column's current version or history version has been mapped successfully and saved in the Compliance database.
 - **No** indicates that the corresponding crawl property of the specified column's current version or history version has not been mapped, or not saved in the Compliance database.

***Note:** A full crawl of the web application where the mapped column resides must be performed after running this tool to make the customized metadata filter rule effective.

AgentToolSP2010Connector Tool & AgentToolSP2013Connector Tool

The **AgentToolSP2010Connector** tool (for SharePoint 2010) or the **AgentToolSP2013Connector** (for SharePoint 2013) tool can update Connector document versions from DocAve 6.0 (including DocAve 6.0, 6.0.1 and 6.0.2) to DocAve 6 Service Pack 1 or later versions. The **AgentToolSP2010Connector** tool or the **AgentToolSP2013Connector** (for SharePoint 2013) tool provides the encrypted the password to connect to the file system before creating any Connector libraries using the **AgentToolSP2010ConnectorCreateList** tool. The **AgentToolSP2010Connector** tool or the **AgentToolSP2013Connector** (for SharePoint 2013) tool is also used to generate the report of the stub status of files and folders within specified scope.

Before using this tool, make sure that the BLOB Provider and the EBS/RBS settings are properly configured and that the Connector solutions are successfully deployed.

***Note:** The account used to run this tool must have the same permissions as the Agent Account. If the User Account Control is enabled, the **AgentToolSP2010Connector.exe** or **AgentToolSP2013Connector.exe** must run as Administrator.

Running the AgentToolSP2010Connector Tool or the AgentToolSP2013Connector Tool

By default, the **AgentToolSP2010Connector.exe** file or the **AgentToolSP2013Connector.exe** file is located in the Agent installation path: ... \AvePoint\DocAve6\Agent\bin.

***Note:** All of the commands and parameters for this tool are not case-sensitive.

In the Command Line Interface, enter the command with the location of the **AgentToolSP2010Connector.exe** file (for SharePoint 2010) or the **AgentToolSP2013Connector.exe** file (for SharePoint 2013) as follows, and press **Enter**.

To get the help information of the **AgentToolSP2010Connector** tool or the **AgentToolSP2013Connector** tool, enter one of the following commands according to your SharePoint versions. After running this command, the command parameters and some examples are displayed in the Command Line Interface.

- **AgentToolSP2010Connector.exe -help** (this command is used for SharePoint 2010)
- **AgentToolSP2013Connector.exe -help** (this command is used for SharePoint 2013)

For more information on each specific operation, enter the following commands according to your SharePoint versions to get the detailed help information.

- **AgentToolSP2010Connector.exe -help <operation>** (this command is used for SharePoint 2010)
- **AgentToolSP2013Connector.exe -help <operation>** (this command is used for SharePoint 2013)

***Note:** All of the operations in the following sections are referred to the tool for SharePoint 2010. If you are using SharePoint 2013, replace **AgentToolSP2010Connector.exe** by **AgentToolSP2013Connector.exe**, all of the other parameters keep the same.

Click the following links to jump to the corresponding operation sections.

- [Operation -o UpgradeVersion](#)
- [Operation -o EncryptPassword](#)
- [Operation -o ReportItems](#)
- [Operation -o UpgradeConnectedLibrary \(SharePoint 2013 Only\)](#)

Operation -o UpgradeVersion

This operation is used to update the document versions in all Connector libraries in the SharePoint farm from DocAve 6.0 (including DocAve 6, DocAve 6 CU1, and DocAve 6 CU2) to DocAve 6 Service Pack 1 or later versions.

For documents that reside in Connector libraries, the real files of the document versions are stored in a hidden folder named **.fsdl** in the connected storage path. The **AgentToolSP2010Connector** tool (for SharePoint 2010) or the **AgentToolSP2013Connector** tool (for SharePoint 2013) only upgrades the real files of the document versions, but does not upgrade the version links in Connector libraries.

If the documents stored in your Connector libraries have history versions, you must run this tool to upgrade document versions because the following changes are made to the stub database of DocAve 6 Service Pack 1 and later versions.

Before DocAve 6 Service Pack 1 (and later versions), one document version in the storage path may have several records in the stub database. However, from DocAve 6 Service Pack 1 on, one document version in the storage path can only have one record in the stub database.

This tool makes copies of the document versions in the storage path, and makes sure the relationship between the document version and the stub database record is a one-to-one mapping.

After the upgrade from DocAve 6.0 to DocAve 6 Service Pack 1 or later versions, you will then be able to open the old document versions successfully.

If the documents stored in your Connector libraries do not have any history versions, there is no need to run this tool.

Syntax

AgentToolSP2010Connector.exe

-o UpgradeVersion

[-url <The URL of the node where the document versions you want to update>]

Parameters

Parameter	Required?	Value and Description
-url	Optional	Enter the absolute URL of the supported SharePoint scopes: Web applications, site collections, sites, or libraries. If this is done, only the document versions of the Connector libraries within the specified scope will be updated. *Note: Quote the parameter value with double quotation marks if there are spaces in the parameter value.

Examples

AgentToolSP2010Connector.exe -o UpgradeVersion

Or

AgentToolSP2010Connector.exe -o UpgradeVersion -url http://server/site

Checking the Job Status

After running the upgrade job using this tool, you can check the job status in the Summary Report and Detail Report that are generated in the Agent installation path, which is ... \AvePoint\DocAve6\Agent\Logs\Connector by default.

If there are some versions/libraries that the tool failed to upgrade, you can check the detailed reasons in the Detail Report.

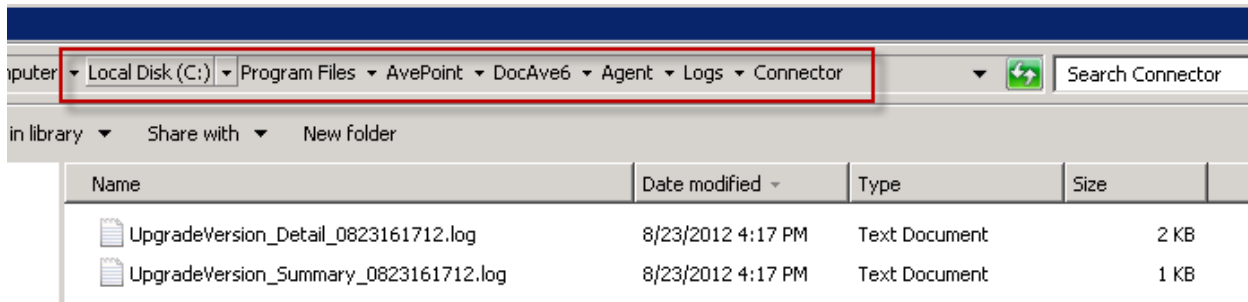


Figure 9: Job reports.

Operation -o EncryptPassword

This operation is used to encrypt the password for the AgentToolSP2010ConnectorCreateList tool and the AgentToolSP2013ConnectorCreateList tool.

Syntax

AgentToolSP2010Connector.exe

-o EncryptPassword

After running this command, enter the password that you want to encrypt, and then enter this password again for confirmation. The encrypted password will be displayed under the **The string below is your password after being encrypted** prompt.

Operation -o ReportItems

This operation is used to generate the report of the stub status of files and folders within specified scope.

The generated report will be saved in the following path: ...\\AvePoint\\DocAve6\\Agent\\Logs\\Connector. Each job will generate a folder named in the format of **ReportItems_DateTime** under this directory. In this folder, there may be three types of reports which depend on parameters included in the job.

- Summary Report – Includes stub status and basic information for all of the libraries checked under the specified scope.
- SharePoint Report– Includes stub status and other basic information for all of the files and folders in the library under the specified scope. Each library under the specified scope will generate one SharePoint report. The report is named in the following format: **ListURL(SP).csv**. If the **-includeVersion** parameter is used, each version of file together with its stub status will be displayed as an entry in the SharePoint report.
- Storage Report – Includes the basic information for all of the files and folder in the storage path configured for the library. Every library configured a storage path will generate one storage report. The report is named in the following format: **ListURL(Storage).csv**. This report can be only generated when you use the **-includeStorage** parameter.

Syntax

AgentToolSP2010Connector.exe

-o ReportItems

[-url <The URL of the node where the files and folders' report you want to get>]

[-includeStorage>]

`[-includeVersion]`

Parameters

Parameter	Required?	Value and Description
-url	Optional	Enter the absolute URL of the supported SharePoint scopes: Web applications, site collections, sites, or libraries. If this is done, only files and folders of Connector libraries within the specified scope will be reported. *Note: Quote the parameter value with double quotation marks if there are spaces in the parameter value.
-includeStorage	Optional	This parameter is used to generate the storage report, which contains all of the files and folders information in the storage path configured for the Connector library.
-includeVersion	Optional	This parameter is used to include history versions of the files and folders within the specified scope in the SharePoint report.

Examples

`AgentToolSP2010Connector.exe -o ReportItems -url http://server/site`

Or

`AgentToolSP2010Connector.exe -o ReportItems -url http://server/site -includeStorage`

Or

`AgentToolSP2010Connector.exe -o ReportItems -url http://server/site -includeStorage -includeVersion`

Operation -o UpgradeConnectedLibrary (SharePoint 2013 Only)

After you have updated Connector from a SharePoint 2010 to SharePoint 2013 environment with connected libraries, you must run the command `UpgradeConnectedLibrary` for the **AgentToolSP2013Connector** tool to make these connected libraries available before you use these connected libraries in SharePoint 2013. The basic function of this new command for **AgentToolSP2013Connector Tool** is to update the Connector EventHandler to the Version of SharePoint 2013, and to update the List Image URL of Connector libraries.

After running the update job using this tool, check the job status in the Reports that are generated in the Agent installation path, which is `...\AvePoint\DocAve6\Agent\Logs\Connector` by default. If there are some libraries that the tool failed to update, check the detailed reasons in the Report or in the Log file. You can re-run the job according to the prompt information in the Log file.

Prerequisites for Running This Operation

The prerequisites for using this new command are:

- DocAve 6 SP2 or a later version is used in your SharePoint 2010 environment.
- After mounting the database with Connector to the farm of SharePoint 2013 from SharePoint 2010 environment, you have updated the site style to the SharePoint 2013 site style.
- The Connector solutions for SharePoint 2013(SP2013ConnectorContentLibrary.wsp and SP2013ConnectorMediaLibrary.wsp) must have been deployed to your SharePoint 2013 farm.
- The DocAve agents in SharePoint 2010 and SharePoint 2013 point to the same DocAve Manager.

Syntax

AgentToolSP2013Connector.exe

-o UpgradeConnectedLibrary

[-url <The URL of the node where the libraries you want to update>]

Parameters

Parameter	Required?	Value and Description
-url	Optional	Enter the absolute URL of the supported SharePoint scopes: Web application, site collections, sites, or libraries. *Note: Quote the parameter value with double quotation marks if there are spaces in the parameter value.

Examples

AgentToolSP2013Connector.exe -o UpgradeConnectedLibrary

Or

AgentToolSP2010Connector.exe -o UpgradeConnectedLibrary -url
<http://server/site>

AgentToolSP2010OrphanStubClean & AgentToolSP2013OrphanStubClean

The **AgentToolSP2010OrphanStubClean** and **AgentToolSP2013OrphanStubClean** tools are used to search for and clean up orphan stubs that exist in the SharePoint 2010 or SharePoint 2013 environment.

Orphan stubs are stubs whose real content have been deleted or stubs that are not able to connect to their real content.

You can perform the following two functions using this tool:

- Search for orphan stubs in your SharePoint 2010 or SharePoint 2013 environment and generate an Orphan Stub report for your environment.
- Clean up orphan stubs according to the orphan stub report generated in the function above.

***Note:** The account used to run this tool must have the same permissions as the Agent Account.

Searching for the Orphan Stubs

To search for orphan stubs in your SharePoint environment, complete the following steps:

1. By default, the **AgentToolSP2010OrphanStubClean.exe** or **AgentToolSP2013OrphanStubClean.exe** file is located in the Agent installation path: ...\\AvePoint\\DocAve6\\Agent\\bin. Navigate to this location.
2. Double-click the **AgentToolSP2010OrphanStubClean.exe** or **AgentToolSP2013OrphanStubClean.exe** file to run this tool.
3. Input the following commands to search for the orphan stubs in your SharePoint environment and generate the orphan stub report:
 - Use the **RBSOrphanCleanUp** command if you enabled RBS for your environment in order to use DocAve Storage Optimization modules.
RBSOrphanCleanUp -WebApp http://hostname/ **-ContentDB** WSS_Content -
SiteCollection http://hostname/sites/test **-Action** Report **-File** C:\\OrphanStubReport.csv
-AfterTime 2012-1-1
 - Use the **EBSOrphanCleanUp** command (only used for searching for orphan stubs in SharePoint 2010) if you enabled EBS for the farm in order to use DocAve Storage Optimization modules.
EBSOrphanCleanUp -WebApp http://hostname/ **-ContentDB** WSS Content -
SiteCollection http://hostname/sites/test **-Action** Report **-File** C:\\OrphanStubReport.csv
-AfterTime 2012-1-1

This table below contains detailed information on each of the parameters:

Parameter	Type	Description
-WebApp	Required	The URL of the Web application where you want to search for or delete the orphan stubs.
-ContentDB	Optional	The name of the content database where the orphan stubs reside. This is an optional parameter. If you use this parameter, only the specified content database is searched. If you do not use this parameter, the entire Web application is searched.
-SiteCollection	Optional	The URL of the site collection where you want to search for or delete the orphan stubs. This is an optional parameter. If you use this parameter, only the specified site collection is searched. If you do not use this parameter, the entire Web application is searched.
-Action	Required	This action generates an orphan stub report that displays the orphan stubs discovered by this command. The value of this parameter is Report .
-File	Required	The full path where you want to save the orphan stub report. The path must be detailed to the name of the report file. For example, <i>C:\OrphanStubReport.csv</i> . The report file is generated automatically if it does not exist. If there is already a file with the same name existing in the specified location, the newly-generated report file will overwrite the existing one. *Note: This command only supports generation of report files in .csv format.
-AfterTime	Required	Only the orphan stubs generated after the specified date searched for. The date must be in the format of <i>YYYY-MM-DD</i> . Y stands for year, M stands for month, and D stands for day.

4. Press **Enter** to run the tool.
5. After the search job completes, you can check the orphan stub report under the location specified in the command.

Cleaning up the Orphan Stubs

To clean up the orphan stubs discovered in the [Searching for the Orphan Stubs](#) section, complete the following steps:

1. Enter the following Command to clean up the EBS or RBS orphan stubs:
 - For cleaning up the EBS orphan stubs, enter the command like **EBSOrphanCleanUp -Action Clean -File C:\OrphanStubReport.csv**.
 - For cleaning up the RBS orphan stubs, enter the command like **RBSOrphanCleanUp -Action Clean -File C:\OrphanStubReport.csv**.

2. This table contains the detailed information for each of the parameters:

Parameter	Type	Description
-Action	Required	This action is used to clean up the orphan stubs. The value of this parameter is Clean .
-File	Required	The full path where the orphan stub report resides. The path must be detailed to the name of the report file. For example, <i>C:\OrphanStubReport.csv</i> .

3. Press **Enter** to run the tool. After the job completes, the orphan stubs recorded in the specified orphan stub report are deleted from your SharePoint environment.

Replicator Analyzer Tool

Use the Replicator Analyzer tool to delete failed jobs' Profile Settings configuration from the DocAve6_ReplicatorDatabase and modify the SP2010Replicator.xml configuration file in bulk.

For SharePoint 2010 environments, use the SP2010ReplicatorAnalyzer tool. For SharePoint 2013 environments, use the SP2013ReplicatorAnalyzer tool.

By default, the **SP2010ReplicatorAnalyzer.exe** file and the **SP2013ReplicatorAnalyzer.exe** file are located in the Agent installation path: ... \AvePoint\DocAve6\Agent\bin.

Deleting Failed Job's Profile Settings Configuration

The Replicator Analyzer tool deletes failed jobs' Profile Settings configuration from the DocAve6_ReplicatorDatabase. After deleting the Profile Settings configuration, incremental replication can be performed successfully.

Regardless of whether a Replicator job is finished or failed, Profile Setting mappings are generated in the DocAve6_ReplicatorDatabase during the job process. When performing an incremental replication after a failed replication job, the Profile Settings configuration of this incremental replication is compared with the Profile Settings configuration of the former failed replication. Since all settings, content types, columns, and other configurations are the same this incremental replication is skipped and the contents are not replicated. However, the corresponding contents do not exist in the destination since the former job failed. This tool is used to delete the useless Profile Settings configuration from failed jobs, thus ensuring that the incremental replication completes successfully.

To delete a failed job's Profile Settings configuration, run the tool by completing the following steps:

1. Use a DocAve Agent Account to run this tool. Right-click **SP2010ReplicatorAnalyzer.exe/SP2013ReplicatorAnalyzer.exe** file, and select **Run as Administrator**.
2. In the Command Line Interface, enter the command to browse to the **SP2010ReplicatorAnalyzer.exe/SP2013ReplicatorAnalyzer.exe** file, and press **Enter**.

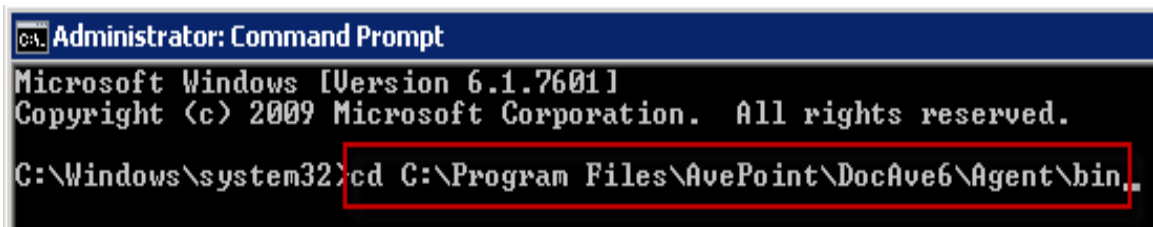
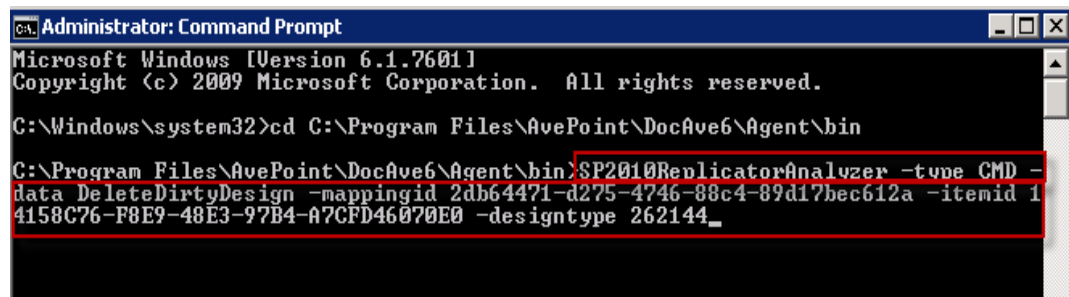


Figure 10: Location of the Replicator Analyzer Tool.

3. Input the following command to delete the configuration according to the specified condition. The format of the command is **SP2010ReplicatorAnalyzer** (or **SP2013ReplicatorAnalyzer**)–type

CMD –data DeleteDirtyDesign –mappingid [MappingID] –itemid [ItemID] –designType [DesignType]

- **SP2010ReplicatorAnalyzer** (or **SP2013ReplicatorAnalyzer**) – Execute the **Replicator Analyzer** tool.
- **-type CMD** – Run the tool by CMD command.
- **-data DeleteDirtyDesign** – Enable the function of deleting configuration.
- **-mappingid[MappingID]** – Get configuration according to specified Mapping ID. **[MappingID]** is required to be entered. The following steps describe how to find the Mapping ID of your desired job.
 - In DocAve Manager, click **Job Monitor** to enter the interface.
 - In the Job Monitor interface, select your desired job, and then click **View Mappings** on the ribbon. The View Mappings tab appears.
 - In the **Job ID** column, the character strings after **_** is the Mapping ID. For example, the Job ID is **RP20120830041514729574_2db64471-d275-4746-88c4-89d17bec612a**. The Mapping ID is **2db64471-d275-4746-88c4-89d17bec612a**.
- **-itemid[ItemID]** (Optional) – Filter configuration according to specified Item ID. Item ID is the ID of a SharePoint object and it can be found in SharePoint Content Database.
- **-designType[DesignType]** (Optional)– Further filter configuration according to specified Design Type. Design Type is the type of configuration. It is strongly recommended contacting with our technical staff to help you gain Design Type if you need to delete configuration of a specified Design Type in a Mapping.



```
Administrator: Command Prompt
Microsoft Windows [Version 6.1.7601]
Copyright (c) 2009 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Windows\system32>cd C:\Program Files\AvePoint\DocAve6\Agent\bin

C:\Program Files\AvePoint\DocAve6\Agent\bin>SP2010ReplicatorAnalyzer -type CMD -
data DeleteDirtyDesign -mappingid 2db64471-d275-4746-88c4-89d17bec612a -itemid 1
4158C76-F8E9-48E3-97B4-A7CFD46070E0 -designtype 262144_
```

Figure 11: Example of running the Replicator Analyzer Tool.

***Note:** If you only set Mapping ID as the condition, enter the command like the following example: *SP2010ReplicatorAnalyzer (or SP2013ReplicatorAnalyzer) –type CMD –data DeleteDirtyDesign –mappingid 2db64471-d275-4746-88c4-89d17bec612a*.

4. Press **Enter** to run the tool and delete the failed job's configuration.

Modifying the Configuration File in Bulk

The Replicator Analyzer tool helps you to modify the SP2010Replicator.xml configuration file in bulk.

To modify the configuration file in bulk, run the tool by completing the following steps:

1. Use a DocAve Agent Account to run this tool. Right-click **SP2010ReplicatorAnalyzer.exe** file or **SP2013ReplicatorAnalyzer.exe** file, and select **Run as Administrator**.
1. In the Command Line Interface, enter the command to browse to the **SP2010ReplicatorAnalyzer.exe** file or **SP2013ReplicatorAnalyzer.exe** file, and press **Enter**.

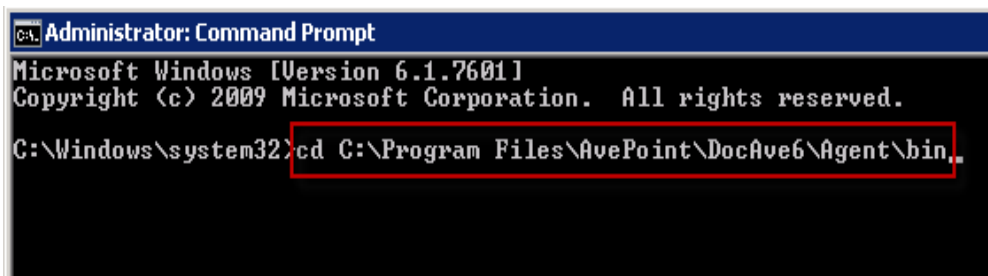


Figure 12: Location of the Replicator Analyzer Tool.

2. Enter the following command to modify the configuration file. The format of the command is **SP2010ReplicatorAnalyzer** (or **SP2013ReplicatorAnalyzer**) **-type CMD -data ModifyConfigurationFile -scope [Agent|AgentGroup|Farm|All] -scopeId [AgentHost|AgentGroupName|FarmId] -path -modifytype [Add|Delete|Modify] -value**
 - **SP2010ReplicatorAnalyzer** (or **SP2013ReplicatorAnalyzer**) – Execute the Replicator Analyzer tool.
 - **-type CMD** – Run the tool by CMD command.
 - **-data ModifyConfigurationFile** – Replicator Analyzer tool will modify the configuration file.
 - **-scope [Agent|AgentGroup|Farm|All]** – The scope of the configuration file that you are about to modify. A DocAve agent, an agent group, a farm, or all of the DocAve Agents that register to DocAve Manager.
 - **-scopeId [AgentHost|AgentGroupName|FarmId]** – The ID of your selected scope. The Agent Host of the DocAve Agent, the agent group name, or the farm ID.
***Note:** If the parameter of **scope** is **All**, here you do not need to enter the scope ID.
 - **- path** – The path of the element in the configuration file.
***Note:** The entered path is case sensitive.
 - Modify the attribute of an element – For example, if you want to modify the attribute "IsDeleteDefaultList" of the element "ScheduleConfiguration", the parameter of path is "Configuration/ReplicatorConfig/ScheduleConfiguration".
 - Add an element – For example, if you want to add an element under "NonReplicationLists", the parameter of path is "Configuration/ReplicatorConfig/FilterConfiguration/NonReplicationLists".

- Delete an element – For example, if you want to delete an element from “NonReplicationLists”, the parameter of path is “Configuration/ReplicatorConfig/FilterConfiguration/NonReplicationLists”.
- **-modifytype [Add | Delete | Modify]** – Add, delete, or modify an element.
- **-value** – The value of the element.
 - Modify the attribute – “value”.
For example, **-value “IsDeleteDefaultList:True”**.
 - Add an element with single attribute – “type:typeName;innertext:attribute value”.
For example, **-value “type:List;innertext:list1”**.
 - Add an element with multiple attributes – “type:typeName;attribute1: attribute 1 value;attribute2:attributea value”.
For example, **-value “type:List;Name:list1;Template:template1”**.
 - Delete an element with single attribute – “innertext:attribute value”.
For example, **-value “innertext:list1”**.
 - Delete an element with multiple attributes – “attribute1:attribute1;attribute2:attribute2 value”.
For example, **-value “Name:list1;Template:template1”**.

***Note:** The entered attribute name and attribute value are case sensitive.

AgentToolDataTransferGUI

The Data Transfer Service Tool is used to check the newly added and modified data in the source export location and transfer the new data to the destination export location. Then the import job is triggered automatically and the new data is imported to the destination node. The Data Transfer Service Tool is integrated with Replicator's differential compression function.

In order to use the differential compression function, Remote Differential Compression must be configured in your operating system on the servers where the source and destination DocAve Agents are installed.

System Requirements

Refer to the following information to configure the Remote Differential Compression for your DocAve Agent servers. For the Windows Server 2003 operating system, Remote Differential Compression MSI must be configured first:

1. Navigate to the following locations to download the installation file of Remote Differential Compression MSI according to the version of your operating system:

<http://download.microsoft.com/download/e/e/0/ee02f60b-c002-47f7-a92b-8d7a58561cd9/AMD64FRE/msrdcoob.exe> (For the processors except the IA64 processor)

<http://download.microsoft.com/download/e/e/0/ee02f60b-c002-47f7-a92b-8d7a58561cd9/IA64FRE/msrdcoob.exe> (Only for IA64 processor)

<http://download.microsoft.com/download/e/e/0/ee02f60b-c002-47f7-a92b-8d7a58561cd9/X86FRE/msrdcoob.exe> (Only for X86 operating system)

3. After downloading the specified installation file of Remote Differential Compression MSI, double-click the downloaded file.
4. Select the **I Agree** option to agree with the license agreement.
5. Click **Next** on the Software Update Installation Wizard and finish the installation.

For the Windows Server 2008 operating system, complete the following steps to install the Remote Differential Compression feature:

1. Navigate to **Start > Administrative Tools > Server Manager > Features Summary > Add Features**.
6. Select the checkbox in front of the **Remote Differential Compression** feature in the pop-up window.

7. Click **Install** to install it.

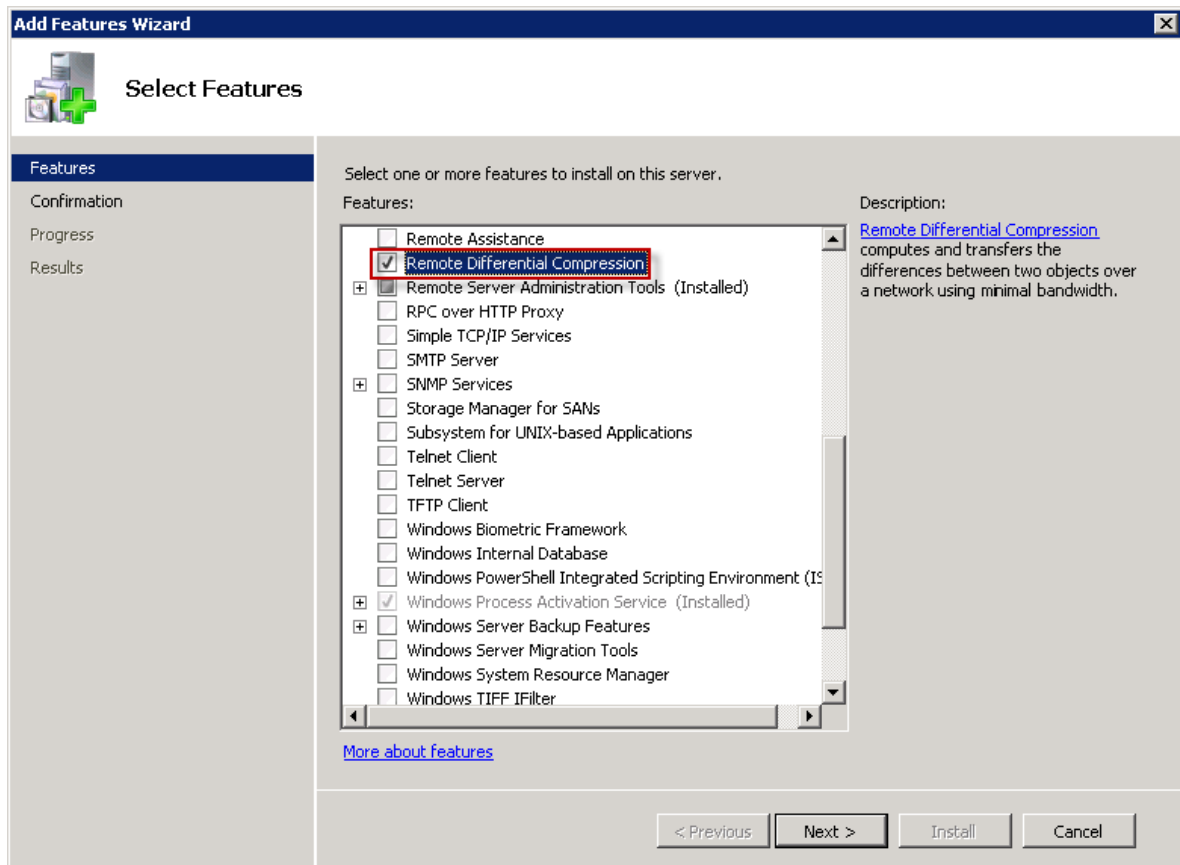


Figure 13: Remote Differential Compression in Windows Server 2008 operating system.

For the Windows Server 2012 operating system, complete the following steps to install the Remote Differential Compression feature:

1. Navigate to **Start > Administrative Tools > Server Manager > Local Server/All Servers > ROLES AND FEATURES**.
2. Click **TASKS** and select **Add Roles and Features**.
3. In the **Features** section, select the checkbox in front of the **Remote Differential Compression** feature.
4. Click **Install** to install it.

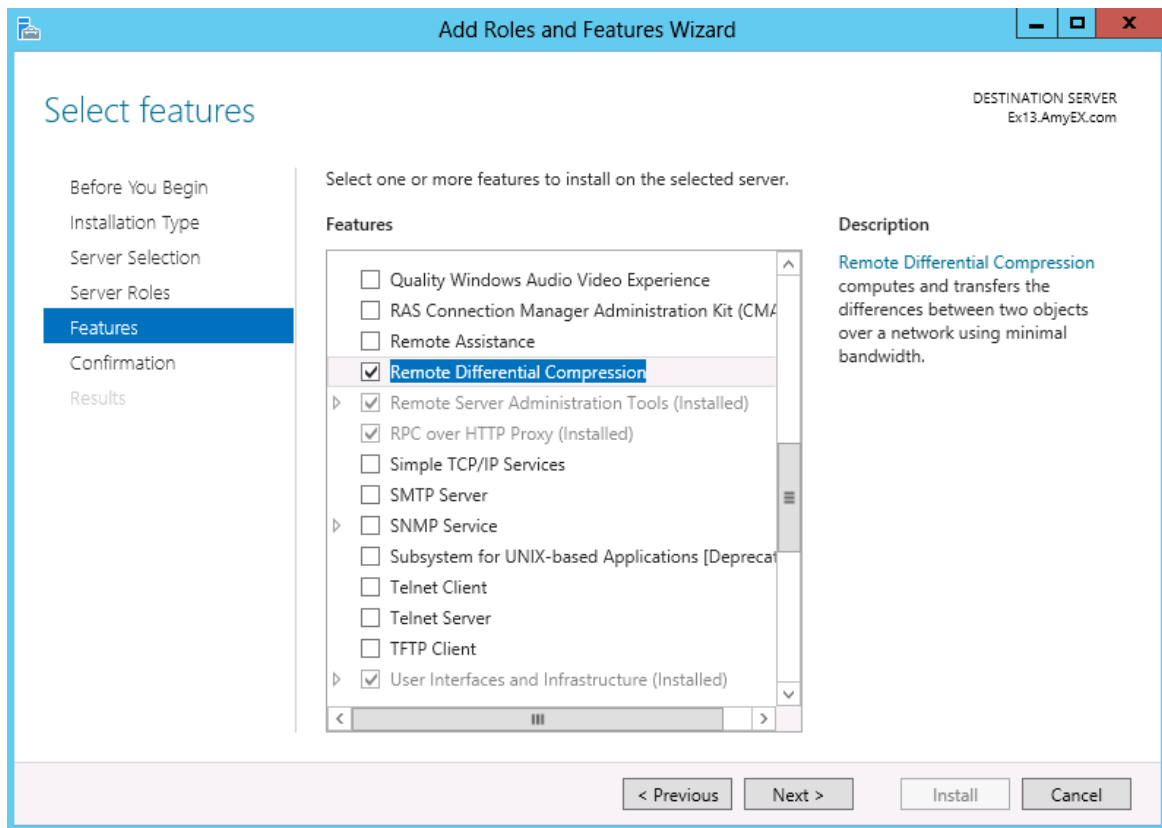


Figure 14: Remote Differential Compression in Windows Server 2012 operating system.

Enabling Differential Compression

To use the Data Transfer Service Tool, you must enable differential compression first by completing the following steps:

1. In DocAve Manager, navigate to **Administration > Replicator > Profile Settings > Export Profile**. In the **Advanced Options** sub-profile, select the **Differential data compression** checkbox. After configuring other settings, save this main profile.
8. In the **Home** tab, enable **Data Export**, then select your desired source node and a previously configured source export location.
9. Select the previously configured main profile and click **Add to Queue**.
10. Click **Save As a Plan** to create a replication plan and then run an offline replication job to export the data to the source export location.

Configuring Data Transfer Service Tool

To configure the Data Transfer Service Tool, complete the following steps:

1. On the servers where the source and destination DocAve Agent are installed, create an INI file named **AgentToolDataTransfer** in the path where the **AgentToolDataTransferGUI.exe** resides respectively. By default, the **AgentToolDataTransferGUI.exe** is located in the Agent installation path: ... \AvePoint\DocAve6\Agent\bin.
11. In the source **AgentToolDataTransfer.ini** file, configure the following information.
 - host: Control Service Host
 - port: Control Service Port
 - user: The user who can log in Control Service
 - plan: The import plan name
 - ***Note:** Only one plan is supported.
 - enablessl: Enable SSL or not.

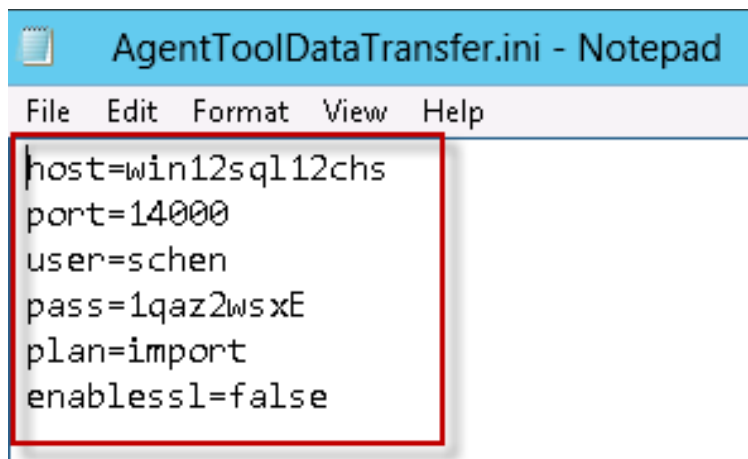


Figure 15: The source AgentToolDataTransfer.ini file.

12. In the destination **AgentToolDataTransfer.ini** file, enter the path of **Cmdlet.dll** file: ... \AvePoint\DocAve6\Shell\DocAveModules\DocAveModule\Cmdlet.dll.

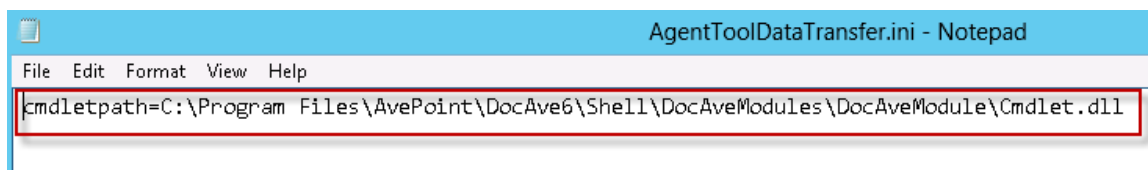


Figure 16: The destination AgentToolDataTransfer.ini file.

13. On the server where the destination DocAve Agent is installed, navigate to ... \AvePoint\DocAve6\Agent\bin. Find the **AgentToolDataTransferGUI.exe** file and right-click it to select **Run as administrator**.

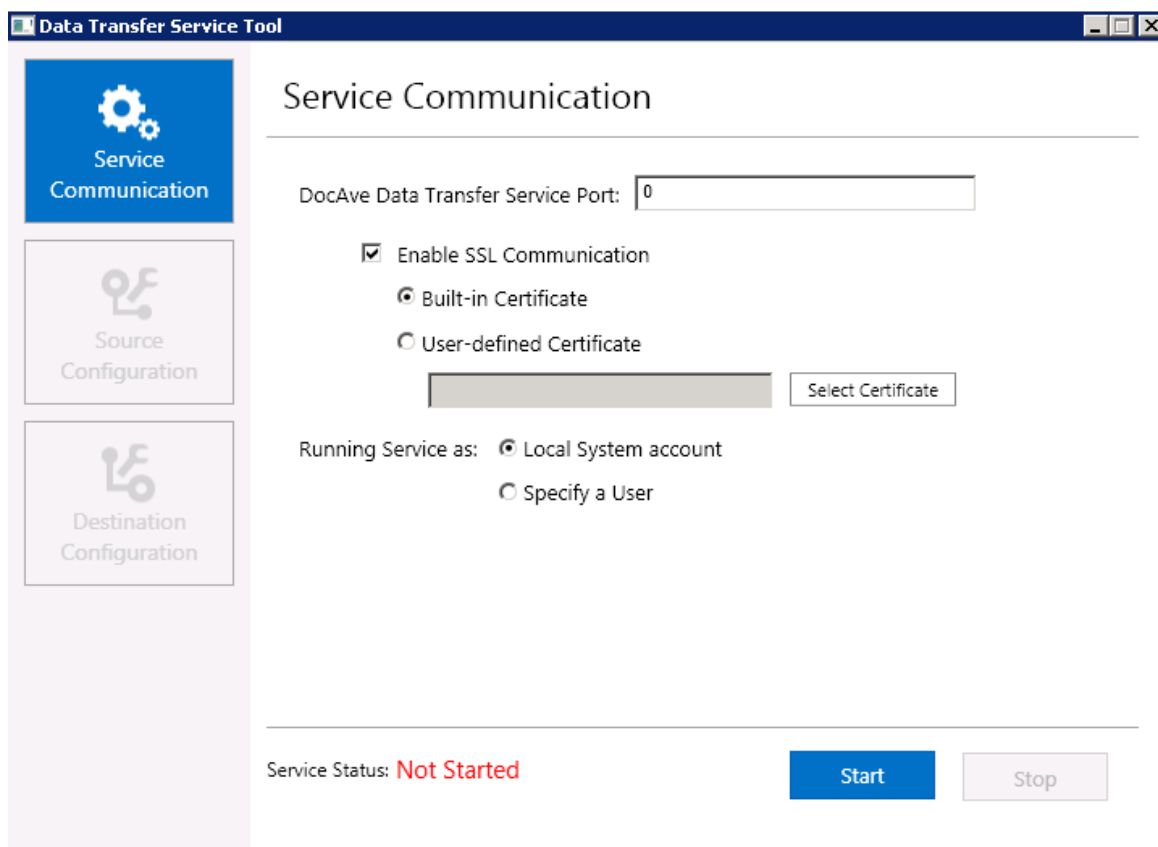


Figure 17: The Data Transfer Service Tool interface.

- a. In **Service Communication**, complete the following configurations:
 - **DocAve Data Transfer Service Port** – Enter the service port in the text box.
 - **Enable SSL Communication** – Select this option to enable the secure encrypted transmission of data and then select the certificate.
 - **Built-in Certificate** – Use the built-in certificate.
 - **User-defined Certificate** – Click **Select Certificate** to select your desired certificate.
 - Select running service as **Local System account** or specify a user to run the service.
 - Click **Start** to start the service.
- *Note:** If you choose **Specify a User** to run the service, the **Set Service Login** window pops up. Enter the username and password in the corresponding text boxes. The user requires at least read/write permission to the destination export location.

- b. Click **Destination Configuration** and enter the destination export location which is configured in DocAve Manager. Click **Apply** to apply the destination configuration settings.
- 14. In the server where the source DocAve Agent is installed, navigate to ... \AvePoint\DocAve6\Agent\bin. Find the **AgentToolDataTransferGUI.exe** file and right-click it to select **Run as administrator**.
 - a. In **Service Communication**, complete the following configurations:
 - **DocAve Data Transfer Service Port** – Enter the service port in the text box.
 - **Enable SSL Communication** – Select this option to enable the secure encrypted transmission of data and then select the certificate.
 - **Built-in Certificate** – Use the built-in certificate.
 - **User-defined Certificate** – Click **Select Certificate** to select your desired certificate.
 - Select running service as **Local System account** or specify a user to run the service.
 - Click **Start** to start the service.

***Note:** If you choose **Specify a User** to run the service, the **Set Service Login** window pops up. Enter the username and password in the corresponding text boxes. The user requires at least read/write permission to the destination export location.
 - b. Click **Source Configuration** and enter the **Source Location**, **Destination Host**, and **Destination Port** in the corresponding textbox. Click **Validation Test** to test the communication. Then click **Apply** to apply the source configuration settings.

15. The source data will be transferred to the destination export location.

***Note:** If you want to configure the Data Transfer Service Tool on the servers where no DocAve Agents are installed, copy the **AgentToolDataTransfer.exe** file, the **AgentToolDataTransferGUI.exe** file, and the **DocAveModules** folder to your desired path. If so, the path of **Cmdlet.dll** file entered in the destination **AgentToolDataTransfer.ini** file is ... \DocAveModules\DocAveModule\Cmdlet.dll. By default, the **AgentToolDataTransfer.exe** file and the **AgentToolDataTransferGUI.exe** file are in ... \AvePoint\DocAve6\Agent\bin of the server where DocAve Agent is installed. The **DocAveModules** folder is in ... \AvePoint\DocAve6\Shell of the server where DocAve Agent is installed.

Triggering Import Automatically

To automatically trigger an import, complete the following steps:

1. In DocAve Manager, create a Replicator import plan.

***Note:** The plan name must be the same as the one you configured in the INI file.

16. Run an import job to test whether the data can be imported properly.
17. When new data is added in the source, run an export job and the import job will be triggered.
The exported data will be replicated to the destination location.

DocAve URL Convert Tool

This tool allows you to convert any URLs to the specified ones in the selected scope (Web Application, Site Collection, Site, or List).

***Note:** When converting the URL in the document content for SharePoint 2013, some properties of the document will be changed at the same time. For example, the modified time of the document will be updated.

How to Use This Tool

To use the DocAve URL Convert tool, complete the following steps:

***Note:** Make sure the user who runs this tool has enough permissions.

Local System permission:

- User is a member of the local **Administrators** group.

SharePoint permissions:

- User is a member of the Farm **Administrators** group. Since Administrator works across farms and on all SharePoint settings and configurations, this account is needed in order to provide the best and most complete quality of service.
- Policy for Web Application: Full Control
- User Profile Service Application permissions:
 - Create Personal Site (required for personal storage, newsfeed, and followed content)
 - Follow People and Edit Profile
 - Use Tags and Notes
 - Full Control
- Managed Metadata Service: Term Store Administrator
- Business Data Connectivity Service: Full Control
- Search Service: Full Control

SQL permission:

- Database Role of **db_owner** for all the databases related with SharePoint, including Content Databases, Configuration Database, and Central Admin Database.
1. Navigate to ... \Program Files\AvePoint\DocAve6\Agent\bin in the machine where the DocAve Agent is installed.

2. Run the **AgentToolSP2010ConvertURL.exe/AgentToolSP2013ConvertURL.exe** found in the bin folder according to your SharePoint. The **DocAve URL Convert Tool** interface appears.
3. Select the **Level** of the URLs you want to convert from the **Level** drop-down list. Four levels are available: **Web Application**, **Site Collection**, **Site**, and **List**.
4. Enter the URL of the specified level where you want to change the links in the **Scope URL** field.
5. Two URL converting modes are available: **Single Mapping** and **Bulk Mapping**.

Single Mapping enables to you to convert the selected URL to another one in the specified scope; **Bulk Mapping** enables you to convert the selected URLs to the corresponding ones in bulk in the specified scope.

- a. **Single Mapping** – Click the **Single Mapping** radio button to enable the Single Mapping.
 - Enter the URL that you want to convert in the **Find URL** field.
 - Enter the URL that the specified URL will be converted to in the **Replace with URL** field.
 - b. **Bulk Mapping** – Click the **Bulk Mapping** radio button to enable the Bulk Mapping.
 - Click **Upload** to upload the previously created xml file that contains URL mappings. For more information about creating an xml file, refer to the [Creating the XML File](#) section.
6. After configuring the URL replacing settings, you can Click **Option>>** to configure the advanced settings if necessary. The specified URLs will be converted using the default advanced settings if you do not change it.

To configure the advanced settings, complete the following steps:

- a. **Conversion Options** – Two options are available: **Case-Sensitive** and **Replace Relative URL**.
 - **Case-Sensitive** – The URLs you entered are case sensitive with this option selected.
 - **Replace Relative URL** – Only the relative URL of the specified URL will be replaced with this option selected. For example, set the value of **Find URL** as <http://AvePoint2/sites/siteB> and the value of **Replace with URL** as <http://AvePoint/sites/siteA>. With this option selected, the URL <http://AvePoint2/sites/siteB> will be changed to <http://AvePoint2/sites/siteA> after converting. If this option is not selected, the URL will be changed to <http://AvePoint/sites/siteA> after converting.
- b. **Object Level** – You can also convert the specified URLs to the corresponding ones in the following scopes by selecting the corresponding checkbox. By default, the URLs will not be changed in these scopes if the corresponding checkboxes are not selected.
 - **Item** – Replace the URL if it exists in the item's properties.

***Note:** This option works only when the **Single Mapping** mode is selected.

- **Web Part** – Replace the URLs that locate in the following types of Web parts in customized pages: **Content Editor** Web part, **Image Viewer** Web part, and the **Page Viewer** Web part.
- **Article Page** – Replace the URL for the properties (Page Content and Page Image and Summary Link Field Control) of Article Page/Welcome Page in the **Pages** list.
- **Document** – Replace the URL that exists in the Word or Excel in the document library including the uploaded Word or Excel.

***Note:** This option works only on the machine that has Office 2010 installed.

- Report Location** – Click **Modify** to select a location to store the job reports. By default, the location is the desktop.
- You can click **Test Run** to simulate the URL converting as you configured, or click **Replace** to start converting the URLs as you have defined above. After clicking **Test Run** or **Replace**, a **Detail Report** will be generated in the specified report location, and an **Error Report** will be generated only when errors occurred during the URL converting. You can view the URL replacing details in the corresponding job report.
 - Click **Exit** to exit this tool.

Creating the XML File

Create an xml file as the screenshot below for Bulk Mapping mode. Change the values of the **Mapping find** attribute and the **replaceWith** attribute to the URLs you want to convert and to be converted to respectively.

```
<MappingPairs>
  <Mapping find="http://AvePoint/sites/siteA" replaceWith="http://AvePoint/sites/siteB" />
  <Mapping find="/TestLink1" replaceWith="/TestLink2" />
  <Mapping find="/link1/link2" replaceWith="/link3/link4" />
  <Mapping find="link1" replaceWith="link5" />
</MappingPairs>
```

Figure 18: The xml file for the DocAve URL Convert Tool.

To create an xml file, complete the following steps:

- Create a txt document.
- Enter a **MappingPairs** node in the created txt document.
- Enter the **Mapping find** and **replace with** attributes under this node.
 - **Mapping find** – Enter the URL that you want to convert.
 - **replaceWith** – Enter the URL that you want the specified URL to be converted to.

Enter more groups of mapping attributes to add more mappings.

- Save this txt document in the xml format after setting up the URL replacing mappings.

***Note:** If you set up several replaced policies for one URL, only the deepest URL can be replaced. Take the mapping XML file above as an example. After running the tool, the URL

http://avepoint/sites/TestSite/link1/link2 will be changed to

http://avepoint/sites/TestSite/link3/link4 other than **http://avepoint/sites/TestSite/link5/link2**.

DocAve Migrator Tool

The DocAve Migrator Tool is mainly designed to scan the source data for migration, generate the scan report for your reference, and set up security mapping that can be used when performing a DocAve migration job.

You can use the Migrator Tool to scan source data from Lotus Notes, Quickr, eRoom, File System, Exchange Public Folder, EMC Documentum, and Livelink. For different sources, refer to the different sections for details of how to use the tool.

Accessing DocAve Migrator Tool

To access the DocAve Migrator Tool and leverage its functionalities, complete the following steps:

1. Go to the installation directory of DocAve Agent, and browse to ... \AvePoint\DocAve6\Agent\bin.
2. Double-click **MigratorTool.exe** to start this tool. The main interface appears.

***Note:** Make sure the user who runs DocAve Migrator Tool is a member of the local **Administrators** group on the server with DocAve Agent installed.

File System Migration

On the Migrator Tool main interface, click **File System Migration** to start. For a File System migration, use the Migrator Tool to complete the following steps:

- **Connection Management** – Edit, create, or delete a NetShare connection.
- **File Property Explorer** – Check the detailed information and permissions of files in the local device or a specific NetShare connection.
- **Scan Analysis** – Select the source file, configure scan analysis settings, and run a scan analysis job for evaluating the risks in your source content according to the scan analysis settings before executing the file system migration job.
- **Security Mappings** – Configure the domain mapping, group mapping, and user mapping and then export the security mappings information to the XML file.

Configuring Connection Management

Connection Management helps users to edit, create, or delete a NetShare connection. To create a new NetShare connection, complete the following steps:

1. Navigate to **Migrator Tool > File System Migration > Connection Management**.
2. Enter the **Connection Name**, **UNC Path**, and the corresponding **Username** and **Password**.

3. Click **Save** when you complete the settings.

To edit an existing NetShare connection, complete the following steps:

1. Select a NetShare connection in the **NetShare Connections** box.
2. Click **Edit** that appears at the end of the selected connection.
3. Modify the **Connection Name**, **UNC Path**, and the corresponding **Username** and **Password**.
4. Click **Save** when you complete the settings.

To delete an existing NetShare connection, complete the following steps:

1. Select a NetShare connection in the **NetShare Connections** box.
2. Click the delete (✖) button that appears at the end of the selected connection.
3. Click **OK** when the pop-up message displays to make sure that you really want to delete this connection.

Configuring File Property Explorer

To check the detailed information and permissions of files in the local device or a specific NetShare connection, complete the following steps:

1. Navigate to **Migrator Tool > File System Migration > File Property Explorer**.
2. Select **Local scope** if you want to check files in the local device. Select a specific **NetShare connection** if you want to check files in this connection.
3. Expand the data tree on the left pane to locate the desired folder. All of the files in this folder are displayed on the right pane. The **Name**, **Size**, **Date Modified**, and **Location** information is listed.
4. Select the desired file. The file's properties and permissions will be displayed in the **Permissions** and **Details** area.

Performing a Scan Analysis

Scan analysis evaluates the risks in your source content according to the scan analysis settings before executing a file system migration job. After a scan analysis job completes, you will get an Excel report for the risks defined by the threshold settings you have configured. To scan the specified source contents, complete the following steps:

1. Navigate to **Migrator Tool > File System Migration > Scan Analysis**.
2. Select the source content from the local device or a specific NetShare connection for scan.
3. Click **Next** after you select the desired source content, or click **New Scan** to clear the current selection and start a new scan.
4. Select a filter policy or create a new filter policy to filter your desired source objects for the scan. If you do not want to use a filter policy, skip this step.

5. Configure the **Scan Analysis Settings** to set the rules.

***Note:** The source content that matches the rules will be clarified and the details will be added to the comment in the scan report. For each scan option, you are required to define a classification for the content matching your settings. Select a classification category from the **Classification** drop-down list. In the generated scan report, the contents matching the scan options settings will be marked with the classification you specified in the **Classification** column to group the scan results.

- **Blocked file types in SharePoint** – Click **Show Details** to view the file types that are blocked in SharePoint. You can delete or add file types in the text box according to your requirements.
- **Character Length** – Configure Target SharePoint library/folder URL and character length limitation settings.
 - **Target SharePoint library/list URL** – Enter the destination SharePoint library/list URL into this text box in the format:
http://www.avepoint.net/sites/subsite/library/folder.
 - **Length of the file name exceeds** – The default value is 80, and the scale you can set is from 1 to 128. If the character length of the file name (consisting of the file name, the period (.), and extension name) exceeds the limitation you set, the extra characters at end of the file name are pruned.
 - **Length of the folder name exceeds** – The default value is 60, and the scale you can set is from 1 to 128.
 - **Length of the SharePoint URL exceeds** – The default value is 255, and the scale you can set is from 1 to 260. The length of the SharePoint URL is calculated from the first character of the managed path, that is “/”.
- **File size exceeds** – Scan the item whose size exceeds the specified value. Enter the value in the blank text box and the unit is MB. By default, the item whose size exceeds 50 MB is scanned.
- **Illegal characters in folder/file name in SharePoint** – Scan the files and folders whose name contains the illegal characters. Click **Show Details** to view the illegal characters. You can delete or add illegal characters in the text box according to your requirements.
- **Folder name ended with illegal extensions** – Scan the folders with a name ending with an illegal extension name. For example, if is a folder named **abc_bylos** and **_bylos** is the illegal extension name, this folder will be clarified as the clarification category you set in the scan report. Click **Show Details** to view the illegal extension names.
- **Folder/file name contains two consecutive periods (..)** – Scan the files and folders whose name contains consecutive periods.

6. Choose one of the following options:

- Click **Next** to proceed to the next step.
- Click **Back** to go to the previous step to review and modify your selection.

- Click **New Scan** to clear the current scan rules and go back to the **Source Data Selection** step.
7. Click **Browse** to select a location to store the scan report.
 8. Click **Scan** to start the job. You can view the real-time progress.
 9. After the scan is completed, **Scan Analysis Summary** information is listed, and you can find the scan report in the specified location to view detailed information.

Configuring Security Mappings

Configure Security Mappings to manage domain mappings, user mappings, and group mappings. Click the **Security Mappings** tab to access Security Mappings.

Configuring LDAP Settings

Before configuring the security mappings, you must configure **LDAP Settings** first by completing the following steps:

1. Click the **LDAP Settings** link. The **LDAP Settings** window appears.
2. In the **LDAP Settings** interface, configure the following settings:
 - **Type** – Choose to configure the settings for a source domain or a destination domain by selecting the corresponding radio button.
 - **LDAP Path** – Enter the IP address or host name of the server where the domain controller is installed.
 - **Username** – Enter the name of the user who has the permission to access the LDAP server.
 - **Password** – Enter the password of the user.
3. Click **Add** to save the LDAP settings. The domain information is displayed in the **Domains** table. Click **Reset** to clear the current configuration and configure new settings.
4. After configuring the LDAP settings for the source domain and the destination domain, click **Close** to close the **LDAP Settings** window.

Configuring Domain Mappings

To configure a domain mapping, click the **Domain Mapping** tab in the **Security Mappings** interface, and then complete the following steps:

1. Select a source domain in the **Source Domain Name** field.
2. Select a destination domain in the **Destination Domain Name** field.
3. Click **Add** to create a domain mapping. Click the delete (✖) button that appears at the end of the domain mapping to delete the mapping.
4. Click **Export to XML File** to export the mapping to an XML file.

***Note:** DocAve supports importing the exported domain mapping XML file to **Control Panel > Mapping Manager > Domain Mapping**.

***Note:** The configured domain mapping takes effect in a file system migration job once the following conditions are both met:

- The XML file is stored in ... \AvePoint\DocAve6\Agent\data\Migrator\FileMigrator directory.
- The value of the attribute **ExternalSecurity** in **FileSystemMigrationConfiguration.xml** file is **True**. The **FileSystemMigrationConfiguration.xml** file resides in ... \AvePoint\DocAve6\Agent\data\Migrator\FileMigrator.

Configuring User Mappings

To configure a user mapping, click the **User Mapping** tab in the **Security Mappings** interface, and then complete the following steps:

1. Select a source domain from the first drop-down list.
2. Click **Load** to access the **Load Source User** window.
3. Optionally, select the **Use filter rules** checkbox to filter the source users by configuring the following settings:
 - a. Click **Add a Criterion** to add a filter rule.
 - b. Select a rule from the **Rule** drop-down list to determine filter the source users by **Login Name**, **Display Name**, **First Name**, or **Last Name**.
 - c. Select a filter condition from the **Condition** drop-down list to decide how to work on the filter rule. The selected rule **Starts With** or **Contains** the specified value. Select **By Regex** to filter users by regular expression.
 - d. Enter your desired value or regular expression in the **Value** text box.

Click **Add a Criterion** to and repeat the steps above to add multiple rules. There are two logics currently: **And** and **Or**. By default, the logic is set to **And**. If desired, change the logic to **Or** by selecting it from the drop-down list. **And** means the user that meets all of the filter criteria will be added to the user mapping. **Or** means the user that meets any one of the filter criteria will be added into the user mapping.

Click the delete (✖) button to delete a filter rule.

4. Click **Load** to load the source users, and close the **Load Source User** window.
5. Select a source domain from the second drop-down list.
6. Click **Load** to access the **Load Destination User** window.
7. Optionally, select the **Use filter rules** checkbox to filter the source users. For details, refer to step [3](#).

8. Click **Load** to load the destination users and close the **Load Destination User** window.
9. The loaded source/destination users are displayed in the **Source Username/Destination Username** field.
10. Select a source user and a destination user, and then click **Add** to create a user mapping.
11. To add a new source or destination user, click **Add a Source User** or **Add a Destination User**. The **Add Users** window appears.
12. Click **Add** and enter the username in the text box, or click the delete (X) button to delete the newly added user.
13. Click **Save** to save your configurations, or click **Cancel** to cancel your configurations.
14. On the right pane, select the **Show default matched users** checkbox to display the default matched users. The source users and the destination users are matched based on the login name without domain.

For example, there is a source user **source\administrator** and a destination user **destination\administrator**. The name **administrator** is the same and they are matched.

***Note:** When the **Show default matched users** checkbox is selected, it is unsupported to manually add a user to the right pane.

15. Click **Export to XML File** to export the mapping to an XML file.

***Note:** DocAve supports importing the exported user mapping XML file to **Control Panel > Mapping Manager > User Mapping**.

***Note:** The configured user mapping takes effect in a file system migration job once the following conditions are both met:

- The XML file is stored in ...\\AvePoint\\DocAve6\\Agent\\data\\Migrator\\FileMigrator directory.
- The value of the attribute **ExternalSecurity** in **FileSystemMigrationConfiguration.xml** file is **True**. The **FileSystemMigrationConfiguration.xml** file resides in ...\\AvePoint\\DocAve6\\Agent\\data\\Migrator\\FileMigrator.

Configuring Group Mappings

To configure a group mapping, click the **Group Mapping** tab in the **Security Mappings** interface, and then complete the following steps:

1. Select a source domain from the first drop-down list.
2. Click **Load** to access the **Load Source Group** window.
3. Optionally, select the **Use filter rules** checkbox to filter the source groups.
 - a. Click **Add a Criterion** to add a filter rule.

- b. Select **Group Name** from the **Rule** drop-down list to filter the source groups by group name.
- c. Select a filter condition from the **Condition** drop-down list to decide how to work on the filter rule. The group name **Starts With** or **Contains** the specified value. Select **By Regex** to filter groups by regular expression.
- d. Enter your desired value or regular expression in the **Value** text box.

Click **Add a Criterion** to and repeat the steps above to add multiple rules. There are two logics currently. **And** and **Or**. By default, the logic is set to **And**. If desired, change the logic to **Or** by selecting it from the drop-down list. **And** means the group that meets all of the filter rules will be added to the group mapping. **Or** means the group that meets any one of the filter rules will be added into the group mapping.

Click the delete (X) button to delete a filter rule.

4. Click **Load** to load the source groups and close the **Load Source Group** window.
5. Select a destination domain from the second drop-down list.
6. Click **Load** to access the **Load Destination Group** window.
7. Optionally, select the **Use filter rules** checkbox to filter the source users. For details, refer to step [3](#).
8. Click **Load** to load the destination groups and close the **Load Destination Group** window.
9. Click **Export to XML File** to export the mapping to an XML file.

***Note:** DocAve supports importing the exported group mapping XML file to **Control Panel > Mapping Manager > Group Mapping**.

***Note:** The configured group mapping takes effect in a file system migration job once the following conditions are both met:

- The XML file is stored in ... \AvePoint\DocAve6\Agent\data\Migrator\FileMigrator directory.
- The value of the attribute **ExternalSecurity** in **FileSystemMigrationConfiguration.xml** file is **True**. The **FileSystemMigrationConfiguration.xml** file resides in ... \AvePoint\DocAve6\Agent\data\Migrator\FileMigrator.

Exchange Public Folder Migration

Before performing an Exchange Public Folder Migration job, you can use the DocAve Migrator Tool to implement the following functions:

- Scan the source public folder contents. The contents in the selected nodes will be recorded in the scan report and the contents that match the configured rules will be marked with a comment for your reference.
- Configure the security mapping. DocAve Migrator tool can export the security mapping settings to an XML file and you can import this XML file to DocAve for use in running migration jobs.

To access the Exchange Public Folder Migration section of DocAve Migrator tool, click **Exchange Public Folder Migration** on the **DocAve Migrator Tool** main interface. The **Exchange Public Folder Migration** interface appears with the **Connection Management** page selected.

***Note:** Make sure the tool you launched is at the machine that can connect to the Exchange Server.

Refer to the following sections below for details about configuring the Exchange Public Folder connection settings, performing the scan analysis, and configuring security mapping settings.

Configuring Exchange Public Folder Connection

To perform the scan, you must configure the Exchange public folder connection so that the tool can access the Exchange Public Folder by completing the following steps:

1. In the **Connection Management** interface, find the **Configure Exchange Connection** area.
2. Configure the following settings:
 - **Connection Name** – Enter a name in the text box for the Exchange public folder connection.
 - **Access Method** – Select the access method according to the Exchange server.
 - Select **WebDAV (Exchange 2000/2003/2007)** if using Exchange Server 2000/2003/2007.
 - Select **Web Services (Exchange 2007/2010/2013)** if using Exchange Server 2007/2010/2013.
 - Select **MAPI (Exchange 2000 or above versions)** if using Exchange Server 2000 or above versions.

For Exchange Server 2007, both **WebDAV** and **Web Services** are applicable.

- **Username** and **Password** – Enter the username (domain\username) and the password for accessing Exchange Public Folder. It is recommended to specify an administrator here in order to have the required permission to load all data.
- **Exchange URL** (for WebDAV and Web Services) – Enter the URL of the Exchange Public Folder that the tool accesses to. An example is shown in the **Exchange URL** text box.
- **Outlook Profile** (for MAPI only) – Enter the Outlook profile that the tool accesses to.

***Note:** You can find the existing profiles by navigating to **Control Panel > Mail (32-bit) > Show Profiles** on the source server. If no profile can be found, create a new one.

3. Click **Save** to save this connection, or click **Reset** to reset the connection. The saved connection will be listed in the **Exchange Connections** area below.
4. In the **Exchange Connections** area, click **Edit** in each line to edit the corresponding connection, or click the delete (X) button to delete the connection.

Scanning

After configuring the Exchange connections, click **Scan Analysis** to go to the **Scan Analysis** interface. There are three steps to perform the scan analysis: **Source Data Selection**, **Scan Analysis Settings**, and **Scan and Results**.

Source Data Selection

In the **Source Data Selection** step, configure the settings by completing the following steps:

1. Select an existing Exchange connection from the drop-down menu, or click **New Exchange Connection** to create a new Exchange connection directly in the **Configure Exchange Connection** pop-up window. For detailed information on create a new connection, refer to [Configuring Exchange Public Folder Connection](#).
2. Click the **Public Folders** to expand the data tree, and select the nodes that you want to scan.
3. Click **Next** to go to step 2, or click **New Scan** to restart the step 1's configuration.

Scan Analysis Settings

In the **Scan Analysis Settings** step, configure the scan analysis settings to set the rules. The source contents matching the rules will be marked with a comment in the scan report. For each scan option, select a classification from the **Classification** drop-down menu. In the scan report, the contents matching the scan options will be marked with the classification you specified in a **Classification** column to help you group the scan results.

For detailed information on the scan options, refer to the following steps:

1. **Filter Policy** – Select an existing filter policy from the drop-down menu, or click **New Filter Policy** to create a new one. You can also click **Filter Policy Settings** to create new filter policies or manage the existing ones. For detailed information, refer to [Filter Policy Management](#).
2. **Block file types in SharePoint** – Click **Show Details** to view the file types that are blocked in SharePoint. You can delete or add file types in the text box according to your requirements.
3. **Character Length** – Configure character length limitations for the SharePoint URL, filename, and folder name. In SharePoint, the maximum length of SharePoint URL is **260** characters, and the maximum length of file name and folder name is **128** characters.
 - **Length of the file name exceeds** – The default value is 60, and the scale you can set is from 1 to 128. If the character length of the file name (consisting of the file name, the period (.), and extension name) exceeds the limitation you set, the extra characters at end of the file name are pruned.

- **Length of the folder name exceeds** – The default value is 80, and the scale you can set is from 1 to 128.
- **Length of the SharePoint URL exceeds** – The default value is 255, and the scale you can set is from 1 to 260. The length of the SharePoint URL is calculated from the first character of the managed path, that is “/”.

To check whether the length of the SharePoint URL exceeds the limitation, you must specify the length of your destination SharePoint URL by one of the following methods:

- **Target SharePoint URL** – Enter the URL of the destination SharePoint site.
 - **Target SharePoint URL length** – Enter the length of the destination SharePoint site URL. The length of the SharePoint site URL is calculated from the first character of the managed path, that is “/”.
4. **Illegal characters in folder/file name in SharePoint** – Scan the files and folders whose name contains the illegal characters. Click **Show Details** to view the illegal characters. You can delete or add illegal characters in the text box according to your requirements.
 5. **File size exceeds** – Scan the file whose size exceeds the specified value. Enter the value in the blank text box and the unit is MB. The default value is **50MB**.
 6. **Attachment Information** – Scan the attachment information in each item.

***Note:** Scanning the attachment information may take a long time.

- **Attachment size exceeds** – Scan the attachments whose size is larger than the specified value. Enter a value in the corresponding text box and the unit is **KB**.
 - **Attachment numbers exceeds** – Scan the number of attachments in an item that is more than the specified value. Enter a value in the corresponding text box.
7. **Hidden items** – Scan all of the hidden items in this source.
 8. **Folder/file name ends with illegal postfixes** – Scan the files and folders with a name ending with an illegal postfix. For example, if is a folder named **abc_bylos** and **_bylos** is the illegal postfix, this folder will be included in the scan report. Click **Show Details** to view the illegal postfixes.
 9. **Folder/file name contains two consecutive periods (..)** – Scan the files and folders whose name contains consecutive periods.
 10. **Users and Groups** – Scan the users and groups that have permissions to the selected nodes.

Click **Next** to go to step 3, or click **New Scan** to restart the step 1’s configuration.

Scan and Results

In the **Scan and Results** step, click **Browse** to browse to a location to store the scan report, and click **OK** to save the location, and then click **Scan** to start the scan process. You can view the following information under the lower pane of the **Scan Analysis** interface: **Scan Progress** and **Scan Analysis Summary** (including **Number of Scanned Folders**, **Number of Scanned Items**, **Number of Scanned**

Attachments, Total Size, and Start Time). When the scan progress is finished, you can view the **Finish Time** of the scanning. You can also click **View Detailed Report** to locate to the specified location to view the report directly.

Filter Policy Management

To create new filter policies or manage the existing ones, click **Filter Policy Settings** in the **Scan Analysis Settings** interface. The **Filter Policy** pop-up window appears. Configure the following settings:

- **Create** – To create a new filter policy, click **Create**. The **Create** interface appears.
 - i. Enter a name for the filter policy you are about to create.
 - ii. Select a filter level (**Folder** or **Exchange Message**) and click **Add a Criterion**.
 - iii. In the **Rule** column, **Name** is the default rule for an Exchange message and a folder. **Contains** is the default condition.
 - iv. Click **Name** to change the rule from the drop-down menu and then specify the corresponding condition and value.

For the **Name** and **Message Class** rule, the available conditions are **Contains**, **Does Not Contain**, **Equals**, and **Does Not Equal**.

***Note:** Only the **Name** rule is available if you select the **Folder** level.

- **Contains** – When the item's name/message class contains the value you set, it will be filtered and included in the filter results.
- **Does Not Contain** – When the item's name/message class does not contain the value you set, it will be filtered and included in the filter results.
- **Equals** – When the item's name/message class equals the value you set, it will be filtered and included in the filter results.
- **Does Not Equal** – When the item's name/message class does not equal the value you set, it will be filtered and included in the filter results.

For the **Created Time/Modified Time/Received Time/Start Time/Due Time** rule, the available conditions are **Before**, **After**, **Within**, and **Older Than**.

***Note:** Only the **Created Time** and **Modified Time** rules are available if you select the **Folder** level.

- **Before** – When the item's time is before the time value you set, it will be filtered and included in the filter results.
- **After** – When the item's time is after the time value you set, it will be filtered and included in the filter results.

- **Within** – When the item's time is within the time range you set, it will be filtered and included in the filter results.
- **Older Than** – When the item's time is older than the time value you set, it will be filtered and included in the filter results.
- v. If you have more than one criterion, click the order to adjust the criteria's order and adjust the logic relation according to your requirements. By default, the logic relation between each criterion is **And**. You can click the current logic relation (**And** or **Or**) to change it.
 - **And** – When multiple criteria are used, only the data that meets all of the criteria is included in the filter results.
 - **Or** – When multiple criteria are used, the data that matches at least one of the criteria is included in the filter results.
- vi. After the filter policy settings complete, click **Save** to save the settings and return to the **Filter Policy** page.
- **Edit** – Select an existing filter policy and click **Edit**. The **Edit** interface appears. Configure the filter rules and click **Save** to save changes to this filter policy.
- **Delete** – Select an existing filter policy and click **Delete**.

Configuring Security Mapping

To configure the domain mapping, group mapping, and user mapping, complete the following steps. DocAve Migrator tool can generate the mapping settings to an XML file for using by DocAve.

1. Click **Security Mappings** to go to the **Configure Security Mappings** interface.
2. Click the **LDAP Settings** link to configure the LDAP (Lightweight Directory Access Protocol) settings. The **LDAP Settings** pop-up window appears.
3. In the **LDAP Settings** area, select the **Source Domain Name/Destination Domain Name** option and provide the following information.
 - **Exchange Version** (for Source Domain only) – Enter the version of the Exchange server.
 - **LDAP Path** – Enter the IP address where the domain controller is installed.
 - **Username** and **Password** – Specify the credentials.
4. Click **Add** to save the domain, or click **Reset** to reset the settings. After successfully verifying the settings, the domain will be displayed in the **Domains** area.
5. If you want to migrate the source users and groups, click **Save Security Information** to save the Exchange user and group information to the **ExchangeSecurityInfo.xml** file. During the migration job, DocAve will use this file to obtain the exact security information instead of using API.

***Note:** To make this file take effect, save this file to the ...\\DocAve6\\Agent\\data\\Migrator\\PublicFolderMigrator directory.

6. Click **Close** or the close (✕) button on the upper-right corner of the pop-up window to close this window and back to the **Configure Security Mappings** interface.
7. Configure the mappings:
 - a. **Domain Mapping** – Select a source domain from the **Source Domain Name** list and a destination domain from the **Destination Domain Name** list, then click **Add** to add the domain mapping. The mapping will be displayed on the right pane of the interface. You can click the **Delete** (✕) button to delete the selected domain mapping.
 - b. **User Mapping** – Select a source/destination domain from the drop-down menu and click **Load**. The **Load Source/Destination User** pop-up appears. If desired, configure user filter rules by selecting the **Use filter rules** checkbox and add criteria to filter users. Click **Load** to load the users that meet the rules and back to the **Configure Security Mapping** interface. Select a source user from the **Source Username** list and a destination user from the **Destination Username** list, and then click then click **Add** to add the user mapping to the right pane of the interface. Click **Add a Destination User** to launch the **Add Users** pop-up window. Click **Add** to add a new user to be created in the destination and click **Save** to save the changes. Select the **Show default matched users** checkbox to show the default matched users. You can click the **Delete** (✕) button to delete the selected user mapping.
 - c. **Group Mapping** – Select a source/destination domain from the drop-down menu and click **Load**. The **Load Source/Destination Group** pop-up appears. If desired, configure group filter rules by selecting the **Use filter rules** checkbox and add criteria to filter groups. Click **Load** to load the groups that meet the rules and back to the **Configure Security Mapping** interface. Select a source group from the **Source Group Name** list and a destination group from the **Destination Group Name** list, and then click the **Add** button to add the group mapping to the right pane of the interface. Click **Add a Destination Group** to launch the **Add Groups** pop-up window. Click **Add** to add a new group to be created in the destination and click **Save** to save the changes. Select the **Show default matched users** checkbox to show the default matched groups. You can click the **Delete** (✕) button to delete the selected group mapping.
8. After configuring the mappings, click **Export to XML File** to save the mapping settings to XML files. Each mapping type has its own XML file. You can import this XML file to DocAve when configuring the security mapping settings.

Lotus Notes Migration

On the Migrator Tool main interface, click **Lotus Notes Migration** to start. In the Lotus Notes Migration interface, you can analyze/scan the source objects and configure user mapping/content type mapping/InfoPath mapping.

Configuring Database Connections

Before analyzing/scanning the source objects or configuring user mapping/content type mapping/InfoPath mapping, you need configured database connections to select available databases.

To create the database connection, complete the following steps:

1. In the homepage of Lotus Notes Migration, click **File** on the ribbon.
2. Select **New Database Connection**, or click the new database connection (+) button. The **New Database Connection** window appears.
3. Configure the following settings:
 - a. **INI File** – The INI file can be found in the path where the valid users of Lotus Notes are saved. By default, the path is ...\\lotus\\notes\\notes.ini. Click **Browse...** to set a new path.
 - b. **User ID** – Select a User ID file from the drop-down list. When the INI file is selected by clicking **Browse...**, click **Load** to load the User ID files.
 - c. **Password** – Enter the password of the user that you have selected in User ID file.
 - d. **Domino Server** – Click **Load** to load the Domino Servers, and select your desired Domino Servers from the drop-down list.
 - e. **Browse NSF files from local device** – Select the checkbox and click **Browse...** to browse the specific NSF files from your local device.
4. Click **Test Connection** to verify the connection configurations.
5. Click **Save** to save the database connection.

Optionally, select the **Create another** checkbox. After clicking **Save**, the currently configured database connection will be saved and the **New Database Connection** interface will be cleared for creating a new database connection.

In the homepage of Lotus Notes Migration, the previously created database connections are displayed on the left pane.

6. Double-click a database connection and the Domino Server's databases are displayed on the right pane. The following information of each database is displayed: the title, the database file name, the category, the template, the number of the documents in it, the total size, the server where it is, the created time, and the last modified time.

To edit a database connection, right-click the database connection and click **Edit**. The **Edit Database Connection** window appears. Refer to the steps above the edit the information.

To delete a database connection, right-click the database connection and click **Delete**.


To refresh a database connection, right-click the database connection and click **Refresh**.

Configuring Content Type Mappings

Configure content type mappings to map the Lotus Notes form to the specified SharePoint content type.

Creating a Content Type Mapping for a Single Database

To create a new content type mapping for a single database, complete the following steps:

1. In the homepage of Lotus Notes Migration, select a database on the right pane.
2. Click **Mapping** on the ribbon.
3. Click **Content Type Mapping** to select **New Mapping**, or click the new content type mapping ( button. The **New Content Type Mapping** window appears.
4. In the left **Lotus Notes Forms** list, all forms are selected by default, which means each form will be mapped to corresponding SharePoint content type. To map the specified forms to the destination, only select the checkbox before the form name.
5. Double-click a form and the default mapping settings are displayed. Review the following information:
 - On the top pane, view the following information.
 - **SharePoint Content Type** – The name of the SharePoint content type that the form maps to. You can change the name by entering the customized name.
 - **Specified Title** – Use the value of a specified field as the title of an item in SharePoint. You can select a field from the drop-down list.
 - **Migrate Response To** – Choose whether to add the **Response To** column in the destination.
 - On the right pane, all fields contained in the selected form and the column mapping for each field are displayed.
 - For each column mapping, the following information is displayed: the field name, the field type, the name of the SharePoint column that the field maps to, the SharePoint column type, and the order of the column. You can double-click the field name, field type, or column name to edit it, select another column type from the drop-down list, and adjust the order by selecting the new order from the drop-down list.
 - For each column mapping, configure whether to use the column mapping by selecting/deselecting the **Included** checkbox, configure whether to hide the column in the destination by selecting/deselecting the **Hidden** checkbox, and configure whether to show the column in the default view by selecting/deselecting the **Show In Default View** checkbox.
6. If you want to add a new column mapping, click **Add Row** to set up a new column mapping. Enter the field title, the field type, the column name, select the column type and the order, and configure the **Hidden**, **Included**, **Show In Default View** settings. If you want to delete a column mapping, select the mapping and click **Delete Row** to delete a column mapping.

7. Click **Generate** to generate the mapping file **LotusNotesContentType.Domino web access.xml** (**Domino web access** is the database name). By default, this file is saved in the ...\\AvePoint\\DocAve6\\Agent\\data\\Migrator\\LotusNotesSettings\\ContentTypeMapping directory.

***Note:** Only when the file is in this directory, it will take effect in a Lotus Notes Migration job.

Editing an Existing Content Type Mapping

To modify an existing content type mapping, complete the following steps:

1. In the homepage of Lotus Notes Migration, click **Mapping** on the ribbon.
2. Click **Content Mapping** to select **Edit an Existing Mapping**, or click the edit an existing mapping (✎) button.
3. Select your desired content type mapping XML file in the pop-up window. The **Configure Content Type Mapping** interface appears. For details, refer to [Creating a Content Type Mapping for a Single Database](#).

Creating Content Type Mappings for Multiple Databases

To create content type mappings for multiple databases, complete the following steps:

1. In the homepage of Lotus Notes Migration, select multiple databases on the right pane.
2. Click **Mapping** on the ribbon.
3. Click **Content Type Mapping** to select **Create Mapping for Multiple Databases**. The **Configure Content Type Mapping** window appears.
4. In the left **Lotus Notes Forms** list, all forms are selected by default, which means each form will be mapped to corresponding SharePoint content type. To map the specified forms to the destination, only select the checkbox before the form name.
5. Double-click a form and the default mapping settings are displayed. Review the following information:
 - On the top pane, review the following information:
 - **SharePoint Content Type** – The name of the SharePoint content type that the form maps to. You can change the name by entering the customized name.
 - **Specified Title** – Use the value of a specified field as the title of an item in SharePoint. You can select a field from the drop-down list.
 - **Migrate Response To** – Choose whether to add the **Response To** column in the destination.
 - On the right pane, all fields contained in the selected form and the column mapping for each field are displayed.
 - For each column mapping, the following information is displayed: the field name, the field type, the name of the SharePoint column that the field maps to,

the SharePoint column type, and the order of the column. You can double-click the field name, field type, or column name to edit it, select another column type from the drop-down list, and adjust the order by selecting the new order from the drop-down list.

- For each column mapping, configure whether to use the column mapping by selecting/deselecting the **Included** checkbox, configure whether to hide the column in the destination by selecting/deselecting the **Hidden** checkbox, and configure whether to show the column in the default view by selecting/deselecting the **Show In Default View** checkbox.
6. If you want to add a new column mapping, click **Add Row** to set up a new column mapping. Enter the field title, the field type, the column name, select the column type and the order, and configure the **Hidden**, **Included**, **Show In Default View** settings. If you want to delete a column mapping, select the mapping and click **Delete Row** to delete a column mapping.
 7. Click **Generate All** to generate the mapping files. By default, the files are saved in the ...\\AvePoint\\DocAve6\\Agent\\data\\Migrator\\LotusNotesSettings\\ContentTypeMapping directory.


***Note:** The files will only take effect in the Lotus Notes Migration jobs when they are saved in this directory.

Configuring User Mappings

There are two kinds of user mappings: one is the mapping for domain users, and the other is the mapping for FBA users. Only when the source database type is **Address Book** (for example, the default names.nsf database), you are able to configure the user mapping.

Domain User Mapping

To configure the domain user mapping, complete the following steps:

1. In the homepage of Lotus Notes Migration, select an Address Book database on the right pane.
2. Click **Mapping** on the ribbon.
3. Click **User Mapping** to select **New Mapping**, or click the new user mapping () button. The **Configure User Mapping** window appears.
4. Click the **LDAP Settings** link in **Please configure LDAP Settings to manage domains**.
5. On the **LDAP Settings** window, enter the following information:
 - **Path** – Enter the IP address or host name where the domain controller is installed.
 - **Username** – Enter the name of the user that has the permission to access the LDAP server.
 - **Password** – Enter the user's password.
6. Click **Save** to save the current LDAP settings, or click **Reset** to clear the entered information and configure the settings again.

The saved LDAP path is added into the **Domain** section. You can edit the LDAP setting by selecting the LDAP path and clicking **Edit**. Edit the information in the **Browse a Domain** section. To delete an LDAP setting, select the LDAP path, and then click the delete (X) button.

7. Click **Close** to close the **LDAP Settings** window and go back to the **Configure User Mapping** window.
8. Select a previously configured LDAP path from the **User Mapping** drop-down list. The domain users are loaded in the **Domain Users** section. The Lotus Notes users are displayed in the right pane.
9. You can set up the mapping manually or automatically:
 - **Manually** – Select a Lotus Notes user, and then double-click the domain user to create the mapping. The domain user appears in the **SharePoint User** column, and display name of the selected SharePoint user is updated in the **Display Name** column.
 - For each mapping you created, you can select whether to use it by selecting/deselecting the **Included** checkbox.
 - Click **Add Row** to add a new user mapping. Enter the Lotus Notes username and then double-click a domain user to create the mapping.
 - If you want to delete a user mapping, select the mapping and click **Delete Row** to delete a user mapping.
 - **Automatically** – Click **User Mapping Condition** to set the conditions for matching the domain user and the Lotus Notes user automatically. You can configure **User Mapping Condition** and/or **User Filter Policy**.
 - **User Mapping Condition** – Configure the condition to automatically match the domain user with Lotus Notes user.
 - **Match Mode** – Select the match mode for the conditions. If selecting **Combine**, the user mapping will be automatically created when all selected conditions are matched. If selecting **Union**, the user mapping will be automatically created for the users that match one of the conditions.
 - **Match by first name** – Automatically creates the user mapping for the domain user and the Lotus Notes user who have the same first name.
 - **Matched by last name** – Automatically creates the user mapping for the domain user and the Lotus Notes user who have the same last name.
 - **Matched by e-mail address** – Automatically creates the user mapping for the domain user and the Lotus Notes user who have the same e-mail address.
 - **User Filter Policy** – Configure user filter policy to filter Lotus Notes users that will be added into the user mapping. Click **Add a Criterion**. A new row appears.
 - Select a filter rule from the **Rule** drop-down list to filter by **First Name**, **Last Name**, or **E-mail Address**.

- Select a filter condition from the **Condition** drop-down list to decide how to work on the filter rule. The selected rule **Starts With** or **Contains** the specified value. Select **By Regex** to filter users by regular expression.
- Enter your desired value or regular expression in the **Value** text box.

Click **Add a Criterion** to and repeat the steps above to add multiple criteria. There are two logics currently. **And** and **Or**. By default, the logic is set to **And**. If desired, change the logic to **Or** by selecting it from the drop-down list. **And** means the user that meets all of the filter criteria will be added to the user mapping. **Or** means the user that meets any one of the filter criteria will be added into the user mapping.

Click the delete (✖) button to delete a filter criterion.

Click **Load** to add the users to the user mapping and close the **User Mapping Condition** window.

10. After configuring the user mapping, choose one of the following options:

- **Save** – Click **Save** to save the configurations into one XML file. The mapping file will be saved in the default **LotusNotesUserInfo.default.xml** file, which is located in the ...\\AvePoint\\DocAve6\\Agent\\data\\Migrator\\LotusNotesSettings\\UserMapping directory.
- **Save into Multiple XML Files** – Click this button to save the user mapping files into multiple XML files (which is convenient for editing). The **Partition Options** window appears.
 - **Files** – The number of XML files that you want to get.
 - **Records** – The number of user mapping records in one XML file.

Click **OK** to save the XML files.

- **Cancel** – Click **Cancel** to cancel your user mapping configuration.

FBA User Mapping

To configure the FBA user mapping, complete the following steps:

1. In the homepage of Lotus Notes Migration, select an Address Book database on the right pane.
2. Click **Mapping** on the ribbon.
3. Click **User Mapping** to select **New FBA User Mapping**, or click the new FBA user mapping (👤) button. The **New FBA User Mapping** window appears.
4. Click the **FBA Settings** link in **Please configure FBA Settings to manage membership providers**.
5. On the **FBA Settings** window, enter the following information:
 - **Membership Provider Name** – Enter the name of the membership provider.

- **Server** – The IP address or the host name of the SQL server.
 - **Protocols** – Select a protocol from the drop-down list, you can select **TCP/IP** or **Named Pipes**. If you select TCP/IP, select the port number of the SQL server.
 - **Database** – Enter the FBA database name.
 - **Username** and **Password** – Specify the credentials to the FBA database. Enter the username and password in the corresponding text boxes.
6. Click **Save** to save the settings, or click **Reset** to clear the entered information and configure the settings again.
- The saved membership provider is added into the **Domain** section. You can edit the membership provider by selecting it and clicking **Edit**. Then, edit the information in the **Browse a Membership Provider** section. To delete a piece of membership provider, select it, and then click the delete (✖) button.
7. Click **Close** to close the **FBA Settings** window and go back to the **New FBA User Mapping** window.
8. Select a previously configured membership provider from the **FBA User Mapping** drop-down list. The FBA users are loaded in the **FBA User** section. The Lotus Notes users are displayed on the right pane.
9. Select a Lotus Notes user and then double-click the FBA user to create the mapping. The FBA user appears in the **FBA User** column and the display name of the selected FBA user is updated in the **Display Name** column. For each mapping you created, you can select whether to use it by selecting/deselecting the **Included** checkbox.
10. Click **Generate** to generate the FBA mapping XML file into the ...\\AvePoint\\DocAve6\\Agent\\data\\Migrator\\LotusNotesSettings\\UserMapping directory.

Editing an Existing User Mapping

To modify an existing user mapping, complete the following steps:

1. In the homepage of Lotus Notes Migration, click **Mapping** on the ribbon.
2. Click **User Mapping** to select **Edit an Existing Mapping**, or click the edit an existing mapping (✎) button.
3. Select your desired user mapping XML file in the pop-up window. The **Configure User Mapping** interface appears. For details, refer to [Domain User Mapping](#) or [FBA User Mapping](#).

Configuring InfoPath Mappings

To configure the InfoPath mapping, complete the following steps:


1. In the homepage of Lotus Notes Migration, select a database on the right pane.
2. Click **Mapping** on the ribbon and click **Generate InfoPath Mapping and Publish InfoPath Template**. The **InfoPath Mapping** window appears.

3. In the **Generate InfoPath Template** step, double-click a Lotus Notes form and the columns contained in it are displayed on the right pane, including the information of the column name and the column type. For each column, configure the InfoPath mapping as follows:
 - a. Double-click the InfoPath column name to edit it.
 - b. Select the **InfoPath** column type from the drop-down list.
 - c. If you want to add the column into the InfoPath template, select the **Add to Template** checkbox. Otherwise, deselect this checkbox.
4. Click **Generate Template** to generate the InfoPath template file in the ...\\AvePoint\\DocAve6\\Agent\\data\\Migrator\\LotusNotesSettings\\InfoPathTemplate directory. In this directory, a folder named by the database and an InfoPath template file are generated. The file name is the same as the Lotus Notes form you selected.
5. Click **Next** to go to the **Publish** step.
6. In the **SharePoint Connection** section, configure the following settings:
 - **SharePoint Site URL** – Enter the URL of the SharePoint site where you want to publish the InfoPath file.
 - **Library Name** – Enter the name of the library where you want to publish the InfoPath file.
 - **Username** – Enter the username. The user must have the Full Control permission to the site.
 - **Password** – Enter the password of the user.
7. Click **Test** to check whether the site exists and whether the user has enough permission.
8. Click **Publish** to publish the InfoPath file to SharePoint, and use DocAve to run the migration job to convert the source documents to InfoPath format.
9. Click **Next** to go to the **Generate InfoPath Mapping** step, or click **Back** to go back to the previous step to review and modify your configurations.
10. Double-click a Lotus Notes form on the left pane and the columns contained in it are displayed on the right pane, including the information of the column name and the column type. For each column, configure the InfoPath mapping as follows:
 - a. Double-click the InfoPath column name to edit it.
 - b. Select the InfoPath column type from the drop-down list.
 - c. If you want to add the column into the InfoPath mapping, select the **Add to Mapping** checkbox. Otherwise, deselect this checkbox.
 - d. If you want to add a new column, click **Add Row**. If you want to delete a column, select the column and click **Delete Row**.
11. Click **Generate InfoPath Mapping** to generate the InfoPath mapping file in the ...\\AvePoint\\DocAve6\\Agent\\data\\Migrator\\LotusNotesSettings\\InfoPathMapping directory.

12. Click **Cancel** to finish the configurations and close the **InfoPath Mapping** window.
13. In DocAve Manager, navigate to **Lotus Notes Migration > Profile Settings > Migration Options > Document Format Option**. Select the **Convert Lotus Notes documents to** checkbox and select **InfoPath** from the drop-down list. Apply this profile to run a migration job and the source documents will be converted to the InfoPath format.

Performing a Scan Analysis

Before performing a migration job, you can scan the source databases, views, documents, and files. According to your configurations, you can determine the risk that will occur in the migration job.

1. In the homepage of **Lotus Notes Migration**, double-click a Database Connection to expand it.
2. Select your desired databases on the right pane.
3. Click **Analyzer** and select **Scan Analysis** on the ribbon, or click the scan analysis () button. The **Scan Analysis** window appears.
4. Optionally, select a previously configured filter policy from the drop-down list to filter your desired source objects for the scan, or click **New Filter Policy** to create a new one. Click **Filter Policy Settings** to manage all of the filter policies. For more information, refer to [Managing Filter Policies](#).
5. Configure the options in **Scan Analysis Settings** to define the scan criteria. For each piece of information, you can classify its severity as **Information**, **Warning**, or **Critical**.
 - **Database Risk Information** – Scan the Lotus Notes databases to check whether there are risks for migration.
 - **Form name contains illegal characters** – Check whether there are forms whose names contain illegal characters. Click **Show Details of Illegal Characters** and the default illegal characters are displayed. You can add new illegal characters or delete the existing illegal characters.
 - **The number of fields exceeds the limitation of columns in SharePoint** – Check whether the number of the source fields exceeds the limitation of the destination columns in SharePoint.
 - **View Risk Information** – Scan the Lotus Notes views to check whether there are risks for migration.
 - **Unsupported custom view** – Check whether there are custom views that are unsupported to be migrated to SharePoint.
 - **Document Risk Information** – Scan the Lotus Notes documents to check whether there are risks for migration.
 - **Unsupported document elements for Lotus Notes Migration** – Check whether there are document elements that are unsupported to be migrated to SharePoint.
 - **Unsupported OLE object types for Lotus Notes Migration** – Check whether there are OLE object types that are unsupported to be migrated to SharePoint.

- **File Risk Information** – Scan the source files to check whether there are risks for migration.
 - **Blocked file types in SharePoint** – Check whether there are files types that will be blocked when being migrated to SharePoint. Click **Show Blocked Type Details** and the default blocked file types are displayed. You can add new file types and delete the existing file types.
 - **Length of the file name exceeds** – Check whether there are files with filename lengths exceeding the specified value. By default, the value is **80**. You can define your desired value from 1 to 128.
 - **Length of the SharePoint URL exceeds** – Enter SharePoint library/folder URL in the provided text box and check whether the URLs exceeds the specified value. By default, the value is **255**. You can define your desired value from 1 to 260.
 - **File size exceeds** – Check whether there are files with a size exceeding the specified size. By default, the size is **50 MB**. You can enter your desired value in the text box.
 - **File name contains illegal characters** – Check whether there are files with filenames containing illegal characters. Click **Show Details of Illegal Characters** and the default illegal characters are displayed. You can add new illegal characters and delete the existing illegal characters.
 - **File name with illegal extension name** – Check whether there are files with filenames containing illegal extension names. Click **Show Details of Illegal Extension Name** and the default illegal extension names are displayed.
 - **File name contains two consecutive periods (..)** – Check whether there are files with filenames containing two consecutive periods.
- 6. Click **Next** to go to the **Scan and Results** step. Click **Browse...** to select a location to store the scan report, and then click **Scan** to start scanning.
- 7. After the scan is completed, the **Scan Analysis Summary** is listed. Go to the specified location to find the scan analysis report and view detailed information.



Managing Filter Policies

To manage filter policies, click **Filter Policy Settings** in the **Scan Analysis Settings** interface. You can create, edit, and delete a filter policy.

- **Create** – Click **Create** on the ribbon to create a new filter policy. For more information, refer to [Configuring a Filter Policy](#).
- **Edit** – Select a filter policy and click **Edit** on the ribbon to change the configurations for the selected filter policy. For more information, refer to [Configuring a Filter Policy](#).
- **Delete** – Select one or more filter policies and click **Delete** on the ribbon. A confirmation window appears, confirming that you want to proceed with the deletion. Click **OK** to delete the selected filter policies, or click **Cancel** to return to the **Filter Policy** interface without deleting the selected filter policies.

Configuring a Filter Policy

To create a new filter policy, click **New Filter Policy** from the drop-down list and complete the steps below:

1. **Filter Policy Name** – Enter a name for this filter policy.
2. **Select Time Range** or **Attachment** from the drop-down list.
 - If you choose **Time Range**, the source objects are filtered to be included according to the created time or modified time.
 - If you choose **Attachment**, the attachments within the source objects are filtered to be included according to the size of attachments.
3. Click **Add a Criterion** and the filter rule configuration field appears.
 - For **Time Range**, configure the following settings:
 - In the **Rule** column, select **Created Time** or **Modified Time** from the drop-down list.
 - In the **Condition** column, select **Before**, **After**, **Within**, or **Older Than**.
 - In the **Value** column, set up Time Zone and the exact time by clicking the calendar () button.
 - For **Attachment**, configure the following settings:
 - In the **Condition** column, select **> =** or **< =**.
 - In the **Value** column, enter your desired value and select **KB**, **MB**, or **GB** from the drop-down list.
4. Click the delete () button to delete the specified criterion. You can change the logical relationship between the criterions.


By default, the logic is set to **And**. If desired, change the logic to **Or** by selecting it from the drop-down list.

 - **And** – The content which meets all the criteria will be filtered to be included.
 - **Or** – The content which meets any one of the criteria will be filtered to be included.
5. Repeat step 1 to step 3 to add more filter criteria.
6. Click **Save** to save your configurations, or click **Cancel** to close the window without saving any configuration.

Performing a Database Analysis


By analyzing the database, you can get the following kinds of information: Database Basic, Design Statistics, ACL, Content Statistics, Complexity, and Replica Comparison. You can select whether to set the filter to include the information of the documents matching the filter rule.

To analyze the databases, complete the following steps:

1. In the homepage of Lotus Notes Migration, select the databases on the right pane.
2. Click **Analyzer** on the ribbon.
3. Click **Database Analysis** to select **Source Data Analysis**, or click the source data analysis () button. The **Source Data Analysis** window appears.
4. Optionally, click the **set up a filter** link to filter the source data for the analysis. For more information, refer to [Setting Up Filters](#).
5. Click **Start Analysis** to start analyzing the source data.
6. The **Analysis Result** section appears with the general database information displayed.
7. Select a specific database from the drop-down list to view detailed information of the database. You can view **Database Basic**, **Design Statistics**, **ACL**, **Content Statistics**, **Complexity**, and **Replica Comparison** in the corresponding tab.
8. Click **Close** to close the **Source Data Analysis** window and go back to the homepage of Lotus Notes Migration.

Setting Up Filters

Use the following filters to include the information of the documents that match the filter rules.

- **Enable size filter** – Select the checkbox and enter the minimum and the maximum document size from the drop-down list.
- **Enable time filter** – Select the checkbox and select the range of the created time and the modified time.
- **Enable form filter** – Select the checkbox. Enter the form name in the text box and click **Add** to add it into the table. To remove a form from the table, click the delete () button that appears at the end of the form name.


***Note:** If multiple forms are added into the table, the form filter takes effect when any of the forms is met.

Click **Complexity Illustration** to view the complexity of the database content.

Click **Apply** to apply the filter to source data analysis, or click **Cancel** to close the **Set Up Filter** window without applying any configuration.

Viewing Analysis Report

After analyzing the database, you can check the report for the analyzed database.

In the homepage of Lotus Notes Migration, click **Analyzer** on the ribbon and then click **Database Analysis** to select **Analysis Reports**, or click the analysis reports () button. The **Analysis Reports** window appears. Click **Report** in the menu bar, and you can view the following reports: Database

Summary Report, Database ACLs Report, Database Data Element Report, Database Design Element Report, Database Replicas Comparison Report, and Database Design Element Comparison Report.

1. Select your desired databases on the right pane.
2. In the **Report** drop-down list, select one kind of report that you want to view. The detailed report information is displayed.
3. Choose one of the following options:
 - Click **Export to Excel** to export the report to an Excel file, which resides in ... \AvePoint\DocAve6\Agent\data\Migrator\LotusNotesSettings\AnalysisDataReport.
 - Click **Export to PDF** to export the report to a PDF file, which resides in ... \AvePoint\DocAve6\Agent\data\Migrator\LotusNotesSettings\AnalysisDataReport.

Click **Close** to close the **Analysis Reports** window.

Quickr Migration

On the DocAve Migrator Tool main interface, click **Quickr Migration** to start. In the **Quickr Migration** interface, you can configure content type mapping, user mapping, and scan the source data to determine the potential risks for migration jobs.

Selecting Source

To configure content type mapping, user mapping, and scan analysis, you must select the source first. In the **Quickr Source** section, complete the following steps:

1. Click **Browse...** to select your desired INI file.
2. Select the Quickr version from the **Version** drop-down list.
3. Select **User ID file** from the drop-down list.
4. Enter the password of the selected User ID in the **Password** text box.
5. Click **Load** to load the available Quickr places.
6. Select your desired source node in the left pane.

Performing a Scan Analysis

Before performing a migration job, you can scan the source data to determine the potential risks that may occur in the migration job by completing the following steps:

1. In the homepage of Quickr Migration, click **Scan Analysis** on the right pane.
2. Optionally, select a previously configured filter policy from the drop-down list to filter your desired source objects for the scan, or click **New Filter Policy** to create a new one. Click **Filter Policy Settings** to manage all of the filter policies. For more information, refer to [Managing Filter Policies](#).

3. Configure the options in **Scan Analysis Settings** to define the scan criteria. For each piece of information, you can classify its severity as **Information**, **Warning**, or **Critical**.
- **Place/Room Risk Information** – Scan the source places and rooms to check whether there are risks for migration.
 - **Place/Room name contains illegal characters** – Check whether there are places or rooms whose names contain illegal characters. Click **Show Details** and the default illegal characters are displayed. You can add new illegal characters or delete the existing illegal characters.
 - **Form name contains illegal characters** – Check whether there are forms whose names contain illegal characters. Click **Show Details** and the default illegal characters are displayed. You can add new illegal characters or delete the existing illegal characters.
 - **Page Risk Information** – Scan the source pages to check whether there are risks for migration.
 - **Unsupported page elements for Quickr Migration** – Check whether there are page elements that are unsupported to be migrated to SharePoint.
 - **Folder/File Risk Information** – Scan the source folders and files to check whether there are risks for migration.
 - **Blocked file types in SharePoint** – Check whether there are files types that will be blocked when being migrated to SharePoint. Click **Show Details** and the default blocked file types are displayed. You can add new file types and delete the existing file types.
 - **Length of the folder name exceeds** – Check whether there are folders with folder name lengths exceeding the specified value. By default, the value is **60**. You can define your desired value from 1 to 128.
 - **Length of the file name exceeds** – Check whether there are files with file name lengths exceeding the specified value. By default, the value is **80**. You can define your desired value from 1 to 128.
 - **Length of the SharePoint URL exceeds** – Enter SharePoint library/folder URL in the provided text box and check whether the URLs exceeds the specified value. By default, the value is **255**. You can define your desired value from 1 to 260.
 - **File size exceeds** – Check whether there are files with a size exceeding the specified size. By default, the size is **50 MB**. You can enter your desired value in the text box.
 - **Folder/file name contains illegal characters** – Check whether there are folders or files with names containing illegal characters. Click **Show Details** and the default illegal characters are displayed. You can add new illegal characters and delete the existing illegal characters.
 - **Folder/file name with illegal extension name** – Check whether there are folders or files with names containing illegal extension names. Click **Show Details** and the default illegal extension names are displayed.

- **Folder/file name contains two consecutive periods (..)** – Check whether there are folders or files with names containing two consecutive periods.
4. Click **Next** to go to the **Scan and Results** step.
 5. Click **Browse...** to select a location to store the scan report, and then click **Scan** to start the scan job. You can view the real-time progress.
 6. After the scan is completed, the **Scan Analysis Summary** is listed. Go to the specified location to find the scan analysis report and view detailed information.



Managing Filter Policies

To manage filter policies, click **Filter Policy Settings** in the **Scan Analysis Settings** interface. You can create, edit, and delete a filter policy.

- **Create** – Click **Create** on the ribbon to create a new filter policy. For details, refer to [Configuring a Filter Policy](#).
- **Edit** – Select a filter policy and click **Edit** on the ribbon to change the configurations for the selected filter policy. For details, refer to [Configuring a Filter Policy](#).
- **Delete** – Select one or more filter policies and click **Delete** on the ribbon. A confirmation window appears, confirming that you want to proceed with the deletion. Click **OK** to delete the selected filter policies, or click **Cancel** to return to the **Filter Policy** interface without deleting the selected filter policies.

Configuring a Filter Policy

In the **Scan Analysis Settings** interface, select an optional filter policy to filter your desired source objects for the scan. To create a new filter policy, click **New Filter Policy** from the drop-down list and complete the following steps:

1. Enter a **Filter Policy Name** for this filter policy.
2. Click **Add a Criterion** to add a filter criterion based on **Time Range**. The filter rule configuration field appears.
3. In the **Rule** column, select **Created Time** or **Modified Time** from the drop-down list.
4. In the **Condition** column, select **Before**, **After**, **Within**, or **Older Than**.
5. In the **Value** column, set up Time Zone and the exact time by clicking the calendar () button.
6. Click the delete () button to delete the specified criterion. You can change the logical relationship between the criteria.

By default, the logic is set to **And**. If desired, change the logic to **Or** by selecting it from the drop-down list.

- **And** – The content which meets all the criteria will be filtered to be included.
- **Or** – The content which meets any one of the criteria will be filtered to be included.

7. Repeat step 1 to step 5 to add more filter criteria.
8. Click **Save** to save your configurations, or click **Cancel** to close the window without saving any configuration.

Configuring User Mappings

Configure a user mapping to replace the existing source usernames with the existing or default destination usernames. In the homepage of Quickr Migration, click **Create a New User Mapping** on the right pane.

Configuring LDAP Settings

To create a new user mapping, you must configure the LDAP Settings first. To configure LDAP Settings, complete the following steps:

1. Click the **LDAP Settings** link in the **User Mapping** interface. The **LDAP Settings** interface appears.
2. In the **LDAP Settings** interface, the previously configured LDAP paths are displayed in the **Domain** section. If desired, edit or delete the previously configured LDAP.
3. To create a new LDAP, complete the following steps in the **Browse a Domain** section:
 - a. **Path** – Enter the IP address or host name where the domain controller is installed.
 - b. **Username** – Enter the username in the text box.
 - c. **Password** – Enter the password in the text box.
4. Click **Save** to save the current LDAP, or click **Reset** to reset your configurations
5. Click **Close** to close the **LDAP Settings** interface and go back to the **User Mapping** interface.

Creating a User Mapping

To create a new user mapping, complete the following steps:

1. In the **User Mapping** interface, select a domain from the drop-down list and the domain users are loaded in the **Domain Users** pane.
2. Double-click a user. The default user mapping is displayed in the right pane.
3. If you want to modify the default user mapping, double-click the value of **Quickr User**, **SharePoint User**, or **Display Name** to modify.
4. To add a new user mapping, click **Add Row** and enter the required information. To delete a user mapping, select the column, and then click **Delete Row**.
5. Select the checkbox under the **Included** column to include the user in the user mapping.
6. Click **Save** to save your configurations. By default, DocAve saves the configuration file to ...\\AvePoint\\DocAve6\\Agent\\data\\Migrator\\QuickrSettings\\UserMapping.

Creating a Content Type Mapping

Create a content type mapping to map the Quickr form to the specified SharePoint content type. On the Quickr Migration homepage, click **Create a New Content Type Mapping** on the right pane, and then complete the following steps in the **Content Type Mapping Configuration** interface:

1. Select your desired Quickr place or room from the **Place/Room** drop-down list.
2. Select your desired Quickr form in the left pane.
3. Double-click the form and the corresponding Quickr fields are displayed in the right pane.
4. In the **SharePoint Content Type Name** text box, enter the name of the form's corresponding content type in SharePoint.
5. In the **Column Mapping** section, you can modify the default column mapping. Double-click the value of **Quickr Field**, **Quickr Field Type**, or **SharePoint Column** to modify it, and then select a column type from the **SharePoint Column Type** drop-down list.
6. To create a new column, click **Add Row** and enter the required information. To delete an existing column, select the column, and then click **Delete Row**.
7. Click **Export to XML File** to generate and export the content type mapping file. By default, DocAve saves the configuration file to ...\\AvePoint\\DocAve6\\Agent\\data\\Migrator\\QuickrSettings\\ContentTypeMapping.

Editing an Existing Mapping

To edit an previously create user mapping or content type mapping, click **Edit an Existing Mapping** on the right pane in the home page of Quickr Migration.

Select your desired user mapping XML file or content type mapping XML file in the **Edit an Existing Mapping File** window. Then, you are brought to the **User Mapping** or **Content Type Mapping Configuration** interface. For details about configuring a user mapping or content type mapping, refer to [Creating a User Mapping](#) or [Creating a Content Type Mapping](#).

eRoom Migration

On the **Migrator Tool** main interface, click **eRoom Migration** to start. For **eRoom Migration**, you can use the migration tool to implement the following functions:

- Scan the source eRoom contents. The contents in the selected nodes will be recorded in the scan report and the contents that match the configured rules will be commented for your reference.
- Configure the security mappings. The configured security mapping settings can be saved to XML files and imported into DocAve Manager for use in running eRoom Migration jobs.

Loading eRoom Structure

To load the eRoom structure, complete the following steps:

1. In the **eRoom Migration** interface, specify a local user in the **eRoom Local System Account** text box and enter the corresponding password in the **Password** text box. Ensure the user you specified can access the eRoom file server. It is recommended to specify the user that you specified when configuring the file server settings during the eRoom installation, or specify the user that is in the local **Administrators** group.
2. Click **Load eRoom Structure** to load the eRoom structure. If you want to display the eRoom templates and scan the contents in the template, select the **Show eRoom templates** checkbox.
3. Expand the data tree and select the desired nodes.

For the selected nodes, refer to the following sections for details of how to configure the security mappings and perform the scan on the source eRoom objects.

Configuring Security Mapping

Before you configure the security mappings, including the domain mapping, group mapping, and user mapping, complete the following steps to configure the LDAP settings first.

1. In the **eRoom Migration** interface, click **Security Mappings** to access the **Security Mappings** interface.
2. Click **LDAP Settings**. The **LDAP Settings** window appears.
3. In the **LDAP Settings** window, enter the following information:
 - **LDAP Path** – Enter the IP address or host name where the domain controller is installed.
 - **Username** – Enter the username that can access the specific domain controller.
 - **Password** – Enter the corresponding password.
4. Click **Add** to add the LDAP settings, or click **Reset** to empty all of the entered information.
5. After the LDAP settings are successfully saved, it appears in the **Domains** field. Click **Close** to return to the **Security Mappings** interface.
6. In the **Security Mappings** interface, you can click **Domain Mapping** to configure the domain mapping settings, click **User Mapping** to configure the user mapping settings, and click **Group Mapping** to configure the group mapping settings. It is recommended to configure the domain mapping settings first before you configure the user mapping settings since the users having the same logon name will be automatically mapped by domain mapping.

Configuring Domain Mapping Settings

In the left pane of the **Domain Mapping** tab, the source domains associated with the selected nodes are displayed in the **Source Domain Name** list. The destination domains are displayed in the **Destination Domain Name** list according to your configurations in the LDAP settings.

To configure the domain mapping settings, complete the following steps:

1. In the left pane, select a source domain from the **Source Domain Name** list and select a destination domain that you want to map the source domain to from the **Destination Domain Name** list.
2. Click **Add** to add the selected source domain and destination domain to the right pane. To remove a domain mapping from the right pane, select the corresponding row and click the delete (✖) button.
3. Click **Export to XML File** to export the domain mappings to a XML file. The user mappings and group mappings configured under the **User Mapping** and **Group Mapping** tabs are also exported to the other two XML files. You can import these XML files to DocAve Manager and use them while running eRoom Migration jobs.

***Note:** To use the exported mapping file to DocAve Manager, you have to store the exported mapping file in the ... \AvePoint\Agent\data\Migrator\eRoomMigrator directory.

Configuring User Mapping Settings

To map source users to destination users, configure the user mapping settings in the **User Mapping** tab by completing the following steps:

1. Select one or more eRoom domains from the first drop-down list, click **OK**, and then click **Load**. The **Load Source User** pop-up window appears.
2. In the **Load Source User** interface, choose whether or not to use filter rules to filter and load the desired users. If you select the **Use filter rules** checkbox, complete the following steps to configure the filters:
 - a. Click **Add a Criterion** to add a filter rule.
 - b. Select **Login Name**, **Display Name**, **First Name**, or **Last Name** from the drop-down list in the **Rule** column.
 - c. Select **Starts With** or **Contains** from the drop-down list in the **Condition** column.
 - d. Enter the **Value** for this rule.
 - e. After configuring one rule, click **Add a Criterion** to add another rule, or click the delete (✖) button following each rule to delete it.
 - If 2 or more rules are configured, select **And** or **Or** from the drop-down list in the **And/Or** column to change the logic relationship between the rules.
 - f. Click **Load** to load the source users according to the filter rules, or click **Cancel** to exit the current page without saving any configurations.
3. Select the previously configured LDAP Settings from the second drop-down list under the **User Mapping** tab, and then click **Load**. The **Load Destination User** interface appears.
 - a. Click **Add a Criterion** to add a filter rule.

- b. Select **Login Name**, **Display Name**, **First Name**, or **Last Name** from the drop-down list in the **Rule** column.
 - c. Select **Starts With** or **Contains** from the drop-down list in the **Condition** column.
 - d. Enter the **Value** for this rule.
 - e. After configuring one rule, click **Add a Criterion** to add another rule, or click the delete (X) button following each rule to delete it.
 - o If 2 or more rules are configured, select **And** or **Or** from the drop-down list in the **And/Or** column to change the logic relationship between the rules.
 - f. Click **Load** to load the destination users according to the filter rules, or click **Cancel** to exit the current page without saving any configurations.
4. You can also click **Add Destination User** to add a new user. It will be created in SharePoint after running the eRoom Migration job. Complete the following steps in the **Add Users** interface:
 - a. Click **Add** to add a new user.
 - b. Enter the desired username in the text box.
 - c. After adding one username, click **Add** to add another username, or click the delete (X) button to delete this username.
 - d. Click **Save** to save your changes or click **Cancel** to return to the **User Mapping** interface.
5. Select a user from the **Source Username** column.
6. Select a user from the **Destination Username** column.
7. Click **Add** to add the user mapping.
8. If desired, select the **Show default matched users** checkbox to automatically match the source user and the destination user whose name are the same. The automatically matched mappings will be displayed in the right pane.
9. Click **Export to XML File** to export the user mappings to a XML file. The domain mappings and group mappings configured under the **Domain Mapping** and **Group Mapping** tabs are also exported to the other two XML files. You can import these XML files to DocAve Manager and use them while running eRoom Migration jobs.

***Note:** To use the exported mapping file to DocAve Manager, you have to store the exported mapping file in the ... \AvePoint\Agent\data\Migrator\eRoomMigrator directory.

Configuring Group Mapping

Under the **Group Mapping** tab of the **eRoom Migration** interface, complete the following steps to configure a group mapping:

1. Select one or more eRoom domains from the drop-down list in the left pane, click **OK**, and then click **Load**. The eRoom groups in the selected source domains appear in the **Source Group Name** column.

2. Enter the SharePoint group name in the **Destination Group Name** column at the same row with each of the source eRoom group you want to map to the destination SharePoint nodes.
3. Click **Export to XML File** to export the group mappings to a XML file. The domain mappings and user mappings configured under the **Domain Mapping** and **User Mapping** tabs are also exported to the other two XML files. You can import these XML files to DocAve Manager and use them while running eRoom Migration jobs.

***Note:** To use the exported mapping file to DocAve Manager, you have to store the exported mapping file in the ... \AvePoint\Agent\data\Migrator\eRoomMigrator directory.

Performing a Scan Analysis

Scan Analysis is used to scan the source data to determine the potential risks in the eRoom Migration job. To configure the scan analysis settings to set the rules and perform the scan, complete the following steps:

1. Click **Scan Analysis** in the right pane to enter the interface for **Scan Analysis Settings**.
2. Specify a filter policy to filter the desired objects for the scan from the drop-down list or **New Filter Policy** to create a new one. If you do not want to use a filter policy, skip this step. You can also click **Filter Policy Settings** to manage all of the filter policies. For more information on managing filter policies, refer to [Managing Filter Policies](#).
3. Configure the scan analysis settings to set the rules.

***Note:** The source contents matching the rules will be marked with a comment in the scan report. For each scan option, select a classification from the **Classification** drop-down list. In the scan report, the contents matching the scan options will be marked with the classification you specified in a **Classification** column, which helps group the scan results.

- **Block file types in SharePoint** – Scan the files whose file type is blocked in SharePoint. Click **Show Details** to view the blocked types. You can delete or add file types in the list according to your requirements.
- **Character length** – Scan the contents that exceed the character length limitation. Configure **character** length limitations for SharePoint URL, filename, and folder name. In SharePoint, the maximum length of SharePoint URL is 260 characters, and the maximum length of file name and folder name is 128 characters.
 - **Length of the file name exceeds** – The default value is 60, and the scale you can set is from 1 to 128.
 - **Length of the folder name exceeds** – The default value is 80, and the scale you can set is from 1 to 128. If the character length of the file name (consisting of the file name, the period (.), and extension name) exceeds the limitation you set, the extra characters at end of the file name are pruned.
 - **Length of the SharePoint URL exceeds** – The default value is 255, and the scale you can set is from 1 to 260. The length of the SharePoint URL is calculated from the first character after the “/” in the managed path.

To check whether the length of the SharePoint URL exceeds the limitation, you must specify the length of your destination SharePoint URL by one of the following methods:

- **Target SharePoint URL** – Enter the URL of the destination SharePoint site.
 - **Target SharePoint URL length** – Enter the length of the destination SharePoint site URL. The length of the SharePoint site URL is calculated from the first character after the “/” in the managed path.
 - **File size exceeds** – Scan the files whose size exceeds the specified value. Enter the value in the blank text box. The unit is MB.
 - **Item title length exceeds 255 characters** – Scan the items whose title length exceeds 255 characters.
 - **Illegal characters in folder/file name in SharePoint** – Scan the files and folders whose name contains the illegal characters. Click **Show Details** to view the illegal characters. You can delete or add illegal characters in the list according to your requirements.
 - **Folder/file name with illegal postfixes** – Scan the files and folders whose name ends with illegal postfix. For example, if there is a folder named **abc_bylos**, and **_bylos** is the illegal postfix, this folder will be marked with a comment in the scan report. Click **Show Details** to view the illegal postfixes.
 - **Folder/file name contains two consecutive periods (..)** – Scan the files and folders whose name contains consecutive periods.
 - **Unsupported contents for migration** – Scan the contents of dashboard and issues tracking (enterprise) database with the **create an enterprise overview** option selected. Both the dashboard and issues tracking (enterprise) database with the **create an enterprise overview** option selected are not supported to be migrated.
 - **Checked out files** – Scan the files that are checked out.
4. Click **Next** to enter the **Scan and Results** page.
 5. Click **Browse** to specify a storage location for the scan analysis report.
 6. Click **Scan** to start scanning.
 7. After the scan is finished, click **View Detailed Report** to view the detailed scan analysis report.

Viewing Scan Analysis Report

Open the generated scan analysis report to check the scan results. There are three sheets in the generated tool report: **Summary**, **Migration Risk Analysis**, and **Users and Groups**.

- **Summary** – Includes the number of the scanned eRoom objects sorted according to the object type, the total size of the scanned eRoom objects, and the estimated migration time to migrate all of the scanned eRoom objects to SharePoint using eRoom Migration.
- **Users and Groups** – Includes the names of all of the eRoom users and groups.

- **Migration Risk Analysis** – Includes the URL, name, path, type and size of each scanned eRoom object, the facility and room where the scanned eRoom object resides, the creator, creator's e-mail, created time, last modifier, last modified time of the scanned eRoom object, whether the scanned eRoom object is checked out, the estimated level of the risks when migrating the scanned eRoom object, and the suggestions to reduce the risks.

Managing Filter Policies

In the **Scan Analysis Settings** interface, click **Filter Policy Settings** to go to **Filter Policy** interface. All of the previously configured filter policies are displayed in this interface. You can create, edit, or delete filter policies in this interface.

- **Create** – Click **Create** on the ribbon to create a new filter policy. For details, refer to [Configuring a Filter Policy](#).
- **Edit** – Select a filter policy and click **Edit** on the ribbon to change the configurations for the selected filter policy.
- **Delete** – Select one or more filter policies and click **Delete** on the ribbon. A confirmation window appears, confirming that you want to proceed with the deletion. Click **OK** to delete the selected filter policies, or click **Cancel** to return to the **Filter Policy** interface without deleting the selected filter policies.

Configuring a Filter Policy

To create a new filter policy, click **New Filter Policy** from the drop-down list in the **Scan Analysis Settings** interface or click **Create** in the **Filter Policy** interface. The **Create** interface appears. Configure the following settings:

1. Enter a name for your filter policy in the **Filter Policy Name** text box.
2. Select **File** from the drop-down list in the lower-left corner, and then click **Add a Criterion**.
 - **Order** – Double-click the value in the **Order** column, and then you can adjust the order of the filter rules of the same level.
 - **Rule** – Select a rule from the drop-down list in the **Rule** column.
 - **Condition** – Select a condition from the drop-down list in the **Condition** column.
 - **Value** – Specify a value in the **Value** column.
3. After configuring one rule, click **Add a Criterion** to add another rule, or click the delete (✖) button following each rule to delete the rule.
 - If 2 or more rules are configured, determine the logical relationship between the rules by double-clicking the value in the **And/Or** column following each rule, and choosing **And** or **Or** from the drop-down list.

4. Click **Save** to save your changes and return to the **Filter Policy** interface, or click **Cancel** to return to the **Filter Policy** interface without saving any changes. The newly created filter policy is displayed in the **Filter Policy** interface.

Livelihood Migration

On the DocAve Migrator Tool homepage, click **Livelihood Migration** to start. For Livelihood Migration, you can use the tool to scan the source data to view the data information, configure the domain/user/group mapping and save the mapping settings to XML file, and perform the simple database queries.

Performing a Scan Analysis

To use the Livelihood Migration tool, complete the following steps:

1. Navigate to **DocAve Migrator Tool > Livelihood Migration**. The **Connection Management** interface appears. All of the previously created Livelihood connections are displayed in this interface.
2. Click **New Livelihood Connection** to create a new Livelihood connection. The **New Livelihood Connection** pop-up window appears.
3. Enter the name for the connection in the **Livelihood connection name** text box.
4. In the **Use HTTP tunneling** field, select **Yes** to use the Http Tunneling connection mode, or select **No** to use the default connection mode.
 - **Http Tunneling**
 - **Proxy option** – Select to use **Web server** or **Proxy server** to access to Livelihood.
 - **Web server** – If you select **Web server**, specify the hostname or IP address of the Web server in the **Web server** text box.
 - **Proxy server** – If you select **Proxy server**, specify the hostname or IP address of the Proxy server in the **Proxy server** text box.
 - **Port** – Specify the port the server is using.
 - **Livelihood CGI URL** – Enter the Livelihood CGI URL.
 - **Livelihood username** – Enter a Livelihood username for accessing Livelihood.
 - **Livelihood password** – Enter the corresponding password.
 - **Livelihood domain** – Enter the Livelihood domain name. If the specified Livelihood user is in the Livelihood system domain, leave this option blank.
 - **HTTP username** – Enter the HTTP username and the password to set up access to the Web server.
 - **HTTP password** – Enter the corresponding password.
 - **Default**
 - **Livelihood server** – Enter the hostname or IP address of the Livelihood server.

- **Port** – Specify the port the server is using.
 - **Livelihood username** – Enter the Livelihood username for accessing Livelihood.
 - **Livelihood password** – Enter the corresponding password.
 - **Livelihood domain** – Enter the Livelihood domain name. If the specified Livelihood user is in the Livelihood system domain, leave this value blank.
5. In the **Livelihood Database Connection** field, select **Yes** to configure Livelihood database connection or keep the default **No** if you do not want to configure the Livelihood database connection.

To view the detailed Livelihood database information, you can navigate to **Livelihood Administration > Database Administration > Maintain Current Database**, and then enter the appropriate information.

***Note:** Livelihood stores all data in the Livelihood Database, but DocAve Livelihood Migrator can load most of the data by using the API (Application Programming Interface). If you do not configure the Livelihood database connection, the following content cannot be migrated.

- Best Bets Value/ Best Bets Expiry
- Poll Results

To configure the Livelihood Database Connection, enter the obtained information in the corresponding checkboxes:

- **Oracle Server** – Select this option if your Livelihood database is in the Oracle Server.
 - **Database name** – Enter the obtained **Service Name**.
 - **Schema owner** – Enter the obtained **User Name**.
 - **Username** – Enter the username to access the obtained **Service Name**.
 - **Password** – Enter the corresponding password.
 - **Microsoft SQL Server** – Select this option if your Livelihood database is in the Microsoft SQL Server.
 - **Database server name** – Enter the obtained **SQL Server Name**.
 - **Database name** – Enter the obtained **SQL Server Database**.
 - **Schema owner** – Enter the obtained **User Name**.
 - **Username** – Enter the username used to connect to the obtained **SQL Server Name**.
 - **Password** – Enter the corresponding password.
6. Select the **Create another** checkbox if you want to create another connection after this connection has been saved.
7. Click **Save** to save the configurations and return to the **Connection Management** interface. The newly created Livelihood connection is displayed in the **Connection Management** interface.

8. Hover over the Livelink connection record and click the **Edit** link to edit the connection or click the delete (✖) button to delete the connection.
9. Click **Next** to proceed. The **Source Data Selection** interface appears.
10. Select a connection from the **Specify a Livelink connection** drop-down list. The source data is loaded on the data tree.
11. Select the Livelink objects you are about to scan by selecting the corresponding checkboxes, and then click **Next**.
12. In the **Scan Analysis Settings** interface, configure the following settings:
 - **Filter Policy Settings** – Filters the desired Livelink objects for the scan. Select an existing filter policy from the drop-down list or click **New Filter Policy** to create a new one. Click **Filter Policy Settings** to manage all of the filter policies. For more information, refer to [Managing Filter Policies](#).
 - **Blocked file types in SharePoint** – Scans the Livelink file types that are blocked by SharePoint. If you deselect this checkbox, the tool will scan the file types that are blocked by SharePoint and then report these files in the **Scan Analysis Report**.
 - Select **Critical**, **Warning**, or **Information** from the **Classification** drop-down list. This is used to identify the severity of this issue.
 - Click **Show Details** to view the detailed information of the file types that are blocked by SharePoint.
 - **Target SharePoint URL** – Enter the URL of the destination SharePoint node. It is used to calculate the URL length of the Livelink objects after they are migrated to SharePoint.
 - **Character Length** – Specify the character length of the file name, folder name, and SharePoint URL in the corresponding text boxes, and then select **Critical**, **Warning**, or **Information** from the **Classification** drop-down list to identify the severity of this issue.
 - **File size exceeds _ (MB)** – Specify a maximum file size, and then select **Critical**, **Warning**, or **Information** from the **Classification** drop-down list.
 - **Item title length exceeds 255 characters** – Scans whether or not the item title exceeds 255 characters. Select **Critical**, **Warning**, or **Information** from the **Classification** drop-down list.
 - **Illegal characters in folder/file name in SharePoint** – Scans whether or not there are illegal characters in folder/file names. Select **Critical**, **Warning**, or **Information** from the **Classification** drop-down list. Click **Show Details** to view detailed illegal characters.
 - **Folder/file name ended with illegal postfixes** – Scans whether or not there are folder/file name ended with illegal postfixes. Select **Critical**, **Warning**, or **Information** from the **Classification** drop-down list. Click **Show Details** to view detailed illegal postfixes.
 - **Folder/file name contains two consecutive periods (..)** – Scans whether or not the folder/file name contains two consecutive periods. Select **Critical**, **Warning**, or **Information** from the **Classification** drop-down list.

- **Unsupported contents for Livelink Migration** – Scans whether or not there are unsupported Livelink objects. Select **Critical**, **Warning**, or **Information** from the **Classification** drop-down list.
 - **Checked-Out files** – Scans whether or not there are checked-out files. Select **Critical**, **Warning**, or **Information** from the **Classification** drop-down list.
13. Select one of the following options to perform:
- **Reset** – Resets the customized settings in the **Scan Analysis Settings** interface to the default values.
 - **Back** – Returns to the previous interface.
 - **Next** – Saves the configurations and proceed to the next step.
 - **New Scan** – Creates a new scan without saving any configurations.
14. If you click **Next**, the **Scan and Results** interface appears. Click **Browse** to specify a storage location for the scan analysis report.
15. If you want to use the database connection to scan, select the **Use database connection to scan** checkbox.
16. Click **Scan** to start the scan.
17. After the scan is finished, click **View Detailed Report** to view the directory of the scan analysis report. If desired, go to the corresponding directory to view the detailed report.

Scan Analysis Report

Open the generated scan analysis report to check the scan results. There are three sheets in the generated tool report: **Summary**, **Migration Risk Analysis**, and **Users and Groups**.


- **Summary** – Includes the number of the scanned Livelink objects sorted according to the object type, the total size of the scanned Livelink objects, and the estimated migration time to migrate all the scanned Livelink objects to SharePoint using Livelink migrator.
- **Migration Risk Analysis** – Includes the URLs of the scanned Livelink objects, the names of the scanned Livelink objects, the workspace where the scanned Livelink objects reside, the information about whether or not the scanned Livelink objects reside in personal workspace, the last modified times of the scanned Livelink objects, the types of the scanned Livelink objects, the estimated level of the risks when migrating the scanned Livelink objects, and the suggestions to reduce the risks.
- **Users and Groups** – Includes the names of all Livelink users and groups.

Managing Filter Policies

In the **Scan Analysis Settings** interface, click **Filter Policy Settings** to go to **Filter Policy** interface. All of the previously configured filter policies are displayed in this interface. You can create, edit, or delete filter policies in this interface.

- **Create** – Creates a new filter policy.
- **Edit** – Edits an existing filter policy.
- **Delete** – Deletes one or more filter policies.

Click **Create** to create a new filter policy. The **Create** interface appears. Configure the following settings:

1. Enter a name for your filter policy in the **Filter Policy Name** text box.
2. Select **Item**, **List**, or **Version** from the drop-down list in the lower-left corner, and then click **Add a Criterion**.
 - **Order** – Double-click the value in the **Order** column, and then you can adjust the order of the filter rules of the same level.
 - **Rule** – Select a rule from the drop-down list in the **Rule** column.
 - **Condition** – Select a condition from the drop-down list in the **Condition** column.
 - **Value** – Specify a value in the **Value** column.
 - **And/Or** – If there are two or more filter rules, click the value in the **And/Or** column, and then you can choose **And** or **Or** from the drop-down list to adjust the logical relationship of the filter rules of the same level.
 - **Delete** – Click the delete () button to delete the specific filter rule.

For more information about filter policy examples, refer to [Filter Policy Examples](#).

3. Click **Save** to save your changes and return to the **Filter Policy** interface or click **Cancel** to return to the **Filter Policy** interface without saving any changes. The newly created filter policy is displayed in the **Filter Policy** interface.

Filter Policy Examples

Refer to the following tables on the examples of the filter policy.

Item Level

Refer to the following table for the filter rules and conditions on the **Item** filter level.

Rule	Condition	Value	Example
Name	Contains	Livelihood	The Livelihood items whose name contains Livelihood will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	Does Not Contain	Livelihood	The Livelihood items whose name does not contain Livelihood will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	Equals	Livelihood	The Livelihood items whose name equals Livelihood will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	Does Not Equal	Livelihood	The Livelihood items whose name does not equal Livelihood will be filtered and included in the filter result.

Rule	Condition	Value	Example
Size	>=	80 KB	The Livelink items whose size are larger than or equal to 80 KB will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	<=	80 KB	The Livelink items whose size are smaller than or equal to 80 KB will be filtered and included in the filter result.
Owner	Contains	user	The Livelink items owned by the user whose name contains user will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	Does Not Contain	user	The Livelink items owned by the user whose name does not contain user will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	Equals	user	The Livelink items owned by the user whose name equals user will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	Does Not Equal	user	The Livelink items owned by the user whose name does not equal user will be filtered and included in the filter result.
Created By	Contains	user	The Livelink items owned by the user whose name contains user will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	Does Not Contain	user	The Livelink items owned by the user whose name does not contain user will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	Equals	user	The Livelink items owned by the user whose name equals user will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	Does Not Equal	user	The Livelink items owned by the user whose name does not equal user will be filtered and included in the filter result.
Metadata: Text	Contains	Livelink	The specified Text attribute of the Livelink items whose values contain Livelink will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	Does Not Contain	Livelink	The specified Text attribute of the Livelink items whose values do not contain Livelink will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	Equals	Livelink	The specified Text attribute of the Livelink items whose values equal Livelink will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	Does Not Equal	Livelink	The specified Text attribute of the Livelink items whose values do not equal Livelink will be filtered and included in the filter result.
Metadata: Number	>=	6	The specified Number attribute of the Livelink items whose values are larger than or equal to 6 will be filtered and included in the filter result.

Rule	Condition	Value	Example
	<=	6	The specified Number attribute of the Livelink items whose values are smaller than or equal to 6 will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	=	6	The specified Number attribute of the Livelink items whose values are equal to 6 will be filtered and included in the filter result.
Metadata: Yes/No	Is Exactly	Yes	The specified Yes/No attribute of the Livelink items whose values are Yes will be filtered and included in the filter result.
Metadata: Date and Time	Before	Wednesday, December 4, 2013 (UTC-08:00)	The specified Date and Time attribute of the Livelink items whose values are before Wednesday, December 4, 2013 (UTC-08:00) will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	After	Wednesday, December 4, 2013 (UTC-08:00)	The specified Date and Time attribute of the Livelink items whose values are after Wednesday, December 4, 2013 (UTC-08:00) will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	Within	5 Days	The specified Date and Time attribute of the Livelink items whose values are within 5 days will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	Older Than	5 Days	The specified Date and Time attribute of the Livelink items whose values are older than 5 days will be filtered and included in the filter result.
Created Time	Before	Wednesday, December 4, 2013 (UTC-08:00)	The Livelink items whose created time is before Wednesday, December 4, 2013 (UTC-08:00) will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	After	Wednesday, December 4, 2013 (UTC-08:00)	The Livelink items whose created time is after Wednesday, December 4, 2013 (UTC-08:00) will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	Within	5 Days	The Livelink items whose created time is within 5 days will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	Older Than	5 Days	The Livelink items whose created time is older than 5 days will be filtered and included in the filter result.
Modified Time	Before	Wednesday, December 4, 2013 (UTC-08:00)	The Livelink items whose modified time is before Wednesday, December 4, 2013 (UTC-08:00) will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	After	Wednesday, December 4, 2013 (UTC-08:00)	The Livelink items whose modified time is after Wednesday, December 4, 2013 (UTC-08:00) will be filtered and included in the filter result.

Rule	Condition	Value	Example
	Within	5 Days	The Livelink items whose modified time is within 5 days will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	Older Than	5 Days	The Livelink items whose modified time is older than 5 days will be filtered and included in the filter result.

List Level

Refer to the following table for the filter rules and conditions on the **List** filter level.

***Note:** The Livelink objects in the lists that are filtered and excluded from the filter result will not be scanned and included in the **Scan Analysis Report**.

Rule	Condition	Value	Example
Name	Contains	Livelink	The Livelink lists whose name contains Livelink will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	Does Not Contain	Livelink	The Livelink lists whose name does not contain Livelink will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	Equals	Livelink	The Livelink lists whose name equals Livelink will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	Does Not Equal	Livelink	The Livelink lists whose name does not equal Livelink will be filtered and included in the filter result.
Description	Contains	Livelink	The Livelink lists whose description contains Livelink will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	Does Not Contain	Livelink	The Livelink lists whose description does not contain Livelink will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	Equals	Livelink	The Livelink lists whose description equals Livelink will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	Does Not Equal	Livelink	The Livelink lists whose description does not equal Livelink will be filtered and included in the filter result.
Created By	Contains	user	The Livelink lists created by the user whose name contains user will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	Does Not Contain	user	The Livelink lists created by the user whose name does not contain user will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	Equals	user	The Livelink lists created by the user whose name equals user will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	Does Not Equal	user	The Livelink lists created by the user whose name does not equal user will be filtered and included in the filter result.
Owned By	Contains	user	The Livelink lists owned by the user whose name contains user will be filtered and included in the filter result.

Rule	Condition	Value	Example
	Does Not Contain	user	The Livelink lists owned by the user whose name does not contain user will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	Equals	user	The Livelink lists owned by the user whose name equals user will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	Does Not Equal	user	The Livelink lists owned by the user whose name does not equal user will be filtered and included in the filter result.
Created Time	Before	Wednesday, December 4, 2013 (UTC-08:00)	The Livelink lists whose created time is before Wednesday, December 4, 2013 (UTC-08:00) will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	After	Wednesday, December 4, 2013 (UTC-08:00)	The Livelink lists whose created time is after Wednesday, December 4, 2013 (UTC-08:00) will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	Within	5 Days	The Livelink lists whose created time is within 5 days will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	Older Than	5 Days	The Livelink lists whose created time is older than 5 days will be filtered and included in the result.
Modified Time	Before	Wednesday, December 4, 2013 (UTC-08:00)	The Livelink lists whose modified time is before Wednesday, December 4, 2013 (UTC-08:00) will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	After	Wednesday, December 4, 2013 (UTC-08:00)	The Livelink lists whose modified time is after Wednesday, December 4, 2013 (UTC-08:00) will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	Within	5 Days	The Livelink lists whose modified time is within 5 days will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	Older Than	5 Days	The Livelink lists whose modified time is older than 5 days will be filtered and included in the filter result.

Version Level

Refer to the following table for the filter rules and conditions on the **Version** filter level.

Rule	Condition	Value	Example
Document Version	Only Latest [] Versions	2	The latest two versions of the Livelink documents will be filtered and included in the filter results.
Compound Document Release	Only Latest [] Versions	2	The latest two Release versions of the Livelink compound documents will be filtered and included in the filter results.
Compound Document Revision	Only Latest [] Versions	2	The latest two Revision versions of the Livelink compound documents will be filtered and included in the filter results.

Configuring Security Mappings

Security Mappings include **Domain Mapping**, **User Mapping**, and **Group Mapping**. Click **Security Mappings** tab to go to the **Security Mappings** interface.

Configuring LDAP Settings

Before configuring the security mappings, you must configure **LDAP Settings** first by completing the following steps:

1. Click the **LDAP Settings** link. The **Configure LDAP Settings** pop-up window appears.
2. In the **Configure LDAP Settings** interface, configure the following settings:
 - **LDAP Path** – Enter the IP address or hostname where the domain controller is installed.
 - **Username** – Enter the username that can access the specific domain controller.
 - **Password** – Enter the corresponding password.
3. Click **Add** to add the LDAP setting, or click **Reset** to empty all of the entered information.
4. After the LDAP settings are successfully saved, it appears in the **Domains** field. Click **Close** to return to the **Security Mappings** interface.

Configuring Domain Mappings

Under the **Domain Mapping** tab of the **Security Mappings** interface, complete the following steps to configure a domain mapping:

1. Select a previously configured Livelink connection from the drop-down list, and then click **Load** to load the source domains.
 - **Source Domain Name** – Displays all of the loaded source domains.
 - **Destination Domain Name** – Displays all of the previously configured LDAP settings.
2. Select a domain from the Source Domain Name column, and then select a domain from the **Destination Domain Name** column.
3. Click **Add** to add the selected source domain and destination domain to the right pane.
4. Click **Export to XML File** to export the domain mappings to a XML file. The user mappings and group mappings configured under the **User Mapping** and **Group Mapping** tabs are also exported to the other two XML files. You can import these XML files to DocAve Manager and use them while running Livelink Migration jobs.

***Note:** To use the exported mapping file to DocAve Manager, you have to store the exported mapping file in the ... \AvePoint\Agent\data\Migrator\LivelinkMigrator directory.

Configuring User Mappings

Under the **User Mapping** tab of the **Security Mappings** interface, complete the following steps to configure a user mapping:

1. Select one or more Livelink domains from the first drop-down list, click **OK**, and then click **Load**. The **Load Source User** pop-up window appears.
2. In the **Load Source User** interface, choose whether or not to use filter rules to filter and load the desired users. If you select the **Use filter rules** checkbox, complete the following steps to configure the filters:
 - a. Click **Add a Criterion** to add a filter rule.
 - b. Select **Login Name**, **Display Name**, **First Name**, or **Last Name** from the drop-down list in the **Rule** column.
 - c. Select **Starts With**, **Contains**, or **By Regex** from the drop-down list in the **Condition** column. For more information, refer to [Filter Rules Examples](#).
 - d. If there are two or more filter rules, select **Add** or **Or** from the drop-down list in the **Add/Or** column to change the logic relationship of rules. You can click the delete (✖) button to delete the specific rule.
 - e. Click **Load** to load the source users according to the filter rules, or click **Cancel** to exit the current page without saving any configurations.
3. Select the previously configured LDAP Settings from the second drop-down list under the **User Mapping** tab, and then click **Load**. The **Load Destination User** interface appears.
 - a. Click **Add a Criterion** to add a filter rule.
 - b. Select **Login Name**, **Display Name**, **First Name**, or **Last Name** from the drop-down list in the **Rule** column.
 - c. Select **Starts With**, **Contains**, or **By Regex** from the drop-down list in the **Condition** column. For more information, refer to [Filter Rules Examples](#).
 - d. If there are two or more filter rules, select **Add** or **Or** from the drop-down list in the **Add/Or** column to change the logic relationship of rules. You can click the delete (✖) button to delete the specific rule.
 - e. Click **Load** to load the destination users according to the filter rules, or click **Cancel** to exit the current page without saving any configurations.
4. You can also click **Add a Destination User** to add a new user.
 - a. In the **Add Users** interface, click **Add** to add a new user.
 - b. Enter the desired username in the text box.
 - c. You can click the delete (✖) button to delete the specific user.
 - d. Click **Save** to save your changes or click **Cancel** to return to the **User Mapping** interface.
5. Select a user from the **Source Username** column.
6. Select a user from the **Destination Username** column.


7. Click **Add** to add the user mapping.
8. If desired, select the **Show default matched users** checkbox to automatically match the source user and the destination user whose name are the same. The automatically matched mappings will be displayed in the right pane.
9. Click **Export to XML File** to export the user mappings to a XML file. The domain mappings and the group mappings configured on the **Domain Mapping** tab and the **Group Mapping** tabs are also exported to the other two XML files. You can import these XML file to DocAve Manager and use them while running Livelink Migration jobs.

***Note:** To use the exported mapping file to DocAve Manager, you have to store the exported mapping file in the ... \AvePoint\Agent\data\Migrator\LivelinkMigrator directory.

Configuring Group Mappings

Under the **Group Mapping** tab of the **Security Mappings** interface, complete the following steps to configure a group mapping:

1. Select one or more Livelink domains from the first drop-down list, click **OK**, and then click **Load**. The **Load Source Group** pop-up window appears.
2. In the **Load Source Group** interface, choose whether or not to use filter rules to filter and load the desired groups. If you select the **Use filter rules** checkbox, complete the following steps to configure the filters:
 - a. Click **Add a Criterion** to add a filter rule.
 - b. Select **Starts With**, **Contains**, or **By Regex** from the drop-down list in the **Condition** column. For more information, refer to [Filter Rules Examples](#).
 - c. If there are two or more filter rules, select **Add** or **Or** from the drop-down list in the **Add/Or** column to change the logic relationship of rules. You can click the delete (✖) button to delete the specific rule.
 - d. Click **Load** to load the source groups according to the filter rules, or click **Cancel** to exit the current page without saving any configurations.
3. Select the previously configured LDAP Settings from the second drop-down list under the **Group Mapping** tab, and then click **Load**. The **Load Destination Group** interface appears.
 - a. Click **Add a Criterion** to add a filter rule.
 - b. Select **Starts With**, **Contains**, or **By Regex** from the drop-down list in the **Condition** column. For more information, refer to [Filter Rules Examples](#).
 - c. If there are two or more filter rules, select **Add** or **Or** from the drop-down list in the **Add/Or** column to change the logic relationship of rules. You can click the delete (✖) button to delete the specific rule.

- d. Click **Load** to load the destination groups according to the filter rules, or click **Cancel** to exit the current page without saving any configurations.
4. You can also click **Add a Destination Group** to add a new group. It will be created in SharePoint after running the Livelink Migration job.
 - a. In the **Add Groups** interface, click **Add** to add a new group.
 - b. Enter the desired group name in the text box.
 - c. You can click the delete () button to delete the specific group.
 - d. Click **Save** to save your changes, or click **Cancel** to return to the **Group Mapping** interface.
5. Select a group from the **Source Group Name** column.
6. Select a user from the **Destination Group Name** column.
7. Click **Add** to add the group mapping.
8. If desired, select the **Show default matched groups** checkbox to automatically match the source group and the destination group whose name are the same. The automatically matched mappings will be displayed in the right pane.
9. Click **Export to XML File** to export the group mappings to a XML file. The domain mappings and the user mappings configured on the **Domain Mapping** tab and the **User Mapping** tabs are also exported to the other two XML files. You can import these XML files to DocAve Manager and use them while running Livelink Migration jobs.

***Note:** To use the exported mapping file to DocAve Manager, you have to store the exported mapping file in the ... \AvePoint\Agent\data\Migrator\LivelinkMigrator directory.

Filter Rules Examples

Refer to the following table for the examples of the filter rules in the **Load Source User** or **Load Destination User** interface.

Rule	Condition	Value	Example
Login Name	Starts With	L	All of the source or destination users whose login name starts with L will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	Contains	L	All of the source or destination users whose login name contains L will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	By Regex	*	All of the source or destination users whose login name begins with T will be filtered and included in the filter result.
Display Name	Starts With	L	All of the source or destination users whose display name starts with L will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	Contains	L	All of the source or destination users whose display name contains L will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	By Regex	t*	All of the source or destination users whose display name begins with t will be filtered and included in the filter result.

Rule	Condition	Value	Example
First Name	Starts With	L	All of the source or destination users whose first name starts with L will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	Contains	L	All of the source or destination users whose first name contains L will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	By Regex	t*	All of the source or destination users whose first name begins with t will be filtered and included in the filter result.
Last Name	Starts With	L	All of the source or destination users whose last name starts with L will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	Contains	L	All of the source or destination users whose last name contains L will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	By Regex	t*	All of the source or destination users whose last name begins with t will be filtered and included in the filter result.

Refer to the following table for the examples of the filter rules in the **Load Source Group** or **Load Destination Group** interface.

Rule	Condition	Value	Example
Group Name	Starts With	L	All of the source or destination groups whose group name starts with L will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	Contains	L	All of the source or destination groups whose group name contains L will be filtered and included in the filter result.
	By Regex	t*	All of the source or destination groups whose group name begins with t will be filtered and included in the filter result.

Configuring Database Inquiry

Use **Database Inquiry** to perform some simple queries on the Livelink database. To access **Database Inquiry**, click **Database Inquiry** tab. The **Database Inquiry** interface appears. Before you start to perform the queries, you must create a database connection by completing the following steps:

1. In the **Database Inquiry** interface, click **Create Database Connection**. The **Create Livelink Database Connection** pop-up window appears.
2. To view the detailed Livelink database information, you can navigate to Livelink Administration > Database Administration > Maintain Current Database, and then enter the appropriate information.

***Note:** Livelink stores all data in the Livelink Database, but DocAve Livelink Migrator can load most of the data by using the API (Application Programming Interface). If you do not configure the Livelink database connection, the following content cannot be migrated.

- Best Bets Value/ Best Bets Expiry
- Poll Results

3. To configure the Livelink Database Connection, enter the obtained information in the corresponding checkboxes of the **Create Livelink Database Connection** interface:

- **Oracle Server** – Select this option if your Livelink database is in the Oracle Server.
 - **Database name** – Enter the obtained **Service Name**.
 - **Schema owner** – Enter the obtained **User Name**.
 - **Username** – Enter the username to access the obtained **Service Name**.
 - **Password** – Enter the corresponding password.
 - **Microsoft SQL Server** – Select this option if your Livelink database is in the Microsoft SQL Server.
 - **Database server name** – Enter the obtained **SQL Server Name**.
 - **Database name** – Enter the obtained **SQL Server Database**.
 - **Schema owner** – Enter the obtained **User Name**.
 - **Username** – Enter the username used to connect to the obtained **SQL Server Name**.
 - **Password** – Enter the corresponding password.
4. Click **Save** to save your configurations, or click **Cancel** to return to the **Database Inquiry** interface without saving any changes.
 5. Select the desired node from the tree.
 6. Enter a SQL statement in the **Enter Database Query** text box.
 7. Click **Query** to execute the entered SQL statement. The query results are shown in the field under the **Query** button.

***Note:** Only the **Select** SQL statement is supported here.

EMC Documentum Migration

In the Migrator Tool main interface, click **EMC Documentum Migration** to start. For EMC Documentum Migration, you can use the migration tool to implement the following functions:

- Scan the source EMC Documentum contents. The contents in the selected nodes will be recorded in the scan report and the contents that match the configured rules will be marked with a comment for your reference.
- Configure the security mappings. This tool can export the configured security mapping settings to XML files and you can import these XML files to DocAve for use in running migration jobs.
- Configure the content type mapping. This tool can export the configured content type mapping settings to an XML file and DocAve can use this XML file in migration jobs.

Configuring EMC Documentum Connection

To use EMC Documentum Migration, you must configure the EMC Documentum connection so that the tool can access the specified repository in EMC Documentum.

1. In the **EMC Documentum Migration** interface, click **EMC Documentum Connection Management**. The **EMC Documentum Connection Management** window appears.
 - **Connection Name** – Enter a name in the text box for the EMC Documentum connection.
 - **Login Name** and **Password** – Enter the user's login name and password for accessing the specified repository.
 - **Repository** – Enter the repository name in the text box. DocAve Agent will connect to the repository you specified here.
 - **Domain** – If the repository is running on the domain-required mode, enter the domain name.
2. When you complete the settings, Click **Save** to validate and save the connection settings, or click **Reset** to reset the connection settings. You can create multiple connections.
3. Close the **EMC Documentum Connection Management** window to return to the **EMC Documentum Migration** interface.
4. Select a previously configured EMC Documentum connection from the **Specify an EMC Documentum Connection** drop-down list. The selected connection appears in the left pane for specifying the scope for future operations.

Specifying Source

To configure content type mapping, security mappings, and scan analysis, you must select the source first by completing the following steps:

1. In the left pane of the **EMC Documentum Migration** interface, expand the selected EMC Documentum connection to load all of the available cabinet nodes.
2. Click on the cabinet nodes to expand the data tree and select your desired nodes.

For the selected nodes, refer to the following sections for details on how to configure the Scan Analysis, Security Mappings and Content Type Mapping.

Performing a Scan Analysis

Scan Analysis is used to scan the source data to determine the potential risks in the EMC Documentum migration job. To configure the scan analysis settings to set the rules and perform the scan, complete the following steps:

1. Click **Scan Analysis** in the right pane to enter the interface for Scan Analysis Settings.

2. Specify a filter policy to filter the desired objects for the scan from the drop-down list, or select **New Filter Policy** to create a new one. If you do not want to use a filter policy, skip this step. You can also click **Filter Policy Settings** to manage all of the filter policies. For more information on managing filter policies, refer to [Managing Filter Policies](#).
3. Configure the scan analysis settings to set the rules.

***Note:** The source contents matching the rules will be marked with a comment in the scan report. For each scan option, select a classification from the **Classification** drop-down list. In the scan report, the contents matching the scan options will be marked with the classification you specified in a Classification column, which helps group the scan results.

- **Blocked file types in SharePoint** – Scan the files with a file type that is blocked in SharePoint. Click **Show Details** to view the blocked types. You can delete or add file types in the list according to your requirements.
- **Character Length** – Scan the contents that exceed the character length limitation. Configure character length limitations for file name, folder name, and SharePoint URL. In SharePoint, the maximum length of SharePoint URL is 260 characters, and the maximum length of file name and folder name is 128 characters.
- **Length of the file name exceeds** – The default value is 80, and the scale you can set is from 1 to 128.
- **Length of the folder name exceeds** – The default value is 60, and the scale you can set is from 1 to 128. If the character length of the file name (consisting of the file name, the period (.), and extension name) exceeds the limitation you set, the extra characters at end of the file name are pruned.
- **Length of the SharePoint URL exceeds** – The default value is 255, and the scale you can set is from 1 to 260. The length of the SharePoint URL is calculated from the first character after the “/” in the managed path.

To check whether the length of the SharePoint URL exceeds the limitation, you must specify the length of your destination SharePoint URL by one of the following methods:

- **Target SharePoint URL** – Enter the URL of the destination SharePoint site.
- **Target SharePoint URL length** – Enter the length of the destination SharePoint site URL. The length of the SharePoint site URL is calculated from the first character after the “/” in the managed path.
- **File size exceeds** – Scan the files whose size exceeds the specified value. Enter the value in the blank text box. The default value is 50 and the unit is MB.
- **Source column value exceeds 255 characters or is before the year 1900** – Scan the items whose column value exceeds 255 characters or is before the year 1900.
- **Illegal characters in folder/file name in SharePoint** – Scan the files and folders whose name contains the illegal characters. Click **Show Details** to view the illegal characters. You can delete or add illegal characters in the list according to your requirements.

- **Folder/File name with illegal postfixes** – Scan the files and folders whose name ends with illegal postfix. For example, if there is a folder named **abc_bylos**, and **_bylos** is the illegal postfix, this folder will be marked with a comment in the scan report. Click **Show Details** to view the illegal postfixes. You can delete or add illegal postfixes in the list according to your requirements.
 - **Folder/File name contains two consecutive periods (..)** – Scan the files and folders whose name contains consecutive periods.
 - **Unsupported Content** – Scan the contents that are not supported for migration, including the nested virtual documents, nested snapshots and the files that meet both of the following criteria:
 - File size is 0 KB.
 - File is required to be exported during the migration
 - **Checked out Files** – Scan the files that are checked out.
 - **Incompatible version numbers** – Scan the file with a version number that is incompatible with the SharePoint version number.
 - **Rendition files** – Scan the rendition files of the source files.
4. Click **Next** to enter the **Scan and Results** page.
 5. Click **Browse** to specify a storage location for the scan analysis report.
 6. Click **Scan** to start scanning.
 7. After the scan is finished, click **View Detailed Report** to view the detailed scan analysis report.

Viewing Scan Analysis Report

Open the generated scan analysis report to check the scan results. There are three sheets in the generated tool report: **Summary**, **Migration Risk Analysis**, and **Users and Groups**.

- **Summary** – Includes the number of the scanned EMC Documentum objects sorted according to the object type, the total size of the scanned EMC Documentum objects, and the estimated migration time to migrate all of the scanned EMC Documentum objects to SharePoint using EMC Documentum migration.
- **Users and Groups** – Includes the names of all of the EMC Documentum users and groups.
- **Migration Risk Analysis** – Includes the URL and name of each scanned EMC Documentum object, the repository and cabinet where the scanned EMC Documentum object resides, the creator, created time, last modifier, last modified time of the scanned EMC Documentum object, whether the scanned EMC Documentum object is checked out, the type, format, and size of the scanned EMC Documentum object, the estimated level of the risks when migrating the scanned EMC Documentum object, and the suggestions to reduce the risks.

Managing Filter Policies

In the **Scan Analysis Settings** interface, click **Filter Policy Settings** to go to **Filter Policy** interface. All of the previously configured filter policies are displayed in this interface. You can create, edit, or delete filter policies in this interface.

- **Create** – Click **Create** on the ribbon to create a new filter policy. For details, refer to [Configuring a Filter Policy](#).
- **Edit** – Select a filter policy and click **Edit** on the ribbon to change the configurations for the selected filter policy.
- **Delete** – Select one or more filter policies and click **Delete** on the ribbon. A confirmation window appears, confirming that you want to proceed with the deletion. Click **OK** to delete the selected filter policies, or click **Cancel** to return to the **Filter Policy** interface without deleting the selected filter policies.

Configuring a Filter Policy

To create a new filter policy, click **New Filter Policy** from the drop-down list in the **Scan Analysis Settings** interface or click **Create** in the **Filter Policy** interface. The **Create** interface appears. Configure the following settings:

1. Enter a name for your filter policy in the **Filter Policy Name** text box.
2. Select **Folder**, or **File** from the drop-down list in the lower-left corner, and then click **Add a Criterion**.
 - **Order** – Double-click the value in the **Order** column, and then you can adjust the order of the filter rules of the same level.
 - **Rule** – Select a rule from the drop-down list in the **Rule** column.
 - **Condition** – Select a condition from the drop-down list in the **Condition** column.
 - **Value** – Specify a value in the **Value** column.
3. After configuring one rule, click **Add a Criterion** to add another rule, or click the delete (✖) button following each rule to delete the rule.
 - If 2 or more rules are configured, determine the logical relationship between the rules at the same level by double-clicking the value in the **And/Or** column following each rule, and choosing **And** or **Or** from the drop-down list.
4. Click **Save** to save your changes and return to the **Filter Policy** interface, or click **Cancel** to return to the **Filter Policy** interface without saving any changes. The newly created filter policy is displayed in the **Filter Policy** interface.

Configuring Security Mapping

Security Mappings include **Domain Mapping**, **User Mapping**, and **Group Mapping**. Click **Security Mappings** in the **EMC Documentum** interface to go to the **Security Mappings** interface.

Configuring LDAP Settings

Before you configure the security mapping, including the domain mapping, group mapping, and user mapping, complete the following steps to configure the LDAP settings first.

1. In the **EMC Documentum Migration** interface, click **LDAP Settings**. The **LDAP Settings** window appears.
2. In the **LDAP Settings** window, configure the following settings:
 - **LDAP Path** – Enter the IP address or host name where the domain controller is installed.
 - **Username** – Enter the username that can access the specific domain controller.
 - **Password** – Enter the corresponding password.
3. Click **Add** to add the LDAP setting, or click **Reset** to empty all of the entered information.
4. After the LDAP settings are successfully saved, it appears in the **Domains** field. Click **Close** to return to the **Security Mappings** interface.

Configuring Domain Mappings

Under the **Domain Mapping** tab of the **Security Mappings** interface, complete the following steps to configure a domain mapping:

1. Select a domain from the **Source Domain Name** column, and then select a domain from the **Destination Domain Name** column.
2. Click **Add** to add the selected source domain and destination domain to the right pane.
3. Click **Export to XML File** to export the domain mappings to a XML file. The user mappings and group mappings configured under the **User Mapping** and **Group Mapping** tabs are also exported to the other two XML files. You can import these XML files to DocAve Manager and use them while running EMC Documentum Migration jobs.

Configuring User Mapping Settings

To map source users to destination users, configure the user mapping settings in the **User Mapping** tab by completing the following steps:

1. Select one or more EMC Documentum domains from the first drop-down list, click **OK**, and then click **Load**. The **Load Source User** pop-up window appears.
2. In the **Load Source User** interface, choose whether or not to use filter rules to filter and load the desired users. If you select the **Use filter rules** checkbox, complete the following steps to configure the filters:

- a. Click **Add a Criterion** to add a filter rule.
 - b. Select **Login Name** or **Display Name** from the drop-down list in the **Rule** column.
 - c. Select **Starts With**, **Contains**, or **By Regex** from the drop-down list in the **Condition** column.
 - d. Enter the **Value** for this rule.
 - e. After configuring one rule, click **Add a Criterion** to add another rule, or click the delete (X) button following each rule to delete it.
 - o If 2 or more rules are configured, select **And** or **Or** from the drop-down list in the **And/Or** column to change the logic relationship between the rules.
 - f. Click **Load** to load the source users according to the filter rules, or click **Cancel** to exit the current page without saving any configurations.
3. Select the previously configured LDAP Settings from the second drop-down list under the **User Mapping** tab, and then click **Load**. The **Load Destination User** interface appears.
 - a. Click **Add a Criterion** to add a filter rule.
 - b. Select **Login Name** or **Display Name** from the drop-down list in the **Rule** column.
 - c. Select **Starts With** or **Contains** from the drop-down list in the **Condition** column.
 - d. Enter the **Value** for this rule.
 - e. After configuring one rule, click **Add a Criterion** to add another rule, or click the delete (X) button following each rule to delete it.
 - o If 2 or more rules are configured, select **And** or **Or** from the drop-down list in the **And/Or** column to change the logic relationship between the rules.
 - f. Click **Load** to load the destination users according to the filter rules, or click **Cancel** to exit the current page without saving any configurations.
 4. You can also click **Add a Destination User** to add a new user. It will be created in SharePoint after running the EMC Documentum Migration job.
 - a. In the **Add Users** interface, click **Add** to add a new user.
 - b. Enter the desired username in the text box.
 - c. You can click the delete (X) button to delete the specific user.
 - d. Click **Save** to save your changes, or click **Cancel** to return to the **User Mapping** interface.
 5. Select a user from the **Source Username** column.
 6. Select a user from the **Destination Username** column.
 7. Click **Add** to add the user mapping.

8. If desired, select the **Show default matched users** checkbox to automatically match the source user and the destination user whose name are the same. The automatically matched mappings will be displayed in the right pane.
9. Click **Export to XML File** to export the user mappings to a XML file. The domain mappings and group mappings configured under the **Domain Mapping** and **Group Mapping** tabs are also exported to the other two XML files. You can import these XML files to DocAve Manager and use them while running EMC Documentum Migration jobs.

Configuring Group Mapping

Under the Group Mapping tab of the EMC Documentum interface, complete the following steps to configure a group mapping:

1. Select one or more EMC Documentum domains from the drop-down list in the left pane, click **OK**, and then click **Load**. The EMC Documentum groups in the selected source domains appear in the **Source Group Name** column.
2. Enter the SharePoint group name in the **Destination Group Name** column at the same row with each of the source eRoom group you want to map to the destination SharePoint nodes.
3. Click **Export to XML File** to export the group mappings to a XML file. The domain mappings and user mappings configured under the **Domain Mapping** and **User Mapping** tabs are also exported to the other two XML files. You can import these XML files to DocAve Manager and use them while running EMC Documentum Migration jobs.

Configuring Content Type Mapping

Configure content type mapping settings to map EMC Documentum types to SharePoint content types. Complete the following steps to configure content type mapping settings:

In the homepage of **EMC Documentum Migration**, click **Content Type Mapping** in the right pane. Then, complete the following steps in the **Content Type Mapping** interface:

1. In the **Folder Types** and **Document Types** fields, select the desired folder types and/or document types that you want to perform the configurations.
2. Click **Next** to go to the **Configure Content Type Mapping** interface.
3. In the left **EMC Documentum Types** field, expand the tree to select a type for configuring content type mappings.
4. The right field displays the information for this type.
 - **Content Type Mapping** – Configure the content type name mapping.
 - **EMC Documentum Folder/Document Type** – Displays the selected type's name.
 - **SharePoint Content Type** – Enter the destination content type name.
 - **Column Mapping** – Configure the column mapping settings.
 - **EMC Documentum Attribute Name** – Displays the source attribute name.

- **SharePoint Column Name** – Enter the destination column name.
 - **SharePoint Column Type** – Select a column type from the drop-down list.
 - **Migrate Column** – Select whether to use this column mapping settings in this content type mapping. Select the checkbox to use it and migrate the source attribute, and uncheck the checkbox to not use it and not migrate the source attribute.
 - **Add To Default View** – Specify whether to add this SharePoint column to the default view by selecting/unchecking the checkbox.
5. Click **Export to XML File** to save the content type mapping settings and generate and export the content type mapping file. By default, this tool generates the **DocumentumMigrationTypeMapping.xml** file in the *...AvePoint\DocAve6\Agent\data\Migrator\DocumentumMigrator\TypeMappings* directory. To make sure DocAve can use this generated mapping settings in migration jobs when the **Use the content type mapping generated by Migrator Tool** option is selected in the DocAve 6 > **EMC Documentum Migration > Profile Settings > Mapping Options > Content Type Mapping** interface, do not move this file to other locations. You can also further edit the content type mapping settings in the exported XML file by selecting the **Manually configure the content type mapping** option in the DocAve 6 > **EMC Documentum Migration > Profile Settings > Mapping Options > Content Type Mapping** interface and uploading the desired XML file.

Discovery Tool

Discovery Tool is used to scan your SharePoint 2007/2010/2013 environment and then generate reports. It can scan different levels from the farm level to the item level and the generated reports contain various kinds of information that can help you have better understanding of your SharePoint environment, and optimize your management of your SharePoint contents. You can also compare the generated reports to find out the differences between different sites.

Requirements

Refer to the following sections for system and farm requirements that must be in place prior to using Discovery Tool.

System Requirements

In order to use the Discovery Tool for SharePoint 2007 and SharePoint 2010, Microsoft .NET Framework 3.5 or later must be installed and configured properly on your machine.

In order to use the Discovery Tool for SharePoint 2013, Microsoft .NET Framework 4.5 or later must be installed and configured properly on your machine.

Permissions Requirements

To use Discovery Tool properly, it must be installed on the Central Administration server or one of the Web front-end servers of a SharePoint 2007/2010/2013 farm. The user who runs Discovery Tool must have the following permissions:

- Local System permissions:
 - Permission of Log on as a batch job (it can be found within Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Local Security Policy > Security Settings > Local Policies > User Rights Assignment)
 - Full Control Permission for Discovery Tool installation directory

If there are no strict limitations within your organization on the permissions that can be applied, you can simply add the user who runs Discovery Tool to the local Administrators group to apply all of the required permissions.

- SharePoint permissions:
 - User is a member of the Farm **Administrators** group
 - Policy for Web Application: **Full Read**

- SQL permissions:
 - The **db_owner** database role in all of the databases related with SharePoint, including Content Databases, Configuration Database, and Central Admin Database

Accessing Discovery Tool

To access the Discovery Tool and leverage its functionalities, complete the following steps:

1. Go to the installation directory of DocAve Agent, and browse to ...*\AvePoint\DocAve6\Agent\bin*.
2. To start the tool, double-click **DiscoveryTool.exe** (for SharePoint 2007 and SharePoint 2010) or **SP2013DiscoveryTool.exe** according to your SharePoint environment.

User Interface Overview

When you launch the Discovery Tool, user interface launches with the following sections. Refer to [Figure 19](#) for a visual representation of the sections.

- **Farm Information** – Use this section to collect the farm information, such as farm topology information, configuration information, Web application information, and content database information, to analyze the farm environment and structure better.
- **Applications & Settings** – Use this section to collect the content information, such as structure details, site collection information, custom template information, and custom Web part information, to analyze the content in the selected nodes.

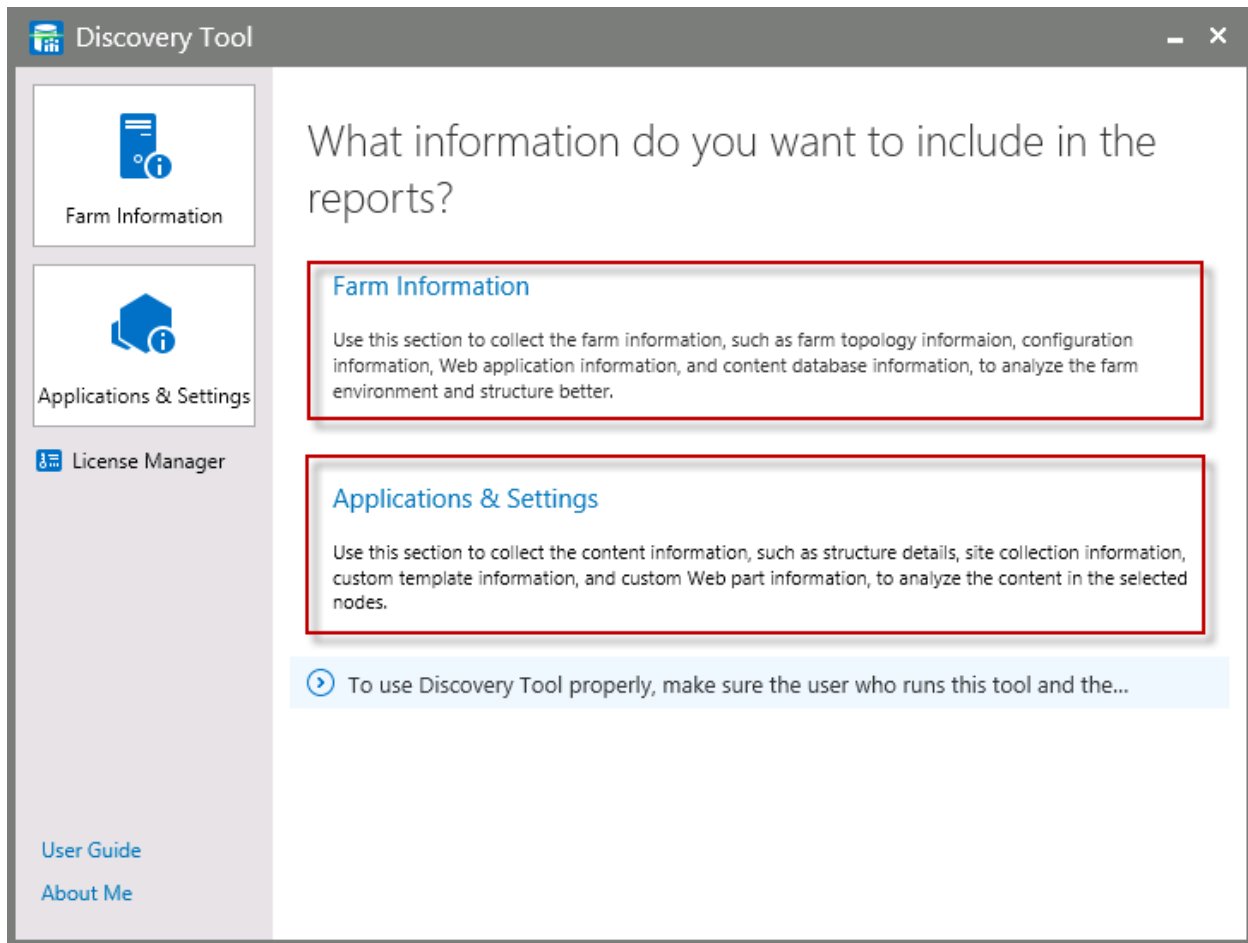


Figure 19: The Discovery Tool launch window.

Discovery Tool Functions

Refer to the following sections for details about the provided functions.

Farm Information

To generate reports on the farm information, refer to the following steps:

1. Click the **Farm Information** (📄) button on the navigation or the **Farm Information** link on the right pane of the **Discovery Tool** interface.
2. In the **Scan Settings** step, configure the scan settings to scan the information that you want to generate reports. There are seven types of information that you can select to scan.
 - **Farm Topology** – Select this checkbox to collect the farm topology information.
 - **Web Application Information** – Select this checkbox to collect the Web applications' information in the farm.

- **Content Database** – Select this checkbox to collect all of the content databases' information in the farm.
- **Solution Information** – Select this checkbox to collect all of the farm solutions' information.
- **IIS Application Information** – Select this checkbox to collect the information of the files in the IIS bin folder and GAC folder that are created by IIS applications.
- **Master Page** – Select this checkbox to collect the custom master pages' information in the farm.
- **Language Information** – Select this checkbox to collect the language information for all of the servers in the farm.

Click **Select All** to select all of the checkboxes, or click **Clear All** to deselect all of the checkboxes. By default, the checkboxes are all selected.

3. Click **Next** to go to the next step.

4. In the **Report Location** step, configure the following settings:

- **How would you like to generate the report?** – Specify the method to generate the reports.
 - **CSV** – Use this option to store the collected information into CSV files. You can specify a report location for the CSV files.
 - **Database** – Use this option to store the collected information to a specified database.
 - **Database Server** – Enter the database server where the database you want to store the collected information.
 - **Database Name** – Enter the name of the database where you want to store the collected information.
 - **Authentication Mode** – Specify an authentication mode. You can select the **Windows Authentication** or **SQL Authentication**.
 - **Account** – Enter the account that has the **db_owner** permission to the specified database.
 - **Password** – Enter the password for the account above.

You can also validate the SQL database account by clicking **Validation Test**.

- **Report Location** – Specify a location to store the reports. The default location is the **bin** folder of the current tool's directory. To change another location, click **Change Location**, select the desired location, and click **OK** to save the new location.

***Note:** This field is displayed only when you select the **CSV** option above.

5. Click **Generate** to generate the reports on the selected types of information, or click **Back** to modify the scan settings.

6. When the reports are generated successfully, you can do the following things:


- Click the **Click Here** link to go to the report location directory.

The reports are stored in the folder named **Date_Time**. For detailed information on the reports, refer to the [Reports](#) section.

- Click the **Home Page** link to go the home page of Discovery Tool.

Applications & Settings

To generate reports on the applications and settings on the selected nodes, follow the instructions below:

1. Click the **Applications & Settings** () button on the navigation or the **Applications & Settings** link on the right pane of the **Discovery Tool** interface.
2. In the **Node Selection** step, click the farm to load nodes under it. Select the nodes that you want to scan by selecting the corresponding checkboxes.
3. In the **Scan Settings** step, configure the scan settings to scan the information that you want to generate reports. There are four types of settings that you can select to scan.
 - **General Statistics** – Configure the settings in this tab to collect general statistics.
 - **Web Application Information** – Select this checkbox to collect all of the Web applications' information in the selected nodes.
 - **Content Database** – Select this checkbox to collect all of the content databases' information in the selected nodes.
 - **Site Collection Information** – Select this checkbox to collect all of the site collections' information in the selected nodes.
 - **Site Information** – Select this checkbox to collect all of the sites' information in the selected nodes.
 - **List Information** – Select this checkbox to collect all of the lists' information in the selected nodes.
 - **Site Statistic Information** – Select this checkbox to collect the statistic information of the sites in the selected nodes.
 - **Checked Out Document** – Select this checkbox to collect all of the checked out documents' information in the selected nodes.
 - **Configuration** – Configure the settings in this tab to collect configuration information.
 - **Lookup Column** – Select this checkbox to collect all of the lookup columns' information in the selected nodes.
 - **Workflow** – Select this checkbox to collect all of the workflows' information in the selected nodes.

- **Alert** – Select this checkbox to collect the list/item level alerts' information in the selected nodes.
- **Page Basic Information** – Select this checkbox to collect all of the master pages' information in the selected nodes.
 - **Master Page** – Select this checkbox to collect all of the master pages' information in the selected nodes.
 - **Page Layout** – Select this checkbox to collect all of the page layouts' information in the selected nodes.
 - **Pages and Site Pages Libraries** – Select this checkbox to collect the page controls' information in the Pages and Site Pages libraries of the selected nodes.
 - **All Libraries and Lists** – Select this checkbox to collect the page controls' information in the form pages of the selected nodes.
 - **Form Page** – Select this checkbox to collect the page controls' information in the form pages of the selected nodes.
 - **View** – Select this checkbox to collect the page controls' information of in the views of the selected nodes.
- **Customization** – Configure the settings in this tab to collect customized information.
 - **Feature** – Select this checkbox to collect the custom and activated features' information in the selected nodes.
 - **Web Part** – Select this checkbox to collect the information of the custom Web parts and the SharePoint built-in Web parts that are not supported by DocAve in the selected nodes.
 - **Master Page** – Select this checkbox to collect the custom master pages' information in the selected nodes.
 - **Content Type** – Select this checkbox to collect the custom content types' information in the selected nodes.
 - **Column Type** – Select this checkbox to collect the custom column types' information in the selected nodes.
 - **Site Template** – Select this checkbox to collect the custom site templates' information in the selected nodes and in farm level.
 - **List Template** – Select this checkbox to collect the custom list templates' information in the selected nodes.
 - **List View** – Select this checkbox to collect the custom list views' information in the selected nodes.
 - **Event Receiver** – Select this checkbox to collect the custom event receivers' information in the selected nodes.

- **Advanced** – Configure the settings in this tab to collect compare information, last accessed information, and structure details.
 - **Compare Information** – Select this checkbox to collect the (site collections), sites, lists, items, content types, and columns' basic information of the selected nodes.
 - **Last Accessed Information** – Select this checkbox to collect the last accessed information of the objects that have configured the audit settings in the selected nodes.
 - **Structure Details** – Select this checkbox to collect the structure information of the selected nodes.
 - **Export the site where the item count is greater than** – Select this checkbox to collect the information of the site where the item count is greater than the specified value. The default value is **2000**.
 - **Export the list whose last modified date is in** – Select this checkbox to collect the information of the list whose last modified date is in the specified time period.
 - **Export the list whose created date is in** – Select this checkbox to collect the information of the list whose created date is in the specified time period.
 - **Export the site where the version count of items is greater than** – Select this checkbox to collect the information of the site where the version count of items is greater than the specified value. The default value is **100**.
 - **Export the item whose URL length is greater than** – Select this checkbox to collect the information of the item whose URL has more characters than the specified value. The default value is **200**.
- 4. In the **Report Location** step, specify the method you want to store the collected information. For detailed information on the configuration in this step, refer to the step 4 in the [Farm Information](#) section.
- 5. Click **Generate** to generate the reports on the selected types of information, or click **Back** to modify the scan settings.
- 6. When the reports are generated successfully, you can do the following things:
 - Click the **Click Here** link to go to the report location directory.
The reports are stored in the folder named **Date_Time**. For detailed information on the reports, refer to the [Reports](#) section.
 - Click the **Home Page** link to go the home page of Discovery Tool.

License Manager

Click **License Manager** on the navigation. The **License Manager** interface appears and displays the current license information in the **License Details** field. The **Status**, **Server Host\IP**, and **Expiration Time** of the current license are displayed.

If the current license has expired or does not work, you can apply a new license. Refer to the following steps to apply a new license.

1. In the **License Manager** interface, click **Browse**.
2. Select a new license file and click **Open**.
3. The details of the new license are displayed.
4. Click **Apply** to apply the new license, or click **Cancel** to cancel changes.

User Guide

Click **User Guide** on the navigation. The user guide of Discovery Tool will pop up. You can view detailed information on Discovery Tool in the guide.

About Me

Click **About Me** on the navigation. The detailed information on the Discovery Tool version is displayed in the pop-up window. You can also go to the AvePoint Official Website directly by clicking the link on the lower pane of the window.

Reports

The reports will be generated in the same directory as the tool. The folder name of the reports is **Date_Time** (for example, **20140107_150101**).

In the report folder, there is one report named **Discovery Tool Summary Report** that collects the basic reports and gives the corresponding descriptions and recommendations, one report named **Job Information Report** that collects the information on the job that generates the reports, and different folders to store different kinds of reports.

- If you collect the farm information, the **Farm Information Reports** folder will be generated in the report folder.
- If you collect the applications and settings information, the **General Statistics Reports**, **Configuration Reports**, **Customization Reports**, and **Advanced Reports** folders will be generated in the report folder.

Refer to the following tables for detailed information on each report.

Discovery Tool Summary Report

In the **Discovery Tool Summary Report.xlsx** report, the following reports are listed:

- Alert Information Report
- Custom Column Type Information Report
- Custom Content Type Information Report
- Custom Feature Information Report
- Custom List Template Information Report
- Custom Master Page Information Report
- Custom Site Template Information Report
- Custom Web Part Information Report
- List Information Report
- Lookup Column Information Report
- Site Collection Information Report
- Site Information Report
- Site Level Web Application Information Report
- Workflow Information Report

Click each report to open the report directly. You can also view the description, type, count, and recommendation for each report.

Job Information Report

In the **Job Information Report.csv** report, you can view the **Job ID**, **Job Settings**, **Start Time**, and **Finish Time** of the job that generates this report.

Farm Information Reports

In the **Farm Information Reports** folder, the following reports listed in the **File Name** column below can be generated depending on the checkboxes you select in the panel. For each checkbox you select, a .csv file of the same name will be generated.

File Name	Content (Column Name)
Farm Topology Information Report.csv	Job ID, Server, Version, Service, Status Version – Microsoft SharePoint Foundation version of the server farm. Status – The status of the corresponding service on the server: Started or Stopped .

File Name	Content (Column Name)
Web Application Information Report.csv	Job ID, Web Application Name, Authentication, Database Count, Total Size (GB), Site Collection Count, Site Count, List Count, User Count
Content Database Information Report.csv	Job ID, Web Application Name, Database Version, Database ID, Database Name, Database Size (MB), Site Collection Count
Solution Information Report.csv	Job ID, Solution ID, Solution Name, Deployed Level, Web Application Name, Deployed To
IIS Application Information Report.csv	Job ID, Physical Path, Assembly, Assembly Type
Master Page Information Report.csv	Job ID, Page URL
Language Information Report.csv	Job ID, Farm Name, Configuration Database Version, SharePoint MOSS Status, Service Pack, Server Language LCID, Server Language Pack

General Statistics Reports

In the **General Statistics Reports** folder, the following reports listed in the **File Name** column in the table can be generated depending on the checkboxes you selected in the panel. For each checkbox you selected, a .csv file of the same name will be generated.

File Name	Content (Column Name)
Site Level Web Application Information Report.csv	Job ID, Web Application Name, Web Application ID, Web Application URL
Site Level Content Database Information Report.csv	Job ID, Web Application Name, Web Application ID, Database ID, Database Name
Site Collection Information Report.csv	Job ID, Web Application ID, Web Application Name, Database ID, Content Database, Site Collection URL, Site Collection ID, Size (MB), Net Size (MB), Site Count, Last Accessed Time, Time Zone, Group Count, User Count
Site Information Report.csv	Job ID, Site Collection ID, Parent Site ID, Site ID, Site URL, Top Level Site, Theme, Last Modified Time, Time Zone, Net Size (MB), List Count, Template Title, Customization, Template Location, Template Description, Template Name, Template ID
List Information Report.csv	Job ID, Site ID, List URL, List Title, List ID, Template Title, Template ID, Customization, Template Feature ID, Template Description, Template Category
Site Statistic Information Report.csv	Job ID, Site Collection ID, Parent Site ID, Site URL, Document Size (MB), Total Document Size (includes the documents deleted to the Recycle Bin), Version Size (MB), Total Version Size (includes the versions deleted to the Recycle Bin), Item Size (MB), Total Item Size (includes the items deleted to the Recycle Bin), Total Size (MB), Total Size (includes the content deleted to the Recycle Bin), Document Count, Checked Out Document Count
Checked Out Document Information Report.csv	Job ID, Document URL, Checked Out User, UI Version, Version

Configuration Reports

In the **Configuration Reports** folder, the following reports listed in the **File Name** column in the table can be generated depending on the checkboxes you selected in the panel. For each checkbox you selected, a .csv file will be generated.

***Note:** Once the **Page Basic Information** checkbox is selected, the **Welcome Page Information Report** will be generated. Once one of the following checkboxes is selected, the page control information in the corresponding scope of the selected nodes will be collected to the **Page Control Information Report: Master Page, Page Layout, Pages and Site Pages Libraries, All Libraries and Lists, Form Page, and View.**

File Name	Content (Column Name)
Lookup Column Information Report.csv	Job ID, Site URL, Scope, List Title, Column Name, Internal Name, Lookup Site URL, Lookup List Title, Lookup Column Name
Workflow Information Report.csv	Job ID, Object URL, Type, List Title, Workflow Name, Workflow Template, Task List Title, History List Title, Instance Count, Assembly, Classification, Feature ID
Alert Information Report.csv	Job ID, Alert ID, List URL, Alert Title, Item Title, Alert Type, Status, User Name, Alert Template
Page Control Information Report.csv	Job ID, Page Control ID, Page URL, Web Part Count, Web Part Type, Web Part Zone ID, Control Count, Control Type
Welcome Page Information Report.csv	Job ID, Welcome Page URL, Page Layout, Master Page

Customization Reports

In the **Customization Reports** folder, the following reports listed in the **File Name** column in the table can be generated depending on the checkboxes you selected in the panel. For each checkbox you selected, a .csv file of the same name will be generated.

File Name	Content (Column Name)
Custom Feature Information Report.csv	Job ID, Object URL, Scope, Status, Feature ID, Feature Name, Feature Location, Solution Name, Solution ID, Dependent Feature ID Dependent Feature ID – The ID of the feature on which the custom feature relies.
Custom Web Part Information Report.csv	Job ID, Site URL, Web Part ID, Web Part URL, Type, Type ID, Zone, Classification, Assembly, Web Part Location, Base Class, Template Name, Feature ID
Custom Master Page Information Report.csv	Job ID, Page URL, Site URL
Custom Content Type Information Report.csv	Job ID, Object URL, Content Type Name, Content Type ID, Content Type Level, Feature ID
Custom Column Type Information Report.csv	Job ID, Column Name, Column ID, Object URL, Scope, Column Type Class, Column Type Name Column Type Class – The full name of the class that defines the logic of the column type.

File Name	Content (Column Name)
Custom Site Template Information Report.csv	Job ID, Site URL, LCID, Template ID, Template Name, Template Description, Template Title, Template Location
Custom List Template Information Report.csv	Job ID, Site URL, Base Type, Template Name, Template ID, Feature ID, Template Description, Template Category
Custom List View Information Report.csv	Job ID, Site URL, View URL, View Name, Base View ID Base View ID – The value that specifies the base view identifier of the list view.
Custom Event Receiver Information Report.csv	Job ID, ID, Site URL, Object, Event Receiver Type, Action Type, Description

Advanced Reports

In the **Advanced Reports** folder, the following reports listed in the **File Name** column in the table can be generated when selecting the corresponding checkbox in the panel.

***Note:** Configuring settings for the **Export the list whose last modified date is in** and **Export the list whose created date is in** fields will generate the **Modification Data Information Report**.

File Name	Content(Column Name)
Last Accessed Information Report.csv	Job ID, Site Collection URL, Item Count, Item Size (MB)
Structure Details Report.csv	Job ID, Object URL, Type, Item Count, Item Count (includes system items), Version Count, Item Size (KB), Last Modified Time, Modified By, Extension
Item Count Warning Report.csv	Job ID, Site ID, Site URL, Item Count
Modification Date Information Report.csv	Job ID, Site URL, List Title, Created Time, Last Modified Time, Item Count, Item Size (Byte)
Version Count Warning Report.csv	Job ID, Site ID, Site URL, Folder Path, Item Title, Version Count
URL Length Warning Report.csv	Job ID, Web Application URL, Object URL, ID, URL Length

Compare Information Report

In the **Compare Information Report** folder, the following report listed in the **File Name** column in the table can be generated when selecting the **Compare Information** checkbox in the panel.

File Name	Content(Column Name)
Compare Information Report.txt	Site Collection Information, Sub Site Information, List Information, Item Information

Compare Information Report Settings

In the ...\\data\\SP2010\\DiscoveryTool directory of the extracted folder, many XML files are provided. You can configure the XML files to configure settings for the Compare Information Report.

By configuring the **SP2010DiscoveryToolReportSetting.xml** file, you can specify the report type for the Compare Information Report, specify whether to include the specified lists in the report, and whether to include built-in columns in the report.

By configuring the **SP2010DiscoveryToolMetadataControl.xml** file, you can specify whether to include all of the column information of items in the selected nodes or just include the specified columns' information.

By configuring the **SP2010DiscoveryToolListControl.xml** file, you can specify whether to include the information of all of the lists in the selected nodes or just include the specified lists' information.

Report Settings

Before generating the reports, you can select whether to modify the **SP2010DiscoveryToolReportSetting.xml** file to configure the settings for the Compare Information Report.

1. Open the **SP2010DiscoveryToolReportSetting.xml** file with Notepad.
2. Find the **<CompareReportSetting>** node to configure the report settings.
 - **reportType** – Use this parameter to specify the report format. You have three options: **TXT**, **XML**, and **CSV**. The default value is **TXT**.
***Note:** The Compare Information Report does not support to be stored in the database.
 - **filterList** – It is used to select whether to filter specified lists in the report or exclude them from the report. If the value of the **filterList** attribute is **TRUE**, the following lists' information will be excluded from the report. If its value is **FALSE**, the following lists' information will be included in the report.
***Note:** The content in the **FilterList** node cannot be modified.
 - **getCustomFields** – Choose whether or not to include the built-in columns in the report.
 - **TRUE** – Set the **TRUE** value to obtain the custom column value and display them in the report. The value of the built-in columns will be excluded from the report.
 - **FALSE** – Set the **FALSE** value to obtain all of the columns values including the custom column and the built-in columns.
3. Save the modifications to this file and close it.

Metadata Settings

The Metadata Settings feature is used to include the metadata information for the specified columns when generating the comparison information.

By default, when you select the **Compare Information** checkbox, only the Modified Time, Created Time, Modified By, and Created By properties will be included in the **Item Information** section in the Compare Information Report. If you want to compare more information of the items, you can add the column names of the items into the **SP2010DiscoveryToolMetadataControl.xml** file. Follow the steps below to configure the settings:

1. Open the **SP2010DiscoveryToolMetadataControl.xml** file with Notepad.
2. Find the **<MetadataControl key="AllDataOutput" value="False">** node.
 - If you want to compare all of the column information of the items, modify the value of the **value** attribute to **True**.
 - **True** represents to output all of the column values.
 - If you want to compare the specified metadata, modify the value of the **value** attribute to **False**.
 - **False** represents to output the values only for the columns under the **<MetadataControl key="AllDataOutput" value="False">** node.
 - To add more columns, add the **<add key="MetadataTitle" value=""/>** node under the **<MetadataControl key="AllDataOutput" value="False">** node. Enter the column name as the value of the **value** attribute.
3. Save the modifications made to this file and close it.

After the configuration completes, generate a report and find the report in the **Compare Information** folder in the report folders. The added columns' metadata will be displayed in the **Item Information** section in the generated report.

List Settings

The List Information Settings feature is used to include the information for the specified lists when generating the comparison information.

1. Open the **SP2010DiscoveryToolListControl.xml** file with Notepad.
2. Find the **<ListControl key="AllDataOutput" value="true" >** node.
 - If you set the **true** value, all of the lists within the selected nodes will be displayed in the Compare Information Report.
 - If you set the **false** value, specify the desired lists in the **<add key="ListInfo" value="" />** node. Enter either the list name or the list URL as the value of the **value** attribute.
3. Save the modifications made to this file and close it.

After the configuration completes, generate reports and find the report in the **Compare Information Report** folder in the report folders. The information of the specified lists will be displayed in the **List Information** section in the generated report.

Comparing the Reports

After configuring the settings, select the source/destination node and select the **Compare Information** checkbox to generate the compare information report. After the **Compare Information Report.txt** files are generated, find them in the **Compare Information Report** folder in the report folders. You can compare the information from the two files by using a third-party file comparison tool. For example, you could use **WinMerge** to find the differences as shown below.

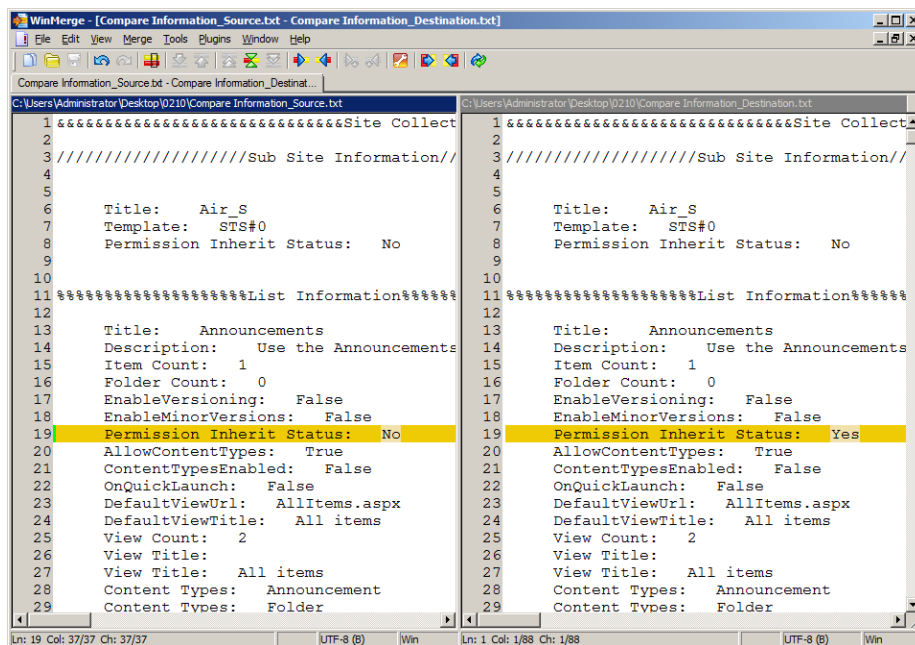


Figure 20: Use a third-party file comparison tool.

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